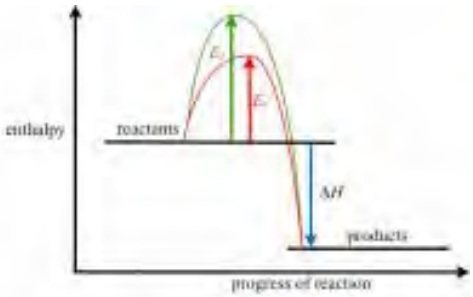


Question			Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
1	(a)	(i)	The enthalpy change for the complete combustion ✓ of 1 mol (of a substance) ✓	2	ALLOW energy change for combustion in excess oxygen OR energy released during complete combustion OR energy change for combustion in excess air NOT energy required This mark is not stand alone but must relate to statement about an enthalpy change even if the statement was not awarded a mark
	(b)	(i)	56.430 (kJ) ✓	1	ALLOW 56.43 (kJ) OR 56.4 kJ ✓ OR 56 kJ ALLOW -56.43 i.e. ignore sign
		(ii)	M_r [CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₄ OH] = 88.0 ✓ $n = 0.0200$ mol ✓	2	ALLOW 88 ALLOW 0.02 OR ecf from wrong M_r ALLOW full marks for 0.02 with no working out
		(iii)	(-)-2821.5 ✓ = (-)-2820 (3 SF) ✓ correct minus sign ✓	3	ALLOW correct substitution into formula (b)(i) ÷ (b)(ii) e.g. $56.4 \div 0.02$ this is essentially a mark for the working ALLOW ecf from i.e. answer from (b)(i) ÷ (b)(ii) The minus mark is stand alone and is independent of the numerical answer
	(c)	(i)	pressure: 100 kPa OR 101 kPa AND temperature: 298 K OR 25 °C ✓	1	units needed ALLOW 1 bar OR 1 atm OR 760 mmHg ALLOW any stated temperature so for example 100kPa and 40°C would be credited with a mark IGNORE any reference to moles or concentration
		(ii)	$6\text{C}(\text{s}) + 7\text{H}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow \text{C}_6\text{H}_{14}(\text{l})$ ✓	1	ALLOW graphite / gr
		(iii)	many different hydrocarbons would form OR activation energy too high OR reaction too slow OR they don't react together ✓	1	ALLOW can form different isomers OR can form different structures IGNORE reaction may be reversible

Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
	(iv)	$6 \times -394 + 7 \times -286$ shown OR calculated as -4366 ✓ -4366 and -4163 added OR subtracted ✓ correct answer $-4366 - (-4163) = -203$ ✓	3	ALLOW THREE marks for -203 on its own with no working out or written on the answer line ALLOW TWO marks for $+203, +3483, +1513, +1767$ or -8529 on its own with no working out ALLOW ONE mark for or $-3483, -1513, -1767$ or $+8529$ on its own with no working out units NOT needed Positive sign not needed for endothermic answers
		Total	14	

Question		Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
2	(a)	<p>high pressure as fewer moles (of gas) on right-hand side OR high pressure as volume of products less than that of reactants ✓</p> <p>low temperature as (forward) reaction is exothermic ✓</p>	2	<p>ALLOW ora ALLOW fewer particles OR fewer molecules</p> <p>ALLOW ora</p>
	(b)	<p>Too expensive to use a high pressure ✓</p> <p>Too slow to use a low temperature ✓</p>	2	<p>ALLOW high pressures provide a safety risk OR high pressure is too dangerous</p> <p>ALLOW with low temperature molecules cannot overcome activation barrier</p>
	(c) (i)	<p>Cl + O₃ → ClO + O₂ ✓ ClO + O → Cl + O₂ ✓ overall: O₃ + O → 2O₂ ✓</p> <p>OR</p> <p>Cl + CH₄ → CH₃ + HCl ✓ CH₃ + Cl₂ → CH₃Cl + Cl ✓ overall: CH₄ + Cl₂ → CH₃Cl + HCl ✓</p>	3	<p>Marks must come from one or other of the radical process and not from both of them. If two processes are described then an incorrect step in one process will contradict a correct step in the other process.</p> <p>ALLOW overall equation mark even if the steps are wrong the radicals do NOT need a single dot IGNORE any state symbols</p> <p>ALLOW Cl + O₃ → ClO + O₂ ✓ ClO + O₃ → Cl + 2O₂ ✓ overall: 2O₃ → 3O₂ ✓</p> <p>ALLOW any saturated hydrocarbon including cyclic ALLOW ecf for second step and overall reaction if wrong hydrocarbon used e.g. C₂H₄ is used in first step</p>

