

M1.(a) (i) (At 0 K) particles are stationary / not moving / not vibrating
Allow have zero energy.
Ignore atoms / ions.

1

No disorder / perfect order / maximum order
Mark independently.

1

(ii) As T increases, particles start to move / vibrate
Ignore atoms / ions.
Allow have more energy.
If change in state, $CE = 0$

1

Disorder / randomness increases / order decreases

1

(iii) Mark on temperature axis vertically below second 'step'
Must be marked as a line, an 'x', T_b or 'boiling point' on the temperature axis.

1

(iv) L_2 corresponds to boiling / evaporating / condensing / $l \rightarrow g$ / $g \rightarrow l$
And L_1 corresponds to melting / freezing / $s \rightarrow l$ / $l \rightarrow s$
There must be a clear link between L_1 , L_2 and the change in state.

1

Bigger change in disorder for L_2 / boiling compared with L_1 / melting
M2 answer must be in terms of changes in state and not absolute states eg must refer to change from liquid to gas not just gas.
Ignore reference to atoms even if incorrect.

1

(b) (i) $\Delta G = \Delta H - T\Delta S$ 1

$\Delta H = c$ and $(-)\Delta S = m / \Delta H$ and ΔS are constants (approx)
Allow ΔH is the intercept, and $(-)\Delta S$ is the slope / gradient.
Can only score M2 if M1 is correct.

1

(ii) Because the entropy change / ΔS is positive / $T\Delta S$ gets bigger
Allow $-T\Delta S$ gets more negative

1

(iii) Not feasible / unfeasible / not spontaneous

1

(c) (i) $+ 44.5 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$
Allow answer without units but if units given they must be correct (including mol^{-1})

1

(c) (ii) At 5440 $\Delta H = T\Delta S$
 $= 5440 \times 44.5 = 242\ 080$

1

(**OR** using given value = $5440 \times 98 = 533\ 120$)
Mark is for answer to (c)(i) $\times 5440$

1

$\Delta H = 242 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$

(**OR** using given value $\Delta H = 533 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$)
Mark is for correct answer to M2 with correct units (J mol^{-1} or kJ mol^{-1}) linked to answer.
If answer consequentially correct based on (c)(i) except for incorrect sign (eg -242), max 1 / 3 provided units are correct.

1

[15]

M2.(a) $\Delta G = \Delta H - T\Delta S$

Or expression $\Delta H - T\Delta S$ must be evaluated

1

If ΔG / expression ≤ 0 reaction is feasible

Or any explanation that this expression ≤ 0

Do not allow just $\Delta G = 0$

1

- (b) The molecules become more disordered / random when water changes from a liquid to a gas / evaporates

For M1 must refer to change in state AND increase in disorder

1

Therefore the entropy change is positive / Entropy increases

Only score M2 if M1 awarded

1

$T\Delta S > \Delta H$

Allow M3 for T is large / high (provided M2 is scored)

1

$\Delta G < 0$

Mark M3, M4 independently

1

- (c) (i) Condition is $T = \Delta H / \Delta S$

1

$\Delta S = 189 - 205 / 2 - 131 = -44.5;$

1

$$\Delta H = -242 \text{ therefore } T = (-242 \times 1000) / -44.5)$$

1

$$= 5438 \text{ K (allow 5400 – 5500 K)}$$

Units essential (so 5438 alone scores 3 out of 4)

2719 K allow score of 2

5.4 (K) scores 2 for M1 and M2 only

1646 (K) scores 1 for M1 only

1

(ii) It would decompose into hydrogen and oxygen / its elements

Can score this mark if mentioned in M2

1

Because ΔG for this reaction would be ≤ 0

Allow the reverse reaction / decomposition is feasible

Only score M2 if M1 awarded

1

(d) $\Delta H = T\Delta S$

Allow correct substituted values instead of symbols

1

$$\Delta S = 70 - 189 = -119 \text{ JK}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$$

