

M1.(a) Cytosine with Guanine and (Adenine) with Uracil;
Ignore G, C and U

1

(b) Two reasons, with suitable amplification;;

Q

Only infected cells have HIV protein on surface;

So carrier only attaches to / specific to these cells / siRNA can only enter these cells;

OR

siRNA (base sequence) complementary / specific to one mRNA;

Accept idea of specificity

Only infected cells contain mRNA of HIV / this gene / stops translation of this gene / only binds to this mRNA / destroys this mRNA;

Accept could not inhibit other / non-HIV mRNA

4 max

(c) 1. Carrier binds to (protein on) HIV;

1. Accept references to HIV membrane

2. Prevents HIV / it binding to (receptor on human) cell;

2. Reject references to binding to HIV protein on human cell

2

[7]

M2.(a) RNA polymerase;

DNA polymerase is incorrect

Ignore references to RNA dependent or DNA dependent

Allow phonetic spelling

1

(b) (i) (Receptor / transcription factor) binds to promoter which stimulates RNA

	polymerase / enzyme X;		
	Transcribes gene / increase transcription;		2
(ii)	Other cells do not have the / oestrogen / ER α receptors; <i>But do not accept receptors in general.</i>		1
(c)	Similar shape to oestrogen;		
	Binds receptor / prevents oestrogen binding;		
	Receptor not activated / will not attach to promoter / no transcription;		
	<i>Accept alternative Complementary to oestrogen; Binds to oestrogen; Will not fit receptor;</i>		
		2 max	[6]
M3.	(a) No cadmium; <u>Other conditions same</u> as cadmium-treated group;		2
(b)	(i) As a measure of the effect due to cadmium / to make a comparison;		1
	(ii) Becoming more methylated; <i>Ignore later slight decrease/no change</i>		1
	(iii) Production of more methyltransferase enzyme / increased activity of transferase; <i>Extra <u>incorrect</u> relevant information - cancel</i>		1
(c)	RNA-polymerase could not bind (to DNA / to promoter);mRNA of p16 could not be made / no transcription of p16 gene;		2

- (d) Any four from: 1. Cadmium causes expression of methyltransferase gene / increased activity transferase (from 2 to 3 weeks in); 2. Methyl groups on to promoter / p16 gene / suppressor (gene); 3. (p16) normally suppresses tumour growth; 4. p16 protein / p16 expression falls after 4 weeks / after methylation; 5. Tumour formation occurs (after 10 weeks) after p16 falls / after suppressor gene activity falls;

4 max

[11]

M4. Essay Using DNA in science and technology

DNA and classification

2.2 Structure of DNA

2.3 Differences in DNA lead to genetic diversity

2.9 Comparison of DNA base sequences

Genetic engineering and making useful substances

2.5 Plasmids

5.8 The use of recombinant DNA to produce transformed organisms that benefit humans

Other uses of DNA

2.5 Cell cycle and treatment of cancer

5.8 Gene therapy;

Medical diagnosis and the treatment of human disease;

The use of DNA probes to screen patients for clinically important genes.