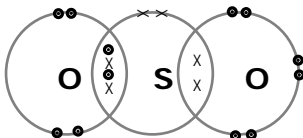
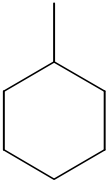
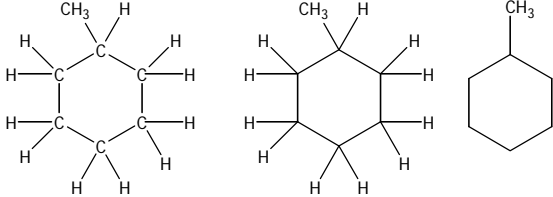


Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
1(a)	C_nH_{2n+2} IGNORE 'where n=1, 2, 3 etc' or 'where n is greater than 1'		1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
1(b)(i)	$C_{10}H_{22} + 10\frac{1}{2}O_2 \rightarrow 10CO + 11H_2O$ ALLOW 21 / 2 O ₂ ALLOW any correct multiples IGNORE state symbols, even if incorrect	21 [O]	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
1(b)(ii)	Any statement that makes it clear there is not enough air or oxygen e. Limited supply of air / limited supply of oxygen / not enough air / not enough oxygen / lack of oxygen / little amount of oxygen/ small amount of oxygen IGNORE "it is not completely oxidized"		1

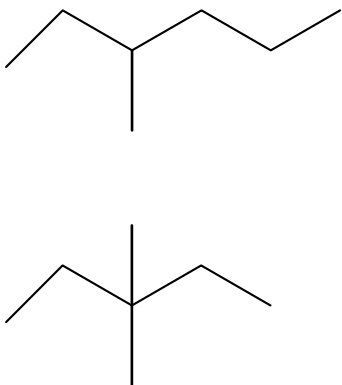
Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
1(c)	<p>First mark Dative pair of e⁻ between S and right-hand O (1)</p> <p>Second mark Two bond pairs between S and left-hand O (1)</p> <p>Third mark Two lone pairs on left-hand O, one lone pair on central S and three lone pairs on right-hand O atom (1)</p> <p>If 2 double bonds between sulfur and each oxygen then the third mark can be given for two lone pairs on both oxygens and one lone pair on central S</p>  <p>NOTE</p> <p>ALLOW dots and crosses that have been reversed</p> <p>Lone pair electrons can be shown as separated (rather than having to be paired up) – it is the total number of electrons in each outer shell that matters</p> <p>Stand alone marks</p> <p>If molecule shown as charged then 2 max</p>		3

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
1 (d) (i)		 benzene ring	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
1 (d) (ii)	$C_7H_{16} \rightarrow C_7H_{14} + H_2$ ALLOW $C_6H_{11}CH_3$ IGNORE state symbols, even if incorrect	Formulae other than molecular formulae Any other structural or displayed formulae	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
1 (d) (iii)	Any ONE of: (a cyclic alkane) has more efficient combustion allows smoother burning increases octane number reduces knocking / less likely to produce pre-ignition is a more efficient fuel burns better / easier to burn /combusts more easily / improves combustion IGNORE (a cyclic alkane): increases the volatility of a fuel "ignites more easily" "is a better fuel" "burns more cleanly" IGNORE (a cyclic alkane) has a lower boiling point mentions of viscosity safer fuel	Less pollution / reduce waste High atom economy Produces useful products / hydrogen Used to make polymers Produces substances in higher demand / more valuable	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
1 (e) (i)	2,2-dimethylpentane IGNORE missing hyphen/missing comma	2-dimethylpentane	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
1 (e) (ii)	 <p>(1)</p> <p>(1)</p> <p>IGNORE names even if incorrect</p> <p>IGNORE different length bonds</p> <p>IGNORE direction of methyl groups</p>		2

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
1 (f) (i)	U.V. / U.V.light / light / sunlight ALLOW high temperature	heat alone	1


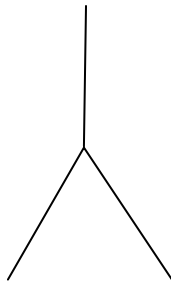
Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
1 (f) (ii)	$\text{Cl}_2 \rightarrow \text{Cl}\cdot + \text{Cl}\cdot$ / $\text{Cl}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{Cl}\cdot$ IGNORE any curly arrows, even if incorrect IGNORE C_4H_{10} given on both sides		1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
1 (f) (iii)	Homolytic (fission) IGNORE any formulae and arrows	Photolysis (fission) / free radical (fission)	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
1 (f) (iv)	<p>propagation step)</p> $\text{C}_4\text{H}_{10} + \text{Cl}\cdot \rightarrow \text{C}_4\text{H}_9\cdot + \text{HCl} \quad (1)$ <p>(Second propagation step)</p> $\text{C}_4\text{H}_9\cdot + \text{Cl}_2 \rightarrow \text{C}_4\text{H}_9\text{Cl} + \text{Cl}\cdot \quad (1)$ <p>Formulae can be displayed</p> <p>'dots' can be anywhere on free radical but no dots at all scores zero</p> <p>ALLOW in either order</p> <p>Incorrect alkane / halogenoalkane but two correct propagation steps scores 1 out of 2</p>	<p>Any reactions involving Hydrogen radicals scores zero</p> <p>Reverse of first reaction</p>	2

