Question number	Answer	Mark
1(a)(i)	D	(1)

Question number	Answer	Mark
1(a)(ii)	С	(1)

Question number	Answer	Mark
1(a)(iii)	cerebrum	(1)

Question	Answer	Mark
number		
1(b)	An explanation that makes reference to: identification – knowledge (1 mark) and reasoning /justification – knowledge (1 mark): • embryonic stem cells can be stimulated to produce cells of the retina (1) • which can be transplanted into a patient's eye to	(2)
	replace the damaged cells (1)	(2)

Question number	Answer	Mark
1(c)	 Any three improvements from the following: vary the time for computer usage (1) the activity used on the computer must be the same for each person (1) control the intake of food/drink/drugs before and during the test (1) repeat the test at different times of the day (1) repeat the test using more people (1) 	(3)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
1(d)(i)	• $\frac{0.258 + 0.685 + 0.236 + 0.246 + 0.268}{= 0.339 \text{ (1)}}$ • 339 (ms) (1)	award full marks for correct numerical answer without working	(2)

Question number	Answer	Mark
1(d)(ii)	it is the median value	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
Q02(a)i	structure A - dendron / dendrite structure B - nucleus answers must be in the correct order	(2)
	answers must be in the correct order	

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
2(a)(ii)	B ⊠ electrical impulses		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(a)(iii)	A description to include:		(2)
	<pre>insulates the (electrical) impulse / insulates the {axon / neurone} (from surrounding tissue) (1) allows quicker (electrical)</pre>	accept: speeds up transmission / sends	
	conductance (1)	{impulses / signals} faster	
		ignore references to protection of the axon	
		ignore reference to messages	

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
Q02aiv	synapse(s) / synaptic cleft / synaptic gap	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(b)	A description linking four of the following {receptor} detects a stimulus (1) sensory neurone passes (impulse) to {relay neurone / spinal cord / CNS} (1) relay neurone in spinal cord /CNS (1) relay neurone passes (impulse) onto motor neurone (1) motor neurone passes (impulse) to {effector / muscle /gland} (1) {effector / muscle /gland}	accept sensory neurone to motor neurone for 1 mark	(4)
	initiates response (1)		

Total for question 2 = 10 marks