

## **GCSE Biology**

## **Adaptation**

**Mark Scheme** 

## Time available: 55 minutes Marks available: 50 marks

www.accesstuition.com

## Mark schemes



(a) large number - more representative and so more valid (mean can be calculated) 1. allow more reliable 1 random - avoid bias 1 correct figures in table: (b) (3) (8) (16)19 9 4 1 1 (c) all bars plotted correctly ± 1 mm allow ecf from the table 1 (d) any three from: much overlap of values between the 2 shores • sheltered shore: accept converse for exposed shore wider range or use of figures - e.g. approx 0.26 to 0.70 cf 0.21 to 0.55 • higher mode or use of figures - e.g. 0.41 to 0.45 cf 0.36 to 0.40 • allow ecf for figures from (b) there are no limpets at 0.21 to 0.25 • allow there are no limpets on exposed shore at 0.56 to 0.70 3 sheltered - 0.47 or 0.466 (e) 1 exposed - 0.35 or 0.354 1

2.

an answer of 38.6 / 38.62 / 38.64 scores 3 marks



		$(area = 3.14 \times (2.48)^2 =) 19.3 \text{ cm}^2$		
		allow area calculated from incorrect radius	4	
		(force = 19.3 × 2 =) 38.6 (newtons)	1	
		or		
		$(force = [3.14 \times (2.48)^2] \times 2)$		
		= 38.62 (newtons)		
		or $(f_{0}, f_{0}, f_{$		
		(force = $[\pi \times (2.48)^2] \times 2$ ) = 38.64 (newtons)		
		allow force calculated from 1 previous error		
			1	
	( <i>a</i> )	any two from		
	(g)	<ul><li>any two from:</li><li>foot may not be circular</li></ul>		
		<ul> <li>foot may be larger / smaller than outside of shell</li> </ul>		
		scientists' value is approximate		
		variation between limpets / described		
		e.g. re muscle development <b>or</b> greater 'awareness' of some limpets		
		variation in rock surface texture	2	
			2	
	(h)	any three from:		
		more force of waves to dislodge limpets		
		<ul> <li>lower height lowers exposure to waves</li> <li>wider foot gives greater grip</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>those with this / these feature(s) pass on alleles / genes to offspring leading to</li> </ul>		
		population of broad squat limpets		
		allow converse for sheltered shore throughout, if clearly stated		
			3	
				[17]
1	(a)	there is an uneven distribution of dandelions		
		or		
		(more) representative / valid		
		or avoid bias		
		or		
		more accurate / precise mean		
		ignore accurate / precise unqualified		
		ignore repeatability / reproducibility / reliability / fair test		
			1	

(correct mean per  $m^2 =$ ) 6 or 6.0 1 (b) www.accesstuition.cc (correct field area =) 55 000  $(m^2)$ 1 mean × area - e.g. 6(.0) × 55 000 allow incorrect calculated values for mean and / or field area 1 330 000 allow correct calculation from previous calculation 1  $3.3 \times 10^{5}$ allow calculated value in standard form 1 an answer of  $3.3 \times 10^5$  scores **5** marks an answer of 330 000 scores 4 marks Level 3: The method would lead to the production of a valid outcome. All key steps (C) are identified and logically sequenced. 5-6 Level 2: The method would not necessarily lead to a valid outcome. Most steps are identified, but the method is not fully logically sequenced. 3-4 Level 1: The method would not lead to a valid outcome. Some relevant steps are identified, but links are not made clear. 1 - 2No relevant content 0 **Indicative content** placing of quadrat large number of quadrats used how randomness achieved - e.g. table of random numbers or random number button on calculator or along transect quadrats placed at coordinates or regular intervals along transect in each of two areas of different light intensities or transect running through areas of different light intensity for each quadrat count number of dandelions for each quadrat measure light intensity compare data from different light intensity to access level 3 the key ideas of using a large number of quadrats randomly, or

to access **level 3** the key ideas of using a large number of quadrats randomly, or along a transect, and counting the number of dandelions in areas of differing light intensity need to be given to produce a valid outcome

- (d) any two from:
  - temperature
    - allow heat



- (soil) pH allow acidity
  - minerals / ions allow e.g. magnesium ions **or** nitrate allow salts / nutrients
- winds

٠

- herbivores
  - allow trampling ignore carbon dioxide ignore space ignore competition unqualified do **not** accept oxygen

3.

(a)



[14]

2

(i)	counts / 12	1
	× 120 × 80 / × 9600 <b>or</b> × area of field	
(ii)	(more) quadrats / repeats	1
	placed randomly ignore method of achieving randomness	1

- (b) (i) any **three** from:
  - temperature / warmth / heat
  - water / rain
  - minerals / ions / salts (in soil) allow nutrients / fertiliser / soil fertility ignore food
  - pH (of soil)
  - trampling
  - herbivores
    - ignore predators
  - competition (with other species)
  - pollution qualified e.g. SO<sub>2</sub> / herbicide
  - wind (related to seed dispersal).
     ignore space / oxygen / CO<sub>2</sub> / soil unqualified
  - (ii) light needed for photosynthesis
    - for making food / sugar / etc.
    - effect on buttercup distribution eg more plants in sunny areas / fewer plants in shady areas
- (c) (i) fertiliser / ions / salts cause growth of algae / plants
  - (algae / plants) block light
    - (low light) causes algae / plants to die
    - microorganisms / bacteria feed on / break down / cause decay of organic matter / of dead plants do **not** allow germs / viruses
      - -
    - (aerobic) <u>respiration</u> (by microbes) uses O<sub>2</sub> do **not** allow anaerobic
  - (ii) sewage / toxic chemicals / correct named example eg metals / bleach / disinfectant / detergent etc allow suitable named examples eg metals such as Pb / Zn / Cr / oil / SO<sub>2</sub> / acid rain / pesticides / litter ignore chemicals unqualified ignore waste unqualified
    - ignore human waste / domestic waste / industrial waste unqualified



3

1

1

1

1

1

1

1

1

(d) (i) 2



1

1

[19]

(ii) more food

allow other sensible suggestion eg more species colonise from tributary streams after forest

(iii) number of stonefly species decreases (from A to B / B to C / A to C) as more pollution enters river / less oxygen

allow fewer species in more polluted water ignore none are found at site C