

GCSE Biology

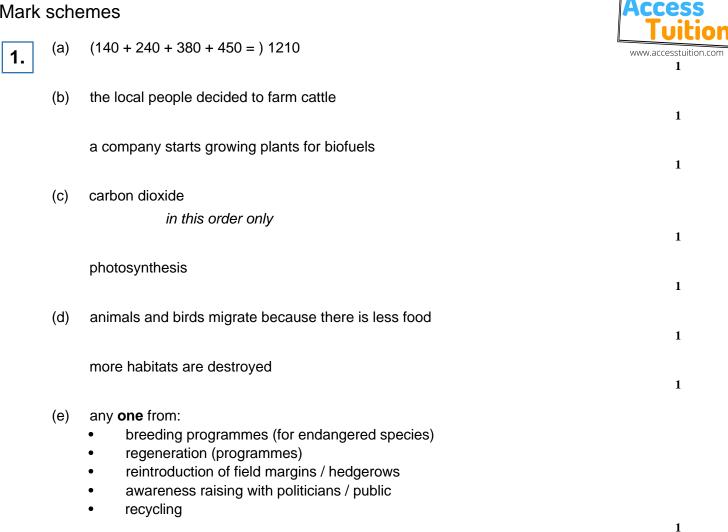
Biodiversity

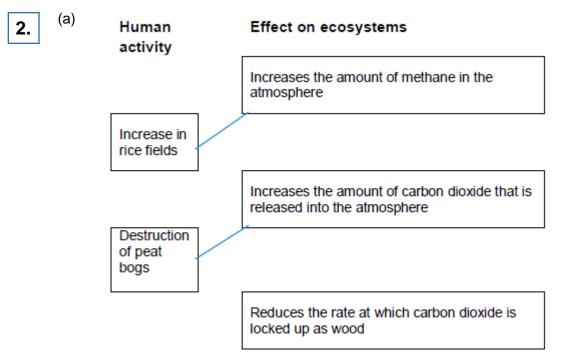
Mark Scheme

Time available: 60 minutes Marks available: 55 marks

www.accesstuition.com

Mark schemes





extra lines from left cancels mark

(b) (i) any two from:

(ii)

3.

- (to provide land) for farming / agriculture
- (to provide land) for quarrying
- (to provide land) for building
- to provide wood for building materials
- to provide fuel
- to provide paper
- any two from:
 changes in earth's climate, ie droughts, flooding, hurricanes ignore temperature rise allow ice caps melt
 rise in sea levels
 reduce biodiversity
 change in migration patterns
 may change distribution of species ignore acid rain and the ozone layer and forest fires
- (a) any one from:increased pollution
 - dumping waste
 - allow described consequence e.g. vermin accept (increased) landfill accept (increased) fly tipping.
- (b) (i) (mass of SO₂) decreases

and then levels off / plateaus

(ii) 2008

clear evidence of calculating 700 (000) = 1 mark

(iii) any **one** from:

- acid rain
- erosion of statues / buildings
- destruction of habitats
- reduction in biodiversity
- damage to lichen
- breathing problems ignore reference to ozone layer allow damage to plants.

1



[6]

1

1

1

2

(c) Carbon dioxide being absorbed in oceans and lakes



Photosynthesis by trees

		1 110		1	[8]
4.	(a)	(i)	correct bar heights three correct 2 marks two correct 1 mark one or none correct 0 marks ignore width	2	
		(ii)	(Stream Y)		
			has many sludge worms / bloodworms		
			or		
			has no mayflies / caddis or few shrimp allow 1 mark if invertebrate not named but correct association given	1	
			which indicate medium or high pollution	1	
	(b)	(i)	suspended solids increase (as a result of sewage overflow)	1	
			then decrease downstream / return to original levels	1	
			oxygen levels decrease (after sewage overflow)	1	
			and then rise again	1	
		(ii)	any three from:		
			 mayflies decrease (to zero) near overflow accept 'have died out' because oxygen is low or mayflies have high oxygen demand mayflies repopulate / increase as oxygen increases again can't be sure if dissolved oxygen or suspended solids is the cause 		
		4h a		3	
	(c)	tney	respire / respiration aerobic respiration gains 2 marks	1	
		this	requires / uses up the oxygen	1	[12]
			www.accesstuition.com		[13]

5.

6.

(a)

decrease in photosynthesis (as fewer trees) causes less removal of CO₂ accept forest cleared for livestock which respire and give out CO₂ ignore 'Carbon sink'



			1		
	burr	ing / combustion releases CO_2	1		
	deca	ay of wood (by microorganisms) releases CO_2	1		
(b)	any two from:				
	• • •	loss of habitat / shelter loss of food source smaller populations more vulnerable / less likely to survive fewer plant species due to clearing	2		
(c)	(i)	removing carbon dioxide from the air	1		
	(ii)	ii) any one from:			
		 growth of plants (to trap CO₂ in photosynthesis) allow afforestation CCS (carbon capture and storage) separate / store CO₂ from waste gases in industry make new peat bogs absorbed / dissolved in oceans / lakes / ponds used as calcium carbonate to form shells / bones 	1 [7]		
(a)	(i)	76.0 / 76 correct answer with or without working gains 2 marks allow 76.04 for 2 marks allow 76.04 with extra decimal places eg 76.042 for 1 mark $\frac{465}{611.5}$ for 1 mark	[/]		

	(ii)	mass of fish declines (until 2008) ignore use of numbers allow number of fish decline (until 2008)	Access Tuition www.accesstuition.com
		(due to an) increase in fishing / overfishing	1
		and then rises (until 2010)	1
	(which could be due to) quotas / net restrictions working		
		allow any reasonable suggestion, such as countries swapping quotas or restrictions on fishing during breeding seasons ignore less fishing	
		if no other marks awarded allow 1 mark for a decrease in mass and an increase in mass if answer relates to sustainable fishing	
			1
	(iii)	(this is due to) public awareness / demand	
		allow legislation / rules	
			1
(b)	fishi	ng quotas / bans	1
	(small) net / mesh size		
		if size of net is stated then it must be smaller	
		if size of mesh is stated then it must be larger	1
(c)	(fish) cannot move freely / as much	
	,		1
	(therefore) less energy loss from the fish		
		do not allow 'no energy is lost'	
		ignore references to less heat loss through controlling body temperature	
		ignore references to respiration	1
	(there is) more food available / better quality food / fed more often		
	(accept 'high-protein food (for making cells)'	
			1
	(so)	there is more energy for growth or (more food) is converted to biomass	
			1 [13]