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
1 (f) (v)	<p>Any ONE of:</p> $\text{C}_4\text{H}_9\cdot + \text{Cl}\cdot \rightarrow \text{C}_4\text{H}_9\text{Cl}$ <p>OR</p> $\text{Cl}\cdot + \text{Cl}\cdot \rightarrow \text{Cl}_2$ <p>OR</p> $\text{C}_4\text{H}_9\cdot + \text{C}_4\text{H}_9\cdot \rightarrow \text{C}_8\text{H}_{18}$		1

Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
2 (a)(i)	Easier to transport / easier to store / less space / less volume needed for storage / easier to handle / easier to transfer <i>IGNORE</i> references to "safety" Accept Denser/cheaper to transport OWTTE	Just "cost"	1

Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
2 (a)(ii)	<p>skeletal formula (1)</p>  <p>Name: butane (1) Stand alone</p> <p>skeletal formula (1)</p>  <p>Name: methylpropane OR 2-methylpropane (1) <i>IGNORE</i> incorrect punctuation [e.g. extra/missing hyphens, etc.] Stand alone</p> <p><i>IGNORE</i> displayed formulae if also given with skeletal formulae</p> <p>if 2 correct displayed formulae are given max 1 out of 2 for the structures</p>		4

Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
2 (a)(iii)	(Structural) isomers		1

Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
2 (b)(i)	$\text{Cl}_2 \rightarrow \text{Cl}\cdot + \text{Cl}\cdot /$ $\text{Cl}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{Cl}\cdot \quad (1)$ (U.V.) light / sunlight (1) Must show the dots • <i>IGNORE</i> any subsequent propagation steps in (b)(i)	heat alone	2

Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
2 (b)(ii)	$\text{C}_3\text{H}_8 + \text{Cl}\cdot \rightarrow \text{C}_3\text{H}_7\cdot + \text{HCl} \quad (1)$ $\text{C}_3\text{H}_7\cdot + \text{Cl}_2 \rightarrow \text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{Cl} + \text{Cl}\cdot \quad (1)$ Must show the dots •		2

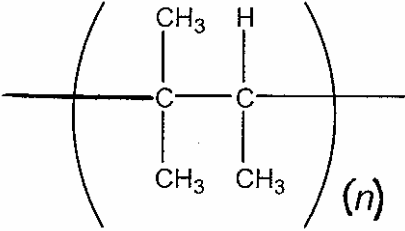
Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
2 (b)(iii)	$\text{C}_3\text{H}_7\cdot + \text{Cl}\cdot \rightarrow \text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{Cl}$ OR $\text{Cl}\cdot + \text{Cl}\cdot \rightarrow \text{Cl}_2$ OR $\text{C}_3\text{H}_7\cdot + \text{C}_3\text{H}_7\cdot \rightarrow \text{C}_6\text{H}_{14}$ Must show dots in termination step		1

Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
2 (c)(i)	Alkene / triene Accept Diene Carbon-carbon double bond		1

Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
2 (c)(ii)	From: Red / brown / orange / yellow or combinations of these colours To: colourless <i>both colours needed</i>	"clear" instead of colourless	1

Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
2 (c)(iii)	Electrophilic (1) addition (1)		2

