

- M1.(a) (i) Green
Ignore shades of green. 1
- (ii) Excess acidified potassium dichromate(VI) 1
- Reflux (for some time) 1
- In the diagram credit should be given for
- a vertical condenser
Lose M3 and M4 for a distillation apparatus. 1
 - an apparatus which would clearly work
*Do not allow this mark for a flask drawn on its own.
Penalise diagrams where the apparatus is sealed.* 1
- (iii) Distillation 1
- Immediately (the reagents are mixed) 1
- (b) Keep away from naked flames
*Allow heat with water-bath or heating mantle.
If a list is given ignore eye protection, otherwise lose this mark.* 1

(c) (i) Tollens' or Fehling's reagents
Incorrect reagent(s) loses both marks.
Accept mis-spellings if meaning is clear. 1

Silver mirror / red ppt. formed
Accept 'blue to red' but not 'red' alone. 1

(ii) Sodium carbonate (solution) / Group II metal
Allow indicator solutions with appropriate colours.
Accept any named carbonate or hydrogen carbonate. 1

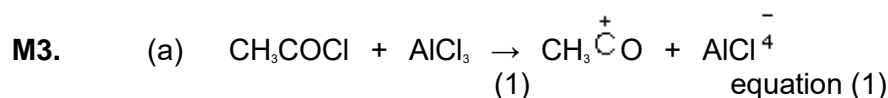
Effervescence / evolves a gas
Accept 'fizzes'. 1

(d) Propanoic acid
If this mark is lost allow one mark if there is reference to stronger intermolecular forces in the named compound.
Lose M1 and M3. 1

Contains hydrogen bonding 1

Some comparison with other compounds explaining that the intermolecular forces are stronger in propanoic acid 1 [15]

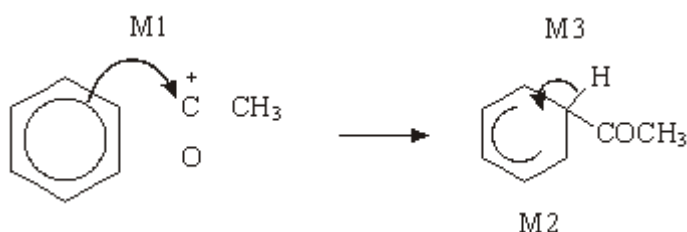
M2.D [1]



2

penalise wrong alkyl group once at first error
 position of + on electrophile can be on O or C or outside []
 penalise wrong curly arrow in the equation or lone pair on AlCl_3 else ignore

Electrophilic substitution
 NOT F/C acylation



1

horseshoe must not extend beyond C2 to C6 but can be smaller

+ not too close to C1

M3 arrow into hexagon unless Kekule

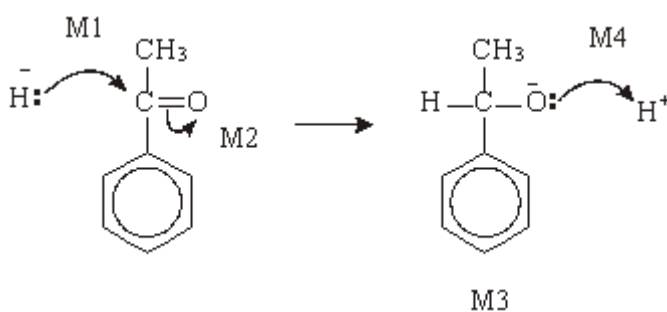
allow M3 arrow independent of M2 structure

M1 arrow from within hexagon to C or to + on C

+ must be on C of $\overset{+}{\text{R}}\text{CO}$

3

(b) Nucleophilic addition
 NOT reduction



1

M2 not allowed independent, but can allow M1 for attack of H on C+ formed

4

1-phenylethan(-1-ol) or (1-hydroxyethyl)benzene

1

(c) dehydration or elimination

1

(conc) H_2SO_4 or (conc) H_3PO_4

allow dilute and Al_2O_3

Do not allow iron oxides

1

[14]

M4. (a) (i) $\text{C}_6\text{H}_6 + \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{COCl} \rightarrow \text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{COCH}_2\text{CH}_3 + \text{HCl}$

OR

$\text{C}_6\text{H}_6 + \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CO}^+ \rightarrow \text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{COCH}_2\text{CH}_3 + \text{H}^+$

allow C_2H_5

penalise $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5-\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CO}$

allow + on C or O in equation

1

Phenylpropanone

OR ethylphenylketone **OR** phenylethylketone

Ignore 1 in formula, but penalise other numbers

1

AlCl_3

can score in equation

1

$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{COCl} + \text{AlCl}_3 \rightarrow \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CO}^+ + \text{AlCl}_4^-$