Question	Expected Answers	Marks	Additional Guidance
(ii)	<p>ΔH shown and products below reactants ✓</p> <p>E_a shown ✓</p> <p>E_c shown $< E_a$ ✓</p> 	3	<p>NOT double headed arrows but apply ecf for more than one double headed arrow</p> <p>ALLOW one mark if two correctly labelled curves are drawn but the arrows are not shown or are incorrectly drawn</p> <p>The arrows must be positioned as closely as possible to the maximum height of the curves but allow some degree of bod</p>
(d)	<p>Any FOUR from:</p> <p>catalyst not used up in reaction ✓</p> <p>reactions take place at lower temperatures ✓</p> <p>with lower energy demand OR lower activation energy OR use less fuel ✓</p> <p>so less carbon dioxide emitted into atmosphere OR so fossil fuels last longer ✓</p> <p>different reactions can be used ✓</p> <p>with better atom economy OR less waste ✓</p> <p>less hazardous chemicals ✓</p> <p>catalysts or enzymes can generate specific products ✓</p>	4	<p>ALLOW catalysts can work at room temperature OR enzymes work at room temperature</p> <p>IGNORE cheaper</p>
	Total	14	

Question			er	Marks	Guidance
3	(a)	(<p>FIRST, CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE IF answer = 2.68 (kJ) award 2 marks</p> <p>$q = mc\Delta T$ OR $= 50.0 \times 4.18 \times 12.8$ ✓</p> <p>$= 2.68$ (kJ) ✓</p>	2	<p>IF there is an alternative answer, check to see if there is any ECF credit possible using working below</p> <p>IF ECF, ANNOTATE WITH TICKS AND CROSSES, etc</p> <p>ALLOW ecf only from using mass of 50.486</p> <p>ALLOW 2675.2 J IGNORE sign If mass used is 50.486 answer is 2701.202944</p> <p>ALLOW 2.7 OR 2.675 OR 2.6752 DO NOT ALLOW 3 IGNORE sign If mass used is 50.486 answer is 2.7, 2.70, 2.701 up to calculated value of 2.701202944 correctly rounded</p> <p>ALLOW one mark for using 4.2 and correctly calculating q in kJ to at least 2 sig figs</p>
		(ii)	amount = 0.02(00) (mol) ✓	1	<p>ALLOW $\frac{1}{50}$</p> <p>IGNORE trailing zeroes</p>

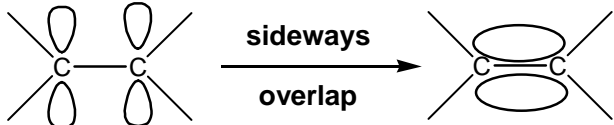
Question			er	Marks	Guidance
3	(a)	(ii)	<p>FIRST, CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE IF answer = -134 (kJ) award 3 marks IF answer = +134 (kJ) award 2 marks</p> <p>2.68 ÷ 0.02 ✓</p> <p>Correctly calculates the value to 3 sig figs ✓</p> <p>- sign ✓</p>	3	<p>IF there is an alternative answer, check to see if there is any ECF credit possible using working below</p> <p>IF ECF, ANNOTATE WITH TICKS AND CROSSES, etc</p> <p>ALLOW ECF i.e. $\frac{(i)}{(ii)}$</p> <p>This is dependant on the previous mark ALLOW ECF If 2.68, 2.675 or 2.6752 and moles of 0.02 answer is (-)134 If mass of magnesium included answer is (-)135 If 2.7 kJ and moles of 0.02 used answer is (-)135</p> <p>ALLOW only answers to three significant figures</p> <p>- sign is independent of answer</p>
	(b)	(<p>(Enthalpy change) when one mole of a compound ✓</p> <p>is formed from its elements ✓</p> <p>at 25 °C/298 K AND 1 atmosphere/101 kPa ✓</p>	3	<p>ALLOW energy required OR energy released</p> <p>ALLOW (energy change) when one mole of a substance/molecule/product DO NOT ALLOW enthalpy change for one mole of products DO NOT ALLOW one mole of reactants</p> <p>ALLOW any stated temperature and 1 bar/1000mb/100kPa/100000Pa/101000Pa/101000Nm⁻² etc IGNORE reference to concentration</p>

Question		er	Marks	Guidance
4	(a)	<p>FIRST, CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE IF answer = 431.5 (kJ mol⁻¹) award 2 marks</p> <p>Energy required to break bonds = (+)679 kJ ✓</p> <p>so bond enthalpy = (+)431.5 ✓</p>	2	<p>IF there is an alternative answer, check to see if there is any ECF credit possible using working below</p> <p>IF ECF, ANNOTATE WITH TICKS AND CROSSES, etc</p> <p>ALLOW (+)432 ALLOW one mark in this question for -431.5 OR (+)863 ALLOW ecf for bond enthalpy = 0.5 x (-184 + energy required to break bonds)</p>
	(b)	<p>more concentrated (particles) OR more particles per (unit) volume ✓</p> <p>more collisions per second OR more frequent collisions ✓</p>	2	<p>Must state somewhere in the answer that the rate is faster for full marks ALLOW ORA if lower pressure is specified</p> <p>ALLOW particles are closer together OR more crowded particles OR more particles in the same space OR same number of particles in a smaller volume ALLOW molecules for particles but DO NOT ALLOW atoms DO NOT ALLOW 'area' instead of 'volume'</p> <p>ALLOW collisions more often OR increased rate of collision OR collisions are more likely OR there is a greater chance of collisions</p> <p>'More collisions' is not sufficient IGNORE successful</p>