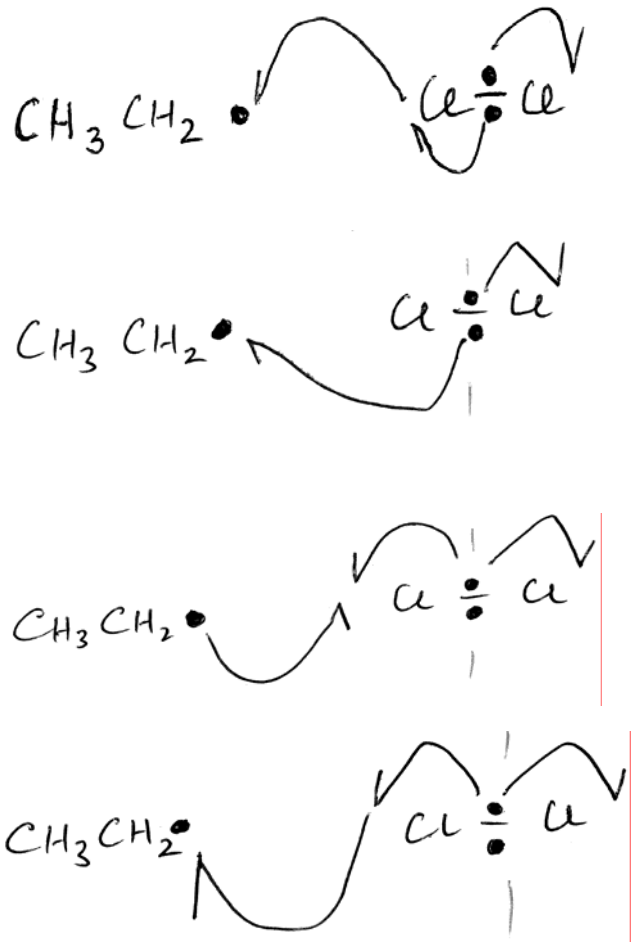
Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
2 (c)(iv)	<p>Calculation:</p> <p>0.01 mol myrcene reacts with 0.03 mol H₂</p> <p>OR</p> <p>1 mol myrcene reacts with 3 mol H₂ (1)</p> <p>Structural formula:</p> <p>(CH₃)₂CH(CH₂)₃CH(CH₃)CH₂CH₃</p> <p>OR</p> $ \begin{array}{cccccccc} & \text{H} & \text{H} & \text{H} & \text{H} & \text{H} & \text{H} & \text{H} \\ & & & & & & & \\ \text{H}_3\text{C} & -\text{C} & -\text{C} & -\text{C} & -\text{C} & -\text{C} & -\text{C} & -\text{C}-\text{H} \\ & & & & & & & \\ & \text{CH}_3 & \text{H} & \text{H} & \text{H} & \text{CH}_3 & \text{H} & \text{H} \end{array} $ <p>(1)</p> <p>Accept Fully displayed formula/skeletal formula</p> <p>Mark calculation and structural formula independently.</p>		2

Question Number	Correct Answer	Reject	Mark
2 (d)	 <p>repeat unit (1) continuation bonds shown (but these bonds do not have to cut through the brackets) (1) <i>n</i> not essential <i>IGNORE</i> the position of "<i>n</i>" relative to the repeat unit (e.g. can be written as a superscript)</p>		2

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
3(a)	$\text{C}_2\text{H}_6(\text{g}) + 3\frac{1}{2}\text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow 2\text{CO}_2(\text{g}) + 3\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l})$ Formulae and states (1) Balancing of correct entities (1)	Multiples	2

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
3(b)	<p>Notice the first mark is for the equation and there are 3 separate additional marks for the calculation</p> $ \begin{array}{ccc} \text{H} & \text{H} & \text{H} & \text{H} \\ & & & \\ \text{H}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{H} & + & \text{Cl}-\text{Cl} & \rightarrow & \text{H}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{Cl} & + & \text{H}-\text{Cl} \\ & & & \\ \text{H} & \text{H} & \text{H} & \text{H} & \text{(1)} \end{array} $ <p>Check all bonds displayed especially Cl-Cl and H-</p> <p>Calculation marks:</p> $+413 + 243 \text{ (1)} \quad (-)(346 + 432) \text{ (1)}$ $\text{OR } 656 \text{ (1)} \quad (-) 778 \text{ (1)}$ $= -122 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)} \text{ (1)}$ <p>Fully correct answer to calculation with no working (3)</p> <p>Extra 5x413 and 347 may be included on both sides, giving 3068 and (-)3190</p> <p>Allow other same values(s) missing from both sides</p> <p>Bonds breaking (1)</p> <p>Bonds making (1)</p> <p>[Bonds breaking - bonds making] to give correct answer with sign (1)</p>	<p>Incorrect / no sign and / or incorrect units</p> <p>Incorrect units loses this mark</p>	4

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
3 (c) (i)	Initiation (1) Allow homolysis / atomization / homolytic (fission) Ignore any reference to free radical substitution UV / (sun)light (1) Ignore reference to high temperature	Free radical substitution alone Photolysis	2

