

GCSE Biology

Cell Transport

Mark Scheme

Time available: 65 minutes Marks available: 55 marks

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Mark schemes			Access
1.	(a)	diffusion	www.accesstuition.com
	(b)	A	
	(c)	В	1
			1
	(d)	(earthworm) can absorb more oxygen (in a given time) or	
		increases / more gas exchange	
		allow get / obtain / take in more oxygen	
		ignore easier absorption of oxygen	
		ignore references to food	1
			1
	(e)	lipase	
			1
	(f)	more oxygen (in soil with earthworms)	
		allow earthworms bring oxygen to soil	
			1
		(for) more (aerobic) respiration	
		do not accept anaerobic respiration	
			1
		(of) bacteria / fungi / microorganisms / microbes / decomposers	
		(or) bactoria / rangi / microorganismo / microsco / accomposers	1
		reference to more is only needed once for the first two marking points	
	(g)	fertilisation	
	(9)	ignore sexual reproduction	
		ignore sexual reproduction	1
	(I-)		
	(h)	asexual (reproduction)	
		allow cloning	1
			[10]
2.	(a)	(yes, because) the mass change (of egg 4) is much lower than the others	
۷.		allow because it / egg 4 has gained (over) 50% less	

allow it / egg 4 has gained 1.5 g and the others have all gained more than 3 g (unit required)

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(b)	$\frac{75.7 - 72.4}{72.4} \times 100$	Access Tuition
	or equivalent	www.accesstuition.com
	4.6 (%)	-
	allow 4.558 / 4.56 (%) allow any correct rounding of 4.558011049723757	
	an answer of 4.6 / 4.56 / 4.558 scores 2 marks	1
(c)	(mass increased because) water entered by osmosis	1
	from a dilute solution in the beaker to a more concentrated solution in the egg (ce allow from an area of high water concentration in the beaker to an area of low water concentration in the egg (cell) allow ref to water potential allow ref to 'strong' and 'weak' solutions ignore along / across concentration gradient do not accept 'amount' in place of concentration	ell)
	through a partially permeable membrane allow semi-permeable / selectively permeable membrane	1
(d)	use five (or more) different concentrations of salt / sugar solution (in beakers) allow any number of concentrations provided it is more than four	1
	(by) plotting percentage change (in mass / volume) on / using a graph	1
	determine the concentration where the curve / line crosses the zero percentage change (in mass / volume)	1
(e)	(ions are moved) from an area of low concentration to high concentration allow against the concentration gradient allow in terms of solution do not accept molecules	1
	(by) active transport	1
	(which) requires using energy	
	do not accept idea of energy being created	1
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(a)	$(0.15 / 1.35) \times 100$	1	Access Tuition
	11.1 (%) allow 11.1 (%) with no working shown for 2 marks		www.accesstuition.com
	anen i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		1
(b)	to allow results to be compared or		
	they had different masses at the start		1
(c)	axis correct scale and labelled		
			1
	5 points correctly plotted allow ecf from 05.1		
	allow 1 mark for 4 points correctly plotted		2
	line of best fit		1
(d)	0.5		
	allow 0.45–0.55		1
(e)	(0.0 to 0.4) water moves into cells		1
	(0.6 to 0.8) water leaves cells		1
	by osmosis		•
/ f \	any two from:		1
(f)	any two from:concentration of solutionsdrying of chips		
	accuracy of balanceevaporation from tubes		
			2 [13]
(a)	<u>diffusion</u>		
	active transport		1
	this order only		•

3.

(b) (i) concentration (of sugar) in the bag was higher (than in the drink) allow concentration (of sugar) in the drink was lower (than in the bag) or higher concentration of water outside the bag or in the drink / boiling tube allow higher water potential outside the bag or lower water potential inside the bag 1 (so) water moved in (to the tubing) allow water moves down its concentration gradient do not allow sugar moving 1 by osmosis allow diffusion (of water) do **not** allow sugar moving by osmosis **or** water moving by active transport 1 (ii) В 1 (iii) close(st) to the concentration in the bag or to 5% allow small(est) diffusion gradient or close(st) to an equilibrium 1 (so rate of) diffusion / osmosis is slow allow (so) less water moves in (to the bag) ignore ref. to sugar 1 [8] (a) more concentrated must be a comparison 1 than the cell / cytoplasm accept more salty / solutes / ions accept cell is less concentrated than solution for 2 marks 1 turgid (b) (i) 1 plasmolysed (ii)

accept flaccid

5.

1

any **four** from: (c) water left the cell (in A) by osmosis from dilute to more concentrated solution accept high to low water potential or from high to low water concentration via partially permeable membrane so cell membrane shrank away from cell wall 4 water enters the cells (by osmosis) (d) allow 1 mark for: 1 they burst / lyse / lysis occurs water leaves and cell shrinks (if they think it is hypertonic solution) 1 animal cells have no cell wall or plant cells have a cell wall 1 cell wall prevents lysis / bursting / allows turgidity allow correct description 1 [12]