Question		er	Marks	Guidance
4	(c)		5	<p>ANNOTATE ANSWER WITH TICKS AND CROSSES ETC</p> <p>Assume answers refer to lower temperature and rate decreases unless specified otherwise ALLOW ORA i.e. correct explanation for why higher temperatures increase rate if clearly specified ALLOW particles instead of molecules throughout question DO NOT ALLOW atoms the first time it appears in the answer</p> <p>Boltzmann distribution - must start at origin and must not end up at 0 on y-axis i.e. must not touch x-axis</p> <p>Maximum of curve to left AND higher than maximum of higher temperature curve AND below higher temp line at higher energy as shown in diagram below</p> <p>IGNORE minor point of inflexion of both curves</p> <p>ALLOW ORA for higher temperature if specified Fewer molecules have enough energy to collide successfully is worth one mark</p> <p>Fewer collisions per second is not sufficient</p>
		<p>y-axis label is '(number of) molecules' AND x-axis label is 'energy' AND one correct curve ✓</p> <p>Correct curve for lower temperature (labelled) ✓</p> <p>Activation energy does not change OR clearly labelled on diagram, e.g. E_a OR E ✓</p> <p>Fewer molecules have energy above activation energy OR fewer molecules have enough energy to react ✓</p> <p>So fewer successful collisions ✓</p>		

Question		er	Marks	Guidance
(d)	($\text{Cl}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{Cl} \checkmark$	1	No need to show radicals with a 'dot'
	(ii)	$\text{HCl} + \text{H} \checkmark$ $\text{HCl} + \text{Cl} \checkmark$	2	No need to show radicals with a 'dot'
	(iii)	Any two from: $\text{H} + \text{H} \rightarrow \text{H}_2 \checkmark$ $\text{Cl} + \text{Cl} \rightarrow \text{Cl}_2 \checkmark$ $\text{H} + \text{Cl} \rightarrow \text{HCl} \checkmark$	2	No need to show radicals with a 'dot'
Total			14	

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
5 (a)	(enthalpy change when) the number of moles of reactants ✓ as specified in the (balanced) equation react together ✓	2	ALLOW (enthalpy change when) the number of moles of products ALLOW molar quantities / amounts Enthalpy change that occurs during a reaction is not sufficient
(b) (i)	$Q = 50 \times 4.2 \times 11.0$ ✓ 2.3 ✓	2	ALLOW 2310 J ✓ 2300j ALLOW use 4.18 for c which gives 2.299 J ALLOW two marks for 2.31 / 2.310 with no working out ALLOW ECF ie Q divided by 1000 IGNORE any sign quoted
(ii)	moles = 0.200 ✓	1	ALLOW 0.2 / 0.20
(iii)	$\Delta H_r = 2 \times (2.3 \div 0.200)$ ✓ 23 ✓ + sign ✓	3	ALLOW ECF from answer from $2 \times [(i) \div \text{answer to (ii)}]$ Answer from $2 \times [(i) \div \text{answer to (ii)}]$ must have only 2 sig figs + sign must be written for 'sign mark' + sign is independent of answer ALLOW answers per mole of NH_4SCN $\Delta H_r = 2.3 \div 0.200$ for one mark 12 for the second mark + sign for the third mark NOTE If $c = 4.18$ has been used in b(i) , $\Delta H_r = +11$ by ECF for calculation per mole of NH_4SCN

Question		Answer	Mark	Guidance
(c)	(i)	(Enthalpy change) when one mole of bonds ✓ of (gaseous covalent) bonds is broken ✓	2	ALLOW energy required rather than enthalpy change DO NOT ALLOW energy released DO NOT ALLOW bonds formed
	(ii)	(Sideways) overlap of p orbitals ✓ Forming a π /pi bond ✓	2	IGNORE reference to σ bonds IGNORE incorrect diagram This diagram would score one mark – the π bond needs to be labelled for second mark  2p orbitals
	(iii)	π bond is weaker (than the σ bond) OR σ bond is stronger (than the π bond) ✓	1	There are two types of bonds is not sufficient DO NOT ALLOW π bond is stronger than the σ bond ALLOW the two bonds in double bond are not the same strength
	(iv)	bonds broken = (+)4010 AND bonds formed = (-)3931 Overall enthalpy change = +79 ✓	2	ALLOW Bonds broken = (+)690 AND bonds formed = (-)611 ✓ ALLOW 79 without a sign ALLOW -79 for one mark overall ALLOW ECF from incorrect enthalpy changes calculated for bonds broken and made

Question			Answer	Mark	Guidance
	(c)	(v)	Bond enthalpies may not be the same as the average bond enthalpy OR The idea that bonds have different strengths in different environments ✓	1	DO NOT ALLOW answers involving heat loss OR the use of non standard conditions Average bond enthalpies are used is NOT sufficient
Total				16	