

**Q1.** Aqueous metal ions can be identified by test-tube reactions.

For each of the following, describe what you would observe.

Write an equation or equations for any reactions that occur.

- (a) The addition of aqueous sodium carbonate to a solution containing  $[\text{Fe}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{3+}(\text{aq})$  ions.

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**(4)**

- (b) The addition of aqueous sodium hydroxide, dropwise until in excess, to a solution containing  $[\text{Al}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{3+}(\text{aq})$  ions.

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**(4)**

- (c) The addition of dilute aqueous ammonia, dropwise until in excess, to a solution containing  $[\text{Cu}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}(\text{aq})$  ions.

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- (d) The addition of concentrated hydrochloric acid, dropwise until in excess, to a solution containing  $[\text{Cu}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}(\text{aq})$  ions.

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(2)

(Total 14 marks)

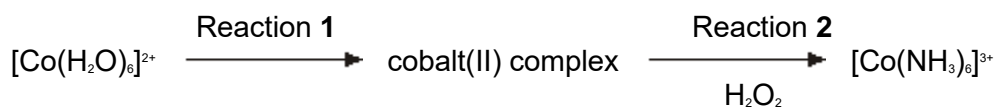
**Q2.** Which one of the following reactions in aqueous solution has the most positive change in entropy?

- A**  $[\text{Cu}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+} + 4\text{NH}_3 \rightarrow [\text{Cu}(\text{NH}_3)_4(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]^{2+} + 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$   
**B**  $[\text{Cu}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+} + 4\text{Cl}^- \rightarrow [\text{CuCl}_4]^{2-} + 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$   
**C**  $[\text{Cu}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+} + \text{EDTA}^{4-} \rightarrow [\text{Cu}(\text{EDTA})]^{2-} + 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$   
**D**  $[\text{Cu}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+} + 2\text{H}_2\text{NCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{NH}_2 \rightarrow [\text{Cu}(\text{H}_2\text{NCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{NH}_2)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]^{2+} + 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$

(Total 1 mark)

**Q3.** Hydrogen peroxide is used as an oxidising agent in the preparation of transition metal complexes.

- (a) Consider the following reaction scheme. All the complexes are in aqueous solution.



- (i) Identify a reagent for Reaction 1 and describe the colour change that occurs.

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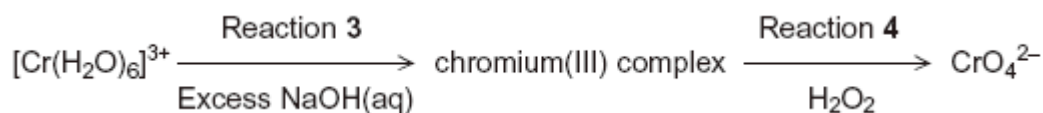
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(ii) State the colour of the final solution formed in Reaction 2.

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(1)

(b) Consider the following reaction scheme. All the complexes are in aqueous solution.



(i) For Reaction 3, state the colour of the initial and of the final solution and write an equation for the reaction.

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(4)

(ii) Write a half-equation for the reduction of hydrogen peroxide to hydroxide ions.

Deduce an overall equation for Reaction 4 and state the colour of the final solution.

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- (c) The concentration of a hydrogen peroxide solution can be determined by titration with acidified potassium manganate(VII) solution. In this reaction the hydrogen peroxide is oxidised to oxygen gas.

A 5.00 cm<sup>3</sup> sample of the hydrogen peroxide solution was added to a volumetric flask and made up to 250 cm<sup>3</sup> of aqueous solution. A 25.0 cm<sup>3</sup> sample of this diluted solution was acidified and reacted completely with 24.35 cm<sup>3</sup> of 0.0187 mol dm<sup>-3</sup> potassium manganate(VII) solution.

Write an equation for the reaction between acidified potassium manganate(VII) solution and hydrogen peroxide.

Use this equation and the results given to calculate a value for the concentration, in mol dm<sup>-3</sup>, of the original hydrogen peroxide solution.

(If you have been unable to write an equation for this reaction you may assume that 3 mol of KMnO<sub>4</sub> react with 7 mol of H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>. This is **not** the correct reacting ratio.)

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(5)  
(Total 17 marks)

**Q4.** Ethanedioic acid is an important industrial chemical with a number of uses.

Ethanedioate ions, C<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup>, act as bidentate ligands with transition metal ions.

