Q1.Consider the reaction between propene and hydrogen bromide to form the major product.
Which species is formed in the mechanism of this reaction?

- A CH₃-C⁺H-CH₂Br
- B CH₃−CHBr−C⁺H₂
- C CH₃-C⁺H-CH₃
- **D** CH₃-CH₂-C⁺H₂

(Total 1 mark)

Q2.Which statement about *E*-1,2-dichloroethene is correct?

- A It has the same boiling point as *Z*-1,2-dichloroethene.
- B It forms a polymer with the same repeating unit as Z-1,2-dichloroethene.
- C It has the same IR spectrum as Z-1,2-dichloroethene in the range 400–1500 cm⁻¹.
- D It has a molecular ion peak different from that of Z-1,2-dichloroethene in its mass spectrum.

A B C	C=C bond. It reacts with HBr	ic isomers because there is free rotation around the in a nucleophilic addition reaction. Expression to produce carbon dioxide and water.	0				
D		vice as strong as the C–C bond in ethane.					
				(Total 1 mark)			
Q4.What is the major product of the reaction between but-1-ene and DBr? (D is deuterium and represents ² H)							
Α	CH ₂ DCH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ Br	0					
В	CH ₂ DCH ₂ CHBrCH ₃	0					
С	CH ₃ CH ₂ CHBrCH ₂ D	0					
С	CH ₃ CH ₂ CHDCH ₂ Br	0		(Total 1 mark)			

Q3.Which statement about ethene is correct?

Q5. Which one of the following is not a correct statement about vitamin C, shown below?

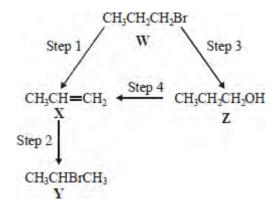
- **A** It is a cyclic ester.
- **B** It can form a carboxylic acid on oxidation.
- **C** It decolourises a solution of bromine in water.
- **D** It is a planar molecule.

(Total 1 mark)

Q6.Which one of the following reactions will produce an organic compound that has optical isomers?

- A dehydration of butan-2-ol by heating with concentrated sulphuric acid
- B reduction of pentan-3-one by warming with NaBH₄
- **C** addition of Br₂ to 3-bromopropene
- **D** reduction of 2,3-dimethylpent-2-ene with H₂ in the presence of a nickel catalyst

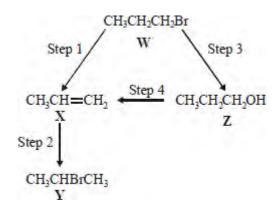
Q7.For this question refer to the reaction scheme below.



Which one of the following statements is **not** correct?

- A Reaction of **W** with sodium cyanide followed by hydrolysis of the resulting product gives propanoic acid.
- **B** Mild oxidation of **Z** produces a compound that reacts with Tollens' reagent, forming a silver mirror.
- **C Z** reacts with ethanoic acid to produce the ester propyl ethanoate.
- **C W** undergoes addition polymerisation to form poly(propene).

Q8. For this question refer to the reaction scheme below.



Which one of the following reagents would **not** bring about the reaction indicated?

- A Step 1 : alcoholic KOH
- B Step 2: aqueous Br₂
- C Step 3 : aqueous NaOH
- C Step 4 : concentrated H₂SO₄

(Total 1 mark)

Q9.Propene reacts with hydrogen bromide to form a mixture of saturated organic products. The proton n.m.r. spectrum of the major organic product has

- A 3 peaks with relative intensities 3:2:2
- **B** 2 peaks with relative intensities 3:4
- **C** 3 peaks with relative intensities 3:1:3
- **D** 2 peaks with relative intensities 6:1

Q10.Certain chemical tests were performed on the pain-relief drug ibuprofen. The results of these tests are given in the table below.

Test	Result
Aqueous sodium carbonate	Effervescence
Bromine water	Remained orange
Acidified potassium dichromate(VI) and heat	Remained orange
Fehling's solution and heat	Remained blue

Which one of the following functional groups do these results suggest that ibuprofen contains?

$$C = C$$

Q11. The correct name for the alkene monomer which forms the polymer shown below is

- A 2-methyl-3-ethylpropene
- B 2-methylpent-2-ene
- C 2-methylpent-3-ene
- **D** 4-methylpent-2-ene

(Total 1 mark)

Q12. Which one of the following mechanisms is **not** involved in the reaction sequence below?

$$CH_3CH_3 \rightarrow CH_3CH_2CI \rightarrow CH_3CH_2OH \rightarrow CH_2=CH_2 \rightarrow CH_3CH_2Br$$

- A electrophilic addition
- **B** electrophilic substitution
- **C** nucleophilic substitution
- **D** free-radical substitution