1

$$\Delta H = (-119 \times 373) / 1000 = -44.4 \text{ kJ (mol}^{-1}\text{)} \text{ (allow } -44 \text{ to } -45)$$

Allow -44000 to -45000 J (mol⁻¹)

Answer must have correct units of kJ or J

1

[15]

M3.(a) Standard pressure (100 kPa) (and a stated temperature)

Allow standard conditions. Do not allow standard states

Allow any temperature

Allow 1 bar but not 1atm

Apply list principle if extra wrong conditions given

Penalise reference to concentrations

1

- (b) Hydrogen bonds between water molecules

1

Energy must be supplied in order to break (or loosen) them

Allow M2 if intermolecular forces mentioned

Otherwise cannot score M2

CE = 0/2 if covalent or ionic bonds broken

1

- (c) $T = \Delta H / \Delta S$

1

$$= (6.03 \times 1000) / 22.1$$

1

$$= 273 \text{ K}$$

Allow 272 to 273; units K must be given

Allow 0°C if units given

0.273 (with or without units) scores 1/3 only

Must score M2 in order to score M3

Negative temperature can score M1 only

1

- (d) The heat given out escapes

1

- (e) (Red end of white) light (in visible spectrum) absorbed by ice

Allow complementary colour to blue absorbed

1

Blue light / observed light is reflected / transmitted / left

Penalise emission of blue light

1

[9]

M4.(a) $\Delta G = \Delta H - T\Delta S$

Ignore e

1

(b) 0.098 or 98

Allow 0.097 to 0.099/97 to 99

Allow 0.1 only if 0.098 shown in working

1

$\text{kJ K}^{-1} \text{mol}^{-1}$

$\text{J K}^{-1} \text{mol}^{-1}$

Allow in any order

Unless slope is approx. 100(90-110) accept only $\text{kJ K}^{-1} \text{mol}^{-1}$.

If no slope value given, allow either units

1

$-\Delta S/\Delta S$

1

(c) ΔG becomes negative

Mark independently unless ΔG +ve then CE = 0

1

So reaction becomes spontaneous/feasible

Or reaction can occur below this temperature

Or reaction is not feasible above this temperature

1

(d) Ammonia liquefies (so entropy data wrong/different)

Allow any mention of change in state or implied change in state even if incorrect

eg freezing/boiling

1

[7]

M5.(a) $\Delta H = \Sigma(\Delta H_f \text{ products}) - \Sigma(\Delta H_f \text{ reactants})$

Allow correct cycle

1

$$\begin{aligned} & / = +34 - +90 \\ & = -56 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1} \end{aligned}$$

Ignore no units, penalise incorrect units

1

(b) $\Delta S = \Sigma(S \text{ products}) - \Sigma(S \text{ reactants})$

1

$$\begin{aligned} & / = 240 - (205 + 211/2) \\ & = -70.5 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1} / -0.0705 \text{ kJ K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1} \end{aligned}$$

Ignore no units, penalise incorrect units

Allow -70 to -71/-0.070 to -0.071

1

(c) $T = \Delta H/\Delta S$ / $T = (\text{Ans to part(a)} \times 1000)/\text{ans to part(b)}$

Mark consequentially on answers to parts (a) and (b)

1

$$\begin{aligned} & / = -56/(-70.5 \div 1000) \\ & = 794 \text{ K (789 to 800 K)} \end{aligned}$$

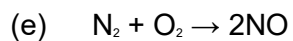
Must have correct units

Ignore signs; allow + or – and –ve temps

1

(d) Temperatures exceed this value

1



Allow multiples

1

(f) there is no change in the number of moles (of gases)

Can only score these marks if the equation in (e) has equal number of moles on each side

Numbers, if stated must match equation

1

So entropy/disorder stays (approximately) constant / entropy/disorder change is very small / $\Delta S=0$ / $T\Delta S=0$

1

[10]