

GCSE Biology

Hormonal Co-ordination

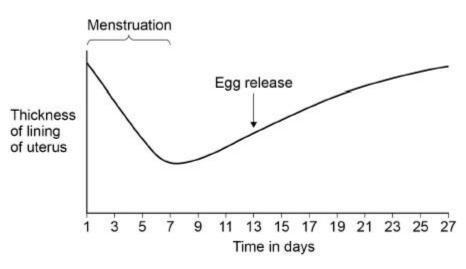
Question Paper

Time available: 60 minutes Marks available: 50 marks

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The graph below shows some changes that occur during the menstrual cycle.





(a) The graph above shows that the lining of the uterus thickens between days 7 and 27.What is the purpose of thickening the lining of the uterus?

Tick **one** box.

1.

To allow implantation of the embryo	
To break down waste	
To prevent sperm reaching the egg	

(b) Which hormone causes thickening of the lining of the uterus?

Tick **one** box.

Auxin Oestrogen

Testosterone

(1)

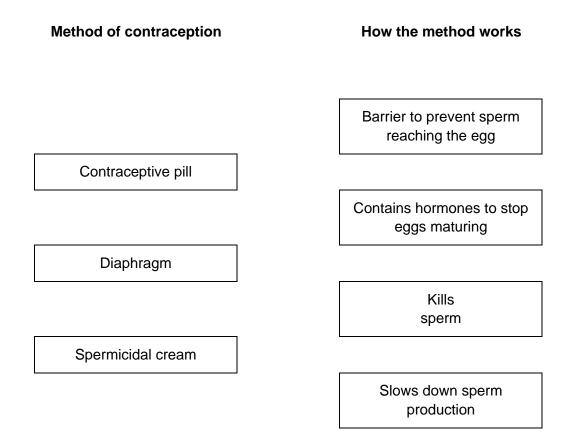
(c) On which day is fertilisation most likely to occur?Use information from the graph above.



(1)

Contraception can be used to lower the chance of pregnancy.

(d) Draw **one** line from each method of contraception to how the method works.



(3)

(e) The table below gives information about some different methods of contraception.

Method	Number of pregnancies per 100 women in one year	Possible Side effects
Diaphragm and spermicidal cream	8	Usually none, but can cause bladder infection in some women
Condom	2	None
Contraceptive pill	1	Mood swings, headaches, high blood pressure, blood clots, breast cancer

A man and a woman decide to use the condom as their method of contraception.

Suggest three reasons for this decision.

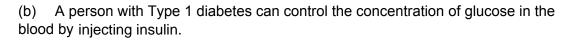
2.

(a)



Use information from the table above and your own knowledge.

1. _____ 2._____ 3. _____ (3) (Total 9 marks) A person with Type 1 diabetes cannot make enough insulin. Which organ makes insulin? Tick **one** box. Adrenal gland Pancreas Pituitary gland Thyroid





Complete the sentences. Choose

answers from the box.

DNA	glycogen	kidney
liver	protein	skin

Insulin acts on an organ called the ______.

This organ then takes in excess glucose from the blood and changes

the glucose into _____.

(2)

(c) Insulin cannot be taken as a tablet. This is because insulin is a type of protein.

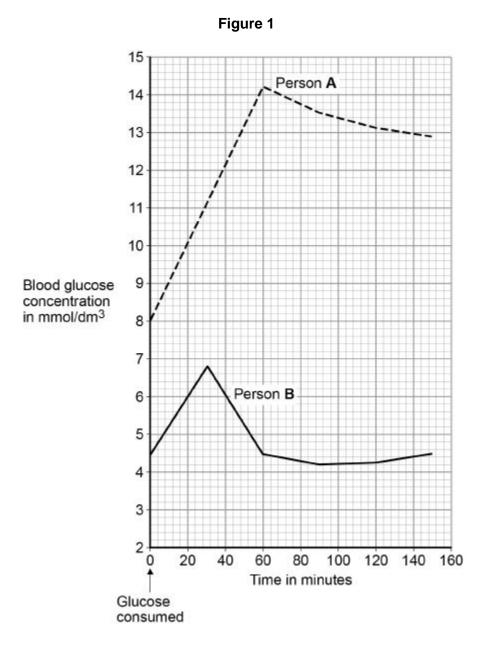
What would happen to the insulin in the tablet if it reached the stomach?

Two people each drank the same volume of a glucose drink.

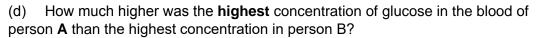
Person A has Type 1 diabetes.

Person **B** does **not** have diabetes.

Figure 1 shows how the concentration of glucose in their blood changed.









	Use information from Figure 1 .	www.accesstuition.com
		_
		_
	Answer = mmol/dm	
(e)	Describe one other way that the results for person A were different from the results person B .	
	Use information from Figure 1 .	
		_
		(1)

Type 2 diabetes is another form of diabetes. Type 2 diabetes is common in obese people.

People with Type 2 diabetes make enough insulin, but still cannot control their blood glucose concentration. This is because the body cells are not sensitive to the insulin.

Figure 2 shows information about abdominal fat and insulin sensitivity in body cells.

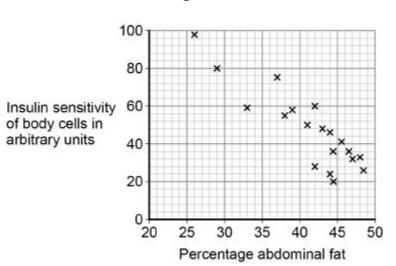


Figure 2

(f) What type of relationship is shown in Figure 2?