allow C_2H_5

allow + on C or O in equation

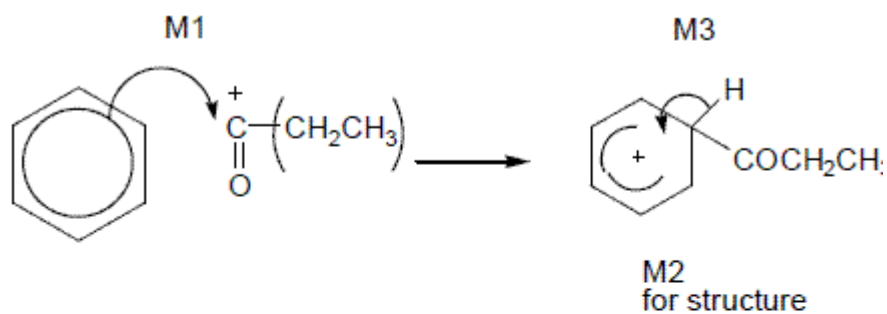
1

$\text{AlCl}_4^- + \text{H}^+ \rightarrow \text{AlCl}_3 + \text{HCl}$

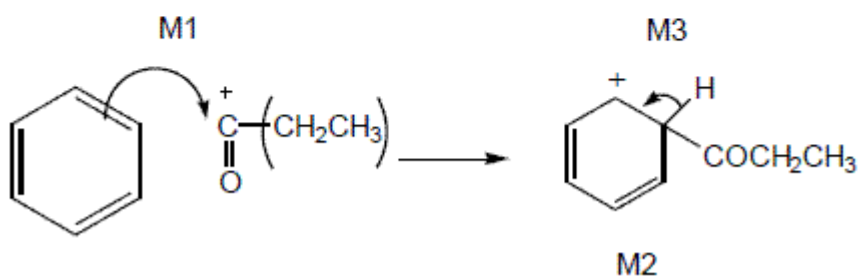
1

- (ii) electrophilic substitution
can allow in (a)(i) if no contradiction

1



OR



*M1 arrow from circle or within it to C or to + on C
 horseshoe must not extend beyond C2 to C6 but can be smaller*

+ not too close to C1

M2 penalise C₆H₅-CH₃CH₂CO (even if already penalized in (a)(i))

*M3 arrow into hexagon unless Kekule
 allow M3 arrow independent of M2 structure
 ignore base removing H in M3*

3

- (b) (i) $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CHO} + \text{HCN} \rightarrow \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}(\text{OH})\text{CN}$ OR $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{CH}(\text{OH})\text{CN}$
aldehyde must be -CHO brackets optional

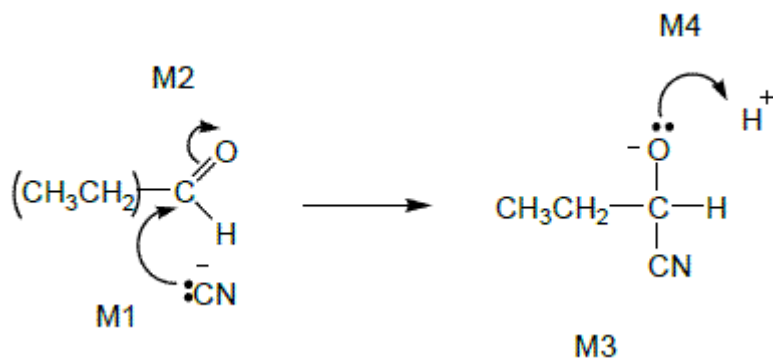
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2-hydroxybutanenitrile OR 2-hydroxybutanenitrile
no others

1

- (ii) nucleophilic addition

1



M1 includes lp and arrow to Carbonyl C and minus charge (on either C or N)
 Not allow M2 before M1, but allow M1 to C⁺ after non-scoring carbonyl arrow
 Ignore δ⁺, δ⁻ on carbonyl group, but if wrong way round or full + charge on C lose M2
 M3 for correct structure including minus sign. Allow C₂H₅
 M4 for lp and curly arrow to H⁺

4

(iii) (propanone) slower **OR** propanal faster

1

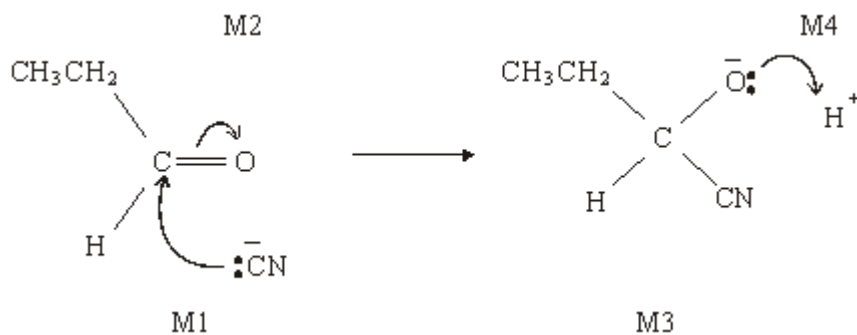
inductive effects of alkyl groups
OR
 C of C=O less δ⁺ in propanone
OR
 alkyl groups in ketone hinder attack
OR
 easier to attack at end of chain
if wrong, no further marks

1

[18]

M5. (a) nucleophilic addition

1

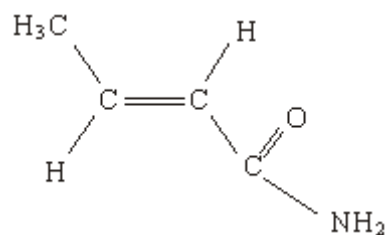


4

(b) (i) 2-hydroxybutanenitrile

1

(ii)

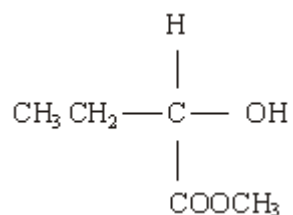


(allow 1 for amide even if not C_4H_7NO , i.e. $RCONH_2$)

(if not amide, allow one for any isomer of C_4H_7NO which shows geometric isomerism)

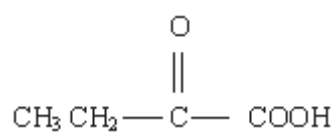
2

(c) (i)



1

(ii)



1

(iii) $CH_3CH=CHCOOH$

1

