Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(a)	A comparison including two of the following:		(3)
	both increase (1) oxygen uptake increases more when running / less when walking (from 6 to 10 km per hr) (1)	accept from 6 to 10 km per hour running increase by $13 \pm 1$ and walking increase by $22\pm 1$	
	from 6 to 8 km per hour running has a higher oxygen uptake (1)	accept quoted figures ± 1 eg at 6 running uses 2 (cm <sup>3</sup> /kg/min) more than walking accept any speed between 6 and 7.9 (km per hr)	
	at 8 km per hour both running and walking have the same oxygen uptake (1)	ignore lines cross at 8	
	from 8 to 10 km walking has a higher oxygen uptake (1)	accept quoted figures ± 1 eg at 9 running uses 6 (cm <sup>3</sup> /kg/min) less than walking accept any speed between 8.1 and 10	

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(b)(i)	(oxygen + glucose →) water + carbon dioxide	both water and carbon dioxide are required in either order. Accept H <sub>2</sub> O + CO <sub>2</sub> Ignore: energy reject wrong symbols eg H2O or H <sup>2</sup> O	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(b)(ii)	an explanation linking two of the following:	<b>'More' only has to be stated</b> once for MP 2 and 3 more respiration for energy is carried out = 2 marks.	(2)
	muscles <b>contract</b> more / faster (1)		
	more (aerobic) respiration (1)		
	(so) more energy ( is needed from aerobic respiration) (1)	Reject produce / make energy	

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(b)(iii)	B statement 2 only		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(c)(i)	24 ÷ 0.12 (1)	two marks for correct bald answer	(2)
	= 200 (beats per minute)		

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(c)(ii)	more blood per minute / faster blood flow (1) more oxygen / glucose (transported to muscle cells) (1)	<b>'more' only has to be stated once</b> blood flows faster carrying oxygen /glucose = 2 marks.	(2)

Total for Question 1 = 11 marks

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(a)(i)	<ul> <li>Any two of the following points:</li> <li>(yeast cell) <ul> <li>has a nucleus (1)</li> <li>does not have a flagellum</li> <li>(1)</li> <li>does not have a plasmid</li> <li>(1)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Accept: has a vacuole	
	<ul> <li>(bacterial cell)</li> <li>has chromosomal DNA / circular DNA (1)</li> <li>has a capsule (1)</li> <li>has a slime coat (1)</li> <li>does not have mitochondria (1)</li> </ul>	accept: named bacterial feature e.g pilli, small ribosome, if not labelled in yeast cell	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(a)(ii)	does not have chloroplasts/chlorophyll	cannot photosynthesise	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(b)(i)	$7 \times 10^{9}$ (-) $5 \times 10^{10}$ (1) = (-)4.3 × 10 <sup>10</sup> or (-)43 × 10 <sup>9</sup>	two marks for correct bald answer accept 43 000 000 000	
		allow one mark for correct subtraction from wrongly selected numbers	
		only accept the numbers in the table with a correct minus calculation	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(b)(ii)	<ul> <li>A description including any two of the following points:</li> <li>involved in defence against disease / part of immune system (1)</li> <li>phagocytosis (1)</li> <li>antibody / antitoxin production (1)</li> </ul>	accept: (fight pathogen / harmful microorganism / named microorganism) accept: engulf / ingest / surround /digest cells	
		reject: <u>make</u> antigens ignore: refs to role of red blood cells or platelets	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(b)(iii)	tired / lack of energy / lethargy / short of breath	anaemia /fainting / less oxygen / increased anaerobic respiration	
		reject: references to asthma	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(a)(i)	<ul> <li>(heart rate =)198 to 200 (1)</li> <li>(0.18 x 198 to 200 = ) 35.6 to 36 (1)</li> </ul>	2 marks for correct bald answer ecf	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(a)(ii)	B - 12.8 mmol dm <sup>-3</sup>		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(a)(iii)	D - the concentration of lactic acid is not dependent on heart rate		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(a)(iv)	<ul> <li>Any three from the following:</li> <li>lactic acid increases / more lactic acid produced (as exercise increases) (1)</li> <li>using more energy /muscles working / contracting harder / faster (1)</li> <li><u>aerobic</u> respiration at its maximum (rate) (1)</li> <li>as oxygen not supplied fast enough / muscles not getting enough oxygen (1)</li> <li><u>anaerobic</u> respiration occurs (producing lactic acid) (1)</li> </ul>	Accept stops Ignore breathing Accept body Accept not enough oxygen /oxygenated blood	(3)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(b)	<ul><li>Any three from the following:</li><li>(concentration of lactic acid) decreases (1)</li></ul>	Accept amount	
	<ul> <li>lactic acid broken down(1)</li> <li>using oxygen / oxidised(1)</li> <li>into carbon dioxide and water (1)</li> </ul>	Accept if written in a word or formula equation for MP3 and MP4	
	<ul> <li>ref to oxygen debt / EPOC (1)</li> </ul>		(3)