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
<p>3 (c) (ii)</p>	<p> $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\cdot + \text{Cl}-\text{Cl} \rightarrow \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{Cl} + \text{Cl}\cdot$ OR $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\cdot + \text{Cl}-\text{Cl} \rightarrow \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{Cl} + \text{Cl}\cdot$ Both products correct including dot (1) Two half headed arrows showing homolytic breaking of Cl-Cl bond (1) Half headed arrow from radical to pair with a Cl arrow OR One arrow from chlorine bond clearly to ethyl radical (1) Arrows must be single-headed </p>  <p>The two dots in the covalent bond do not have to be shown</p>		<p>3</p>

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
3 (c) (iii)	$\text{Cl}\cdot + \text{Cl}\cdot \rightarrow \text{Cl}_2$ (1) $\cdot\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3 + \cdot\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3 \rightarrow \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3 / \text{C}_4\text{H}_{10}$ (1) $\cdot\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3 + \text{Cl}\cdot \rightarrow \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}$ (1) Penalise missing dots once Allow $\cdot\text{C}_2\text{H}_5$ for $\cdot\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$ Di and tri substitution steps	C_4H_{12} $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2$	2

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
3 (d)	$\text{C}_2\text{H}_6 \rightarrow \text{C}_2\text{H}_4 + \text{H}_2$ Allow $2\text{C}_2\text{H}_6 \rightarrow \text{C}_2\text{H}_4 + 2\text{CH}_4$		1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
3 (e)	Any two from: (It) produces (more) petrol / gasoline / diesel / jet fuel / LPG / liquid petroleum gas / fuel (1) Short chain alkanes / lighter fractions are more useful products (1) Demand is greater for shorter chain alkanes / lighter fractions / smaller molecules OR converts surplus of low demand fractions (1) It produces ethane / short chain alkenes for making poly(ethene) / ethane-1,2-diol / ethanol / plastics / polymers (1) Smaller alkanes give less pollution/burn more efficiently (1) Recycles waste products (1) As a source of hydrogen (1) NB examiners need to look carefully at the vowel in the middle of alkane / alkene / ethane / ethene if not clear do not give BOD	Points based on atom economy / renewable fuels alone Easier to transport / store Short chain alkenes / ethene more useful alone Recycles alone	2

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
4(a)(i)	$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_3 + \text{Cl}\cdot \rightarrow \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\cdot + \text{HCl}$ OR $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\cdot + \text{Cl}_2 \rightarrow \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{Cl} + \text{Cl}\cdot$		1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
4(a)(ii)	$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\cdot + \text{Cl}_2 \rightarrow \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{Cl} + \text{Cl}\cdot$ OR $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_3 + \text{Cl}\cdot \rightarrow \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\cdot + \text{HCl}$ N.B. different answers for (i) and (ii) needed		1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
4(a)(iii)	$2\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\cdot \rightarrow \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$ OR $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\cdot + \text{Cl}\cdot \rightarrow \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}$	$\text{Cl}\cdot + \text{Cl}\cdot \rightarrow \text{Cl}_2$	1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
4(a)(iv)	$\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\cdot + \text{Cl}\cdot \rightarrow \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}$ OR $2\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\cdot \rightarrow \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$ N.B. different answers for (iii) and (iv) needed		1

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
4(b)	<p>First mark: Structural formula (enough to see the structure) of any polyhalogenated ethane derivative OR any polyhalogenated methane derivative</p> <p>ALLOW correct displayed or skeletal formula (1)</p> <p>Second mark: If first mark awarded the name must be consequentially correct</p> <p>IGNORE any missing or incorrect numbering in name (e.g. "dichloroethane" scores the mark)</p> <p>IGNORE missing or incorrect hyphens</p> <p>If first mark NOT awarded then only ALLOW correct name of any polyhalogenated ethane or polyhalogenated methane derivative (1)</p>	Butane /C ₄ H ₁₀ / CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃ / chlorobutane / hexane / chloromethane	2

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
4(c)(i)	<p>1st mark for HAZARD: This mark is for the idea of: (substance or procedure that) can cause harm/may cause harm/has the potential to do harm/can be dangerous</p> <p>ALLOW references to specific hazards such as toxic/flammable /harmful/ irritant /corrosive /oxidizing/ carcinogenic for the mark (1)</p> <p>2nd mark for RISK: This mark is for the idea of likelihood/probability/chance that harm will result (from the use of a substance or a procedure) (1)</p>	Just "causes harm"/ just "is a danger"	2

Question Number	Acceptable Answers	Reject	Mark
4(c)(ii)	fume cupboard OR gloves OR u.v. goggles	Just `open windows`/ Just well-ventilated lab/ Just `gas mask`/ Just "use of smaller quantities"/close d system/closed experiment	1