

M1.(a) $(3.0 \times 10^{-10}/24) \times 6.02 \times 10^{23}$ seen ✓

$$(7.52 \times 10^{10})$$

1

(b) Decay constant = $(0.69 / 14.8 \text{ h}^{-1})$ or $1.3 \times 10^{-5} \text{ s}^{-1}$ ✓

$$A = 1.30 \times 10^{-5} \times 7.5 \times 10^{10} \quad \checkmark$$

$$9.75 \times 10^5 \text{ Bq} \quad \checkmark$$

Allow 2 or 3 sf

Allow use of $A = \lambda N$ with an incorrectly calculated decay constant

3

(c) Activity 3.5 h later should be $A = 9.8 \times 10^5 e^{-0.0466 \times 3.5}$ ✓

$$8.33 \times 10^5 \text{ Bq} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\text{Volume of liquid} = (8.33 \times 10^5 / 3600) \times 15 = 3470 \text{ cm}^3 \quad \checkmark$$

3

(d) Estimate gives 3700 compared with 3500 ✓

Flask has more mass than average / liquid is not water ✓

2

[9]

M2.D

[1]

M3.D

[1]

M4.(a) (i) $\lambda (= \ln 2 / T_{1/2} = 0.693 / 5740) = 1.2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ (yr}^{-1}\text{)} \checkmark$
 $(1.21 \times 10^{-4} \text{ yr}^{-1})$

*only allow $3.83 \times 10^{-12} \text{ s}^{-1}$ if the unit has been changed
 working is not necessary for mark*

1

(ii) (use of $N_t = N_o e^{-\lambda t}$ and activity is proportional to N)

$$A_t = A_o e^{-\lambda t}$$

$$0.375 = \exp - (1.21 \times 10^{-4} \times t) \checkmark$$

$$t = \frac{\ln\left(\frac{1}{0.375}\right)}{1.21 \times 10^{-4}} \checkmark$$

$$t = 8100 \text{ or } 8200(\text{yr}) \checkmark$$

1st mark substitution, allow EC from (i)

2nd mark rearranging, allow EC from (i)

Allow $t / T_{1/2} = 2^n$ approach

3rd mark no EC (so it is not necessary to evaluate a CE)

so max 2 for a CE

*full marks can be given for final answer alone. A minus in the
 final answer will lose the last mark*

3

- (b) (i) (it is difficult to measure accurately)
 the small drop / change in activity / count-rate
 the small change / drop in the ratio of C-14 to C-12 \checkmark

the activity would be very small / comparable to the background
 or the ratio of C-14 to C-12 is too small
 or there are too few C-14 atoms
 or there is very little decay
 or the level of C-14 (in the biosphere) is uncertain (this long ago) \checkmark

*1st mark needs some reference to a change in count-rate or
 activity for the mark*

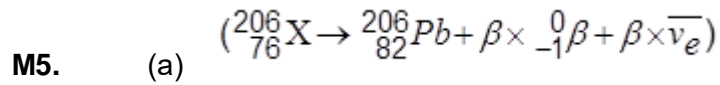
be lenient in 2nd mark

*in reading a script assume C-14 is the subject. Eg 'there is
 little activity to work with' scores mark. Also allow any
 reasonable suggestion. Eg carbon may have been removed
 by bonding to surrounding material*

Don't allow, 'All the carbon has decayed'

2

[6]



$\beta = 6 \checkmark$

1

- (b) (i) the energy **required** to split up the nucleus \checkmark
 into its individual neutrons and protons/nucleons \checkmark
 (or the energy **released** to form/hold the nucleus \checkmark
 from its individual neutrons and protons/nucleons \checkmark)

2

(ii) $7.88 \times 206 = 1620 \text{ MeV} \checkmark$ (allow 1600-1640 MeV)

1

- (c) (i) U, a graph starting at 3×10^{22} showing exponential fall passing through
 0.75×10^{22} near 9×10^9 years \checkmark
 Pb, inverted graph of the above so that the graphs cross at 1.5×10^{22} near
 4.5×10^9 years \checkmark

2

- (ii) (u represents the number of uranium atoms then)

$$\frac{u}{3 \times 10^{22} - u} = 2$$

$$u = 6 \times 10^{22} - 2u \checkmark$$

$$u = 2 \times 10^{22} \text{ atoms}$$

1

- (iii) (use of $N = N_0 e^{-\lambda t}$)

$$2 \times 10^{22} = 3 \times 10^{22} \times e^{-\lambda t} \checkmark$$

$$t = \ln 1.5 / \lambda$$

$$\text{(use of } \lambda = \ln 2 / t_{1/2}\text{)}$$

$$\lambda = \ln 2 / 4.5 \times 10^9 = 1.54 \times 10^{-10} \checkmark$$

$$t = 2.6 \times 10^9 \text{ years } \checkmark \text{ (or } 2.7 \times 10^9 \text{ years)}$$

3

[10]

M6. boron numbers correct: A = 11; Z = 5

B1

β^+ correct: A = 0; Z = (+)1

B1

ν_e (not anti neutrino) with numbers correct: 0,0

B1

3

[3]

M7. (a) correct numbers for beta+ (0, (+)1) and chromium (52)

B1

(electron) neutrino with correct numbers (0,0)

B1

2

(b) W^+/W^- (intermediate vector) boson (not Z boson)

B1

1

[3]

<p>M8. (a) plutonium is toxic/large mass of plutonium</p>	<p>B1</p>	
<p>harmful if released into atmosphere/explosion occurred</p>	<p>B1</p>	
<p>alphas dangerous when ingested/during launch etc</p>	<p>B1</p>	<p>max2</p>
<p>(b) unaffected</p>	<p>B1</p>	
<p>chemical bonding involves electrons (atomic) radioactivity is nuclear (owtte)/same number of nuclei present</p>	<p>B1</p>	<p>2</p>
<p>(c) (i) $T_{1/2} = \ln 2 / \lambda$</p>	<p>C1</p>	
<p>2.51×10^{-10}</p>	<p>A1</p>	<p>2</p>
<p>(ii) molar mass calculated (0.270 kg)</p>	<p>C1</p>	
<p>use of 33 kg</p>	<p>C1</p>	
<p>number of moles in sample (122.2)</p>	<p>C1</p>	
<p>multiplication of value by Avogadro's number</p>	<p>C1</p>	

		C1	
	7.36×10^{25}		
		A1	5
(iii)	(c) (i) \times (c) (ii)		
		C1	
	1.83×10^{16} cao		
		A1	
	Bq		
		B1	3
(d)	(i) uranium correct (234,92)		
		B1	
	alpha correct (4,2) – accept He or α symbol		
		B1	2
(ii)	use of 1 g generating 500 mW		
		C1	
	16500 W total		
		C1	
	recognition that activity \times energy of one alpha = power		
		C1	
	9.00×10^{-13} (J)		
		A1	4

[20]