Q13.The correct systematic name for

- **A** 2-ethyl-3,4-dimethylpent-2-ene
- **B** 4-ethyl-2,3-dimethylpent-3-ene
- **C** 2,3,4-trirnethylhex-3-ene
- **D** 3,4,5-trimethylhex-3-ene

(Total 1 mark)

Q14.The correct systematic name for

- A 2,3-diethylbut-2-ene
- **B** 2-ethyl-3-methylpent-2-ene
- **C** 4-ethyl-3-methylpent-3-ene
- **D** 3,4-dimethylhex-3-ene

Q15.In which of the following is a curly arrow used incorrectly?

$$CH_3CH_2CHCH_3 \longrightarrow CH_3CH_2CHCH_3 + :Br^-$$

A $HO:$
OH

$$CH_3CH \stackrel{\longleftarrow}{=} CHCH_3 \longrightarrow CH_3 \stackrel{\leftarrow}{\leftarrow} HCH_2CH_3 \longrightarrow CH_3CHCH_2CH_3$$

$$\downarrow :Br^- \qquad \qquad \downarrow Br$$

$$CH_3CH_2CCH_3 \longrightarrow CH_3CH_2CCH_3 \longrightarrow CH_3CH_2CCH_3$$

$$\downarrow : NH_3 \qquad \downarrow H \longrightarrow NH_2 \qquad NH_2$$

$$\downarrow NH_2$$

$$CH_{3}CH_{2}CHCH_{3} \longrightarrow CH_{3}CH \longrightarrow CH_{3}CH = CHCH_{3}$$

$$D$$

(Total 1 mark)

$$CH_3C=CBrCH_3$$

Q16.Which one of the following is the correct name for CH_2CH_3

- A 2-bromo-3-methylpent-2-ene
- **B** 2-bromo-3-ethylbut-2-ene

C

- C 3-bromo-2-ethylbut-2-ene
- **D** 4-bromo-3-methylpent-3-ene

- Q17. Which one of the following can react both by nucleophilic addition and by nucleophilic substitution?
- $CH_3 C CH = CH_2$ 0 $H_2C CH_2 C \nearrow H$
 - H_2C —CH= CH_2 CIC

(Total 1 mark)

- Q18. Which one of the following does not contain any delocalised electrons?
 - Α poly(propene)
 - В benzene
 - C graphite
 - D sodium

Q19.In which one of the following are the curly arrows **not** used correctly?

$$_{\mathrm{B}}$$
 $\stackrel{\overset{\overset{\overset{\longleftarrow}}{\bigcirc}}{\longrightarrow}}{\overset{\overset{\longleftarrow}{\bigcirc}}{\longrightarrow}}$ $\stackrel{\overset{\longleftarrow}{\longrightarrow}}{\longrightarrow}$ $\stackrel{\overset{\longleftarrow}{\longrightarrow}}{\longrightarrow}$ $\stackrel{\overset{\longleftarrow}{\longrightarrow}}{\longrightarrow}$

(Total 1 mark)

Q20.Which one of the following does **not** represent an oxidation?

- A propene \rightarrow propane
- **B** propan-l-ol \rightarrow propanal
- **C** propan-I-ol \rightarrow propanoic acid
- **D** propanal \rightarrow propanoic acid

Q21.	Whicl	h one of the following is not a suitable method for the preparation of ethanol?				
	Α	oxidation of ethane				
	В	hydration of ethene				
	С	reduction of ethanal				
	D	hydrolysis of bromoethane	(Total 1 mark			
			(Total I mark			
Q22. Which one of the following reactions involves nucleophilic addition?						
	Α	$CH_3CH = CH_2 + HBr \rightarrow CH_3CHBrCH_3$				
	В	$CH_3CH_2CH_3 + Cl_2 \rightarrow CH_3CHCICH_3 + HCI$				
	С	CH₃CH₂CH₂Br + NaOH → CH₃CH₂CH₂OH + NaBr				
	D	$CH_3CH_2CHO + HCN \rightarrow CH_3CH_2CH(OH)CN$	(Total 1 mark			
			(10101 2 111011			
Q23.	Whicl	h one of the following conversions does not represent a reduction?				
	Α	propene → propane				
	В	propanal → propan-I-ol				
	С	propanal → propanoic acid				
	D	propanone → propane	(Total 1 mark			
			(TOTAL T MARK			

Q24.The structure of the molecule of methyl 2-methylpropenoate is shown below.

Which one of the following statements concerning this compound is **not** true?

- A It displays geometrical isomerism.
- **B** It forms an addition polymer.
- **C** It undergoes reduction.
- **D** It decolourises bromine.