Tick **one** box.



(1)

A negative correlation	
No correlation	
A positive correlation	

(g) A person is at risk of developing Type 2 diabetes.

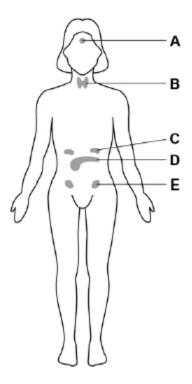
Suggest two ways the person could lower the chance of developing Type 2 diabetes.

> (2) (Total 10 marks)

3.



The diagram shows some of the glands in a woman's body that produce hormones.



The hormones that control the menstrual cycle are produced by the pituitary gland and by the ovaries.

(a) Which gland is the pituitary gland?

Tick one box.

	A B	c	D	E		(1)
(b)	Which gland is the ovary?					
	Tick one box.					
	А В	c	D	E		
	Complete the contense					(1)
(c)	Complete the sentence.					
	In the menstrual cycle, one eq	gg is released	approximately	every	days.	(1)

(d) Which hormone is used in the oral contraceptive pill?

Tick **one** box.



Adrenaline	
Insulin	
Progesterone	
Testosterone	
	(1)

(e) Describe how the oral contraceptive pill stops a woman becoming pregnant.

(f) Complete the sentences.

Choose the answers from the box.

adrenaline	insulin	oestrogen	progesterone	testosterone
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Development of the female secondary sex characteristics is controlled

by ______ .

Sperm production is stimulated by _____.

(2) (Total 8 marks)

(2)

(a) What is a h	normone?					www.accesst
(b) Name the t	two hormo	ones that cor	ntrol blood gluce	ose concentra	ation.	
			and			
			and			
The graph shows	s changes	in the conce	entration of gluc	ose in the blo	od of a healt	hy person
following a meal.			.			
	6 50					
	6.50	\wedge				
	6.50	\bigwedge				
	6.50	\bigwedge				
Concentration	6.00	\bigwedge				
of glucose in the blood in	6.00	$\left \right $				
of glucose in	6.00					
of glucose in the blood in	6.00					
of glucose in the blood in	6.00 5.50					
of glucose in the blood in	6.00					
of glucose in the blood in mmol/dm ³	6.00 5.50 5.00					
of glucose in the blood in mmol/dm ³	6.00 5.50 5.00					
of glucose in the blood in mmol/dm ³	6.00 5.50	0.50	1.00	1.50 ne in hours	2.00	2.50

(C)	Explain h	ow negative	feedback	controls	the blood	glucose	concentratio	n
during	g the first	one and a h	alf hours a	after the r	neal.			



(4) (Total 8 marks)

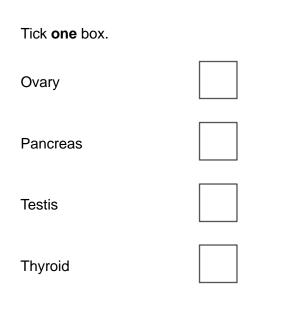
5. Glands in the body produce hormones.

(a) Use words from the box to label gland **A** and gland **B** on the diagram below.

Adrenal	Pancreas	Pituitary	Testis	Thyroid	
		A			
	R	~			
JE .	\$7.5 }				
	1				
		В			
	31	[

(2)

(b) Which gland produces oestrogen?



(c) **Table 1** shows some methods of contraception.

Type of contraception	Percentage (%) of pregnancies prevented
Oral pill	>99
Implant	99
Condom	98
Diaphragm	<96

Which method of contraception in Table 1 is least effective at preventing pregnancy?

(d) Which method of contraception in **Table 1** will protect against sexually transmitted diseases like HIV?

(1)

(1)



(e) Another method of contraception is called the intrauterine device (IUD).

There are two main types of IUD:



-1

- copper
- plastic.

Both types of IUD are more than 99% effective.

Look at Table 2.

	Copper IUD	Plastic IUD
How the IUD works	 releases copper copper changes the fluids in the uterus to kill sperm 	 releases a hormone hormone thickens mucus from the cervix so the sperm have more difficulty swimming to the egg
Benefits	 prevents pregnancy for up to 10 years can be removed at any time can be used as emergency contraception 	 prevents pregnancy for up to 5 years can be removed at any time
Possible side effects	 very painful periods heavy periods or periods which last for a long time feeling sick, back pain 	 painful periods light periods or no periods feeling sick, headaches, breast pain, acne hormones may affect mood ovarian cysts

Table 2

Evaluate the use of the plastic IUD as a contraceptive compared to the copper IUD.

Use the information in Table 2.





Hormones are involved in controlling the menstrual cycle and fertility.

6.

(b)

(a) (i) Use the correct answer from the box to complete the sentence.

auxin follicle stimulating hormone (FSH) thalidomide
A hormone produced by the pituitary gland is
Use the correct answer from the box to complete the sentence.
Iuteinising hormone (LH) oestrogen statin
A hormone produced by the ovaries is
Why are fertility drugs given to some women?
A doctor injects fertility drugs into a woman. After the injection, the hormones travel to the woman's ovaries.
How do the hormones travel to the ovaries?
Draw a ring around the correct answer.
through the bloodstream through the neurones through the skin

(c) Which two hormones are used in contraceptive pills?



Tick (✓) two boxes.



(2) (Total 6 marks)