- (a) Write an equation for the ligand substitution reaction of an excess of ethanedioate ions with aqueous cobalt(II) ions.

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(1)

(b) The table below shows some standard electrode potentials.

		$E^\ominus / \text{V}$
$\text{Fe}^{3+}(\text{aq}) + \text{e}^-$	$\rightarrow \text{Fe}^{2+}(\text{aq})$	+0.77
$2\text{CO}_2(\text{g}) + 2\text{e}^-$	$\rightarrow \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-}(\text{aq})$	-0.49

Use  $E^\ominus$  values from the table to explain why an iron(III) complex is **not** formed when solutions containing ethanedioate ions and iron(III) ions are mixed.

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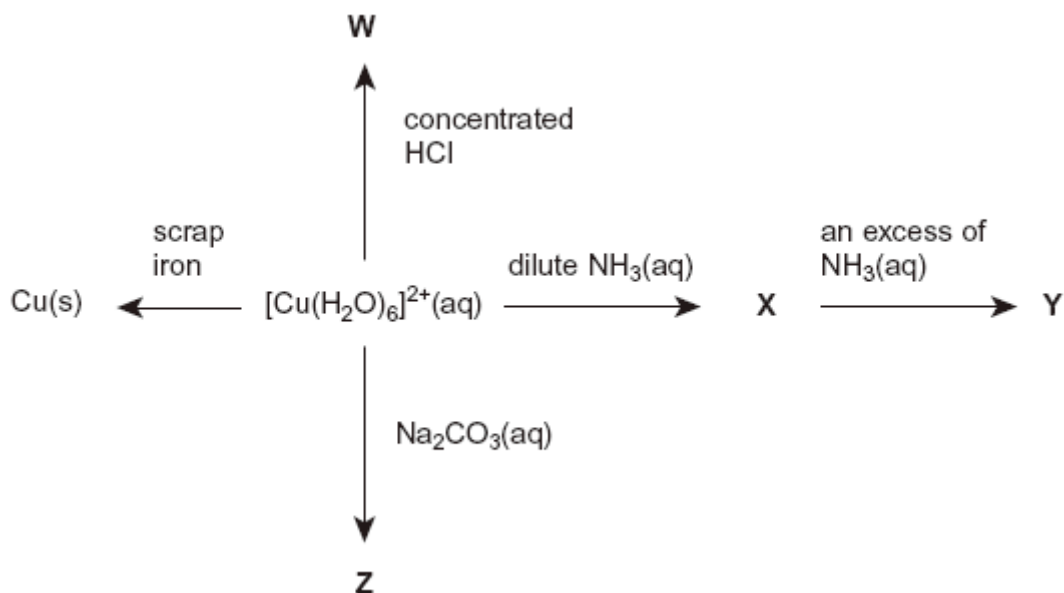
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(2)  
(Total 3 marks)

**Q5.** The scheme below shows some reactions of copper(II) ions in aqueous solution. **W**, **X**, **Y** and **Z** are all copper-containing species.



(a) Identify ion **W**. Describe its appearance and write an equation for its formation from  $[\text{Cu}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}(\text{aq})$  ions.

Ion **W**.....

Appearance .....

Equation .....

(3)

- (b) Identify compound **X**. Describe its appearance and write an equation for its formation from  $[\text{Cu}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}(\text{aq})$  ions.

Compound **X** .....

Appearance .....

Equation .....

(3)

- (c) Identify ion **Y**. Describe its appearance and write an equation for its formation from **X**.

Ion **Y** .....

Appearance .....

Equation .....

(3)

- (d) Identify compound **Z**. Describe its appearance and write an equation for its formation from  $[\text{Cu}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}(\text{aq})$  ions.

Compound **Z** .....

Appearance .....

Equation .....

(3)

- (e) Copper metal can be extracted from a dilute aqueous solution containing copper(II) ions using scrap iron.

- (i) Write an equation for this reaction and give the colours of the initial and final aqueous solutions.

Equation .....

Initial colour .....

Final colour .....

(3)

- (ii) This method of copper extraction uses scrap iron. Give **two** other reasons why this method of copper extraction is more environmentally friendly than reduction of copper oxide by carbon.

Reason 1 .....

Reason 2 .....

(2)

(Total 17 marks)