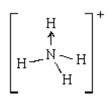
Q1.	(a)	Complete the following table
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Particle	Relative charge	Relative mass
Proton		
Neutron		
Electron		

(3) An atom of element **Z** has two more protons and two more neutrons than an atom (b) of $^{^{34}\,\mathrm{S}}.$ Give the symbol, including mass number and atomic number, for this atom of **Z**. (2) Complete the electronic configurations for the sulphur atom, S, and the sulphide ion, (c) S 1s² S²⁻ (2) State the block in the Periodic Table in which sulphur is placed and explain your (d) answer. Block Explanation (2) Sodium sulphide, Na₂S, is a high melting point solid which conducts electricity when molten. Carbon disulphide, CS₂, is a liquid which does not conduct electricity. (i) Deduce the type of bonding present in Na₂S and that present in CS₂ Bonding in Na₂S

	Bonding in CS ₂
(ii)	By reference to all the atoms involved explain, in terms of electrons, how Na_2S is formed from its atoms.
(iii)	Draw a diagram, including all the outer electrons, to represent the bonding present in $\ensuremath{\text{CS}_{\scriptscriptstyle 2}}$
(iv)	When heated with steam, CS ₂ reacts to form hydrogen sulphide, H ₂ S, and carbon dioxide. Write an equation for this reaction.
	(7 (Total 16 narks

Q2. (a) An ammonium ion, made by the reaction between an ammonia molecule and a hydrogen ion, can be represented as shown in the diagram below.



(b)

(i)	Name the type of bond represented in the diagram by N—H		
(ii)	Name the type of bond represented in the diagram by N→H		
(iii)	In terms of electrons, explain why an arrow is used to represent this $N{\to}H$ bond.		
(iv)	In terms of electron pairs, explain why the bond angles in the $NH_{\scriptscriptstyle 4^+}$ ion are all 109° 28'		
		(7)	
Defi	ne the term <i>electronegativity</i> .		
		(2)	

(c)	A bo	and between nitrogen and hydrogen can be represented as $\overset{\circ-}{N} = \overset{\delta+}{H}$	can be represented as $\overset{\circ-}{N} \overset{\delta+}{\longrightarrow} \overset{H}{H}$		
	(i)	In this representation, what is the meaning of the symbol $\delta\text{+}$?			
	(ii)	From this bond representation, what can be deduced about the electronegativity of hydrogen relative to that of nitrogen?			
			(2)		
			(Total 11 marks)		