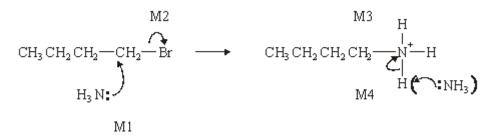
## M1. Acidified potassium dichromate(VI) 1 Turns green with propan-2-ol and propanal 1 No reaction with hexene and 1-bromopropane 1 Tollens with propan-2-ol and propanal 1 only propanal gives silver mirror 1 Bromine water 1 Decolourised by hexane 1 No reaction with 1-bromopropane Warm NaOH followed by acidified AgNO<sub>3</sub> 1 White ppt with 1-bromopropane

1

1

[10]

## **M2.** (a) Nucleophilic substitution



M1, M2 and M4 for arrows, M3 for structure of cation

(Allow M2 alone first, i.e. SN1 formation of carbocation)

(Penalise M4 if Br used to remove H)

(b) Step 1  $CH_3CH_2CH_2CN$  1  $CH_3CH_2CH_2Br + KCN \rightarrow CH_3CH_2CH_2CN + KBr$  balanced

1

1

Step 2 
$$CH_3CH_2CH_2CN + 2H_2 \rightarrow CH_3CH_2CH_2CH_2NH_2$$
  
(or 4[H])

1

(c) (i) Lone pair (on N) (in correct context)

1

R group increases electron density / donates electrons /pushes electrons / has positive inductive effect

1

1

1

Any strong acid (but not concentrated) (ii) or any amine salt or ammonium salt of a strong acid

(d) CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>

[12]

M3. (a) (i) CH<sub>3</sub>CH=CHCH<sub>3</sub>

1

Addition or radical (QoL)

1

(ii) CH<sub>3</sub>CH(OH)CH(OH)CH<sub>3</sub> or with no brackets

1

1

butan(e)-2.3-diol or 2.3-butan(e)diol

1

2.3-dimethylbutan(e)dioic acid 2.3-dimethylbutan(e)dioyl chloride

ignore -1,4-

condensation (QoL)

1

1

(iii) NaOH or HCl etc or Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>

Allow conc sulphuric/nitric

NOT water nor acidified water nor weak acids

1

(b) Structure 1

Allow -CONH- and -COHN-

Allow zwitterions

NOT polypeptides/repeating units

Structure 2 either of

1

(c) CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Br

allow -CI, -I

1

(ii) CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CN

1

(nucleophilic) substitution or from CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Br (iii) if reduction written here, no further marks

1

further substitution/reaction occurs or other products are formed Allow reduction forms only one product

1

one of (CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NH (CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>N (CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>N<sup>+</sup> Br<sup>-</sup> Allow salts including NH<sub>4</sub>Br Allow HBr

[15]

M4. (a) (i) conc  $HNO_3$ 

1

conc H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>

allow 1 for both acids if either conc missing

1

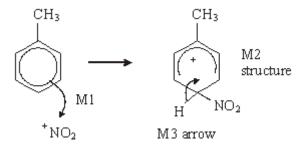
$$HNO_3 + 2H_2SO_4 \rightarrow NO_2^+ + H_3O^+ + 2HSO_4^-$$

or 
$$HNO_3$$
 +  $H_2SO_4 \rightarrow NO_2^+$  +  $H_2O$  +  $HSO_4^-$ 

1

(iii) electrophilic substitution CH<sub>3</sub>

1



horseshoe must not extend beyond C2 to C6 but can be smaller + must not be too close to Cl

3

(b) Sn or Fe / HCl (conc or dil or neither) or Ni / H₂ not NaBH₄ LiAlH₄

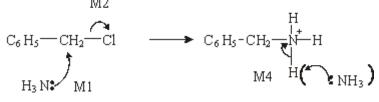
1

(c) (i) NH<sub>3</sub>

Use an excess of ammonia

(ii) nucleophilic substitution

M3 structure M2



[15]

1

1

1