Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(a)(i)	A description including two of the following:		(2)
	as pH decreases so do the number of species in the lake (1)	accept: the more acidic the lake is the lower the number of species {more species / types of organisms} live in more neutral conditions /less organisms live where {low pH /more acidic}	
	all the organisms /species in the lake are found at 6.0/6.5 (1)		
	comment on specific reading from the graph e.g. (only) {frogs / 1 organism} remain at lowest pH. eq. (1)		

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
1(a)(ii)	D ⊠ sulfur dioxide		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(b)	An explanation linking three of the following:		(3)
	eutrophication (1)		
	causes an algal bloom (1)	accept: increase d growth of algae	
	plants { at the bottom of the lake / underneath the algae} cannot get light to photosynthesise (1)		
	plants at the bottom of the lake die and microorganisms break them down (1)	accept: decomposers for microorganisms	
	microorganisms respire removing oxygen from the water (1)		
	reduction in biodiversity (1)	Ignore references to fish suffocating / dying this is insufficient for this marking point	

Question Number	Answer		Mark
Q1(c)	condition clean water	indicator species stonefly (larvae / nymph)/ (freshwater) shrimp / mayfly larvae/nymph/ caddis fly larvae / dragonfly nymph / damselfly nymph / riffle beetle / water penny larvae /	(1)
	polluted water	bloodworm / sludgeworm / algae / rat tailed maggot / water louse/ leeches/ planarian worms / aquatic worms /	
		o organisms such as frogs / socies specific indicator species. en please put into review	snails/

Total for Question 1 = 8 marks

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(a)	A description to include three of the following		(3)
	selection of individuals with {favourable characteristics/largest cobs}/collect seeds from plants with large cobs (1)		
	cross breeding (of selected individuals)/plant seeds together (from maize with large cobs) (1)	accept selective breeding	
	selection of offspring (1)		
	repeat process over time (1)		

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(b)	An explanation including two of the following		(2)
	reduce number of pests (1)	accept kill pests/insects/named pest/deters animals reject predators	
	reduced damage to crop/maize (1)		
	increased yield (1)		
	OR		
	kills weeds (1)		
	reduces competition for {light/space/named resource}(1)		
	increased yield (1)		

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(c)	A discussion to include a maximum of two from Advantages:		(4)
	removes CO ₂ when growing (1)	accept carbon neutral reject CO ²	
	less use of {fossil fuels/named fuel} (1)		
	reduced SO ₂ emissions (1)	reject SO ²	
	renewable / can be regrown quickly /sustainable (1)		
	A discussion to include a maximum of two from Disadvantages:		
	reduced food production (1)	accept deforestation	
	takes up land (1)		
	reduced biodiversity (1)		
	crop growth is weather dependent (1)		
		ignore references to cost and energy content	

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
2(d)	A ⊠ Agrobacterium tumefaciens		(1)

Total for Question 2 = 10 marks

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(a)(i)	photosynthesis		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(a)(ii)	A description of the processes that return carbon dioxide to the atmosphere including • respiration in animals / respiration from arrow 2 (1) • respiration in plants / respiration from arrow 5 (1)	accept trees combusting/burning releasing CO ₂	
	 decomposition /respiration by microorganisms / decomposition /respiration arrow 3 (1) 	ignore - references to arrow 1 returning carbon dioxide to the atmosphere / photosynthesis / references to arrow 4	(3)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3 (b)	An explanation linking the first bullet point with an explanation including • increase in carbon dioxide levels (1) Plus one of the following • respiration/ burning of fossil fuels/ waste decaying (1) • deforestation leading to reduced photosynthesis (1)	maximum 1 mark for reason accept named fossil fuel	
			(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3 (c)	lichen / blackspot fungus	other air quality indicator species eg. canaries / algae / moss / peppered moths	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(d)	An explanation linking three of the following including points		
	algal bloom/ increased algae / more algae (1)	Ignore encourages algae to grow	
	 blocks sunlight (from plants growing on the bottom of the lake/river) (1) 		
	• so stops photosynthesis (1)		
	(plants die) so decomposers break them down	Accept bacteria/microorganisms for decomposers No mark for 'plants die'	
	 which use oxygen for respiration /oxygen depletion (1) 	Do not give mark for just low oxygen this must be linked to microorganisms (respiring)	(3)

(Total for question 3 = 10 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4 (a)	C (1)		
	least amount of freshwater shrimps found at C (1)	Reference to freshwater shrimps as indicator species	
		freshwater shrimps can only survive in clean water / cannot survive in polluted water	
		more shrimps die in polluted water	(2)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
4 (b)			
	D		(1)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
4 (c)			
	C		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4 (d)	A description of the process linking four of the following points:		
	algae (on the surface) of the stream show rapid growth (1)	algal bloom occurs / large increase in growth of algae /other plants grow quickly	
	 (they) block light to the photosynthesising plants below (1) 		
	(causing) plants on the stream bed to die (1)		
	 decomposers use up oxygen to break down these dead plants (1) 	Accept microorganisms / microbes / bacteria	
	other organisms die due to lack of oxygen (1)	Accept reference to anaerobic bacteria can function in anoxic conditions - not against a current marking point	(4)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(a)(i)	• $2.1 \times 10^4 = 21\ 000 \times 0.1 = 2\ 100$ in the water beetle (1)	award full marks for correct numerical	
	 210 J in the bird (1) 	answer without working	(2)

Question number	Answer	Mark
5 (a)(ii)	it limits the length of the food chain	(1)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5 (b)(i)	• 107 ÷ 153 (1)	award full marks for	
	• $0.6993464 \times 100 = 70\% (1)$	correct numerical	
	Answer to 2 significant figures	answer without working	(2)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(b)(ii)	An explanation that combines identification via a judgment (1 mark) to reach a conclusion via justification/reasoning (1 mark):	accept other correct indicators from the table.	
	stream B is more polluted that stream A (1)	accept higher oxygen levels in place of clean water	
	Plus one from: • (because) stream A contains stonefly larvae/mayfly larvae (which are indicators of clean water) (1) • (because) stream B contains larger numbers of blood worm and sludge worm (which are	accept lower oxygen levels in place of polluted water	
	indicators of polluted water) (1)		(2)

Question number	Answer	Mark
5 (c)	 An explanation that combines identification – understanding (1 mark) and reasoning/justification – understanding (3 marks): plants growing on the bottom of the stream will be unable to receive sunlight due to the thick layer of algae (1) these plants will not be able to photosynthesise and will die and start to decompose (1) the microorganisms decomposing the plants will respire, removing oxygen from the water (1) the stream will become anoxic/oxygen depleted and other respiring organisms (plants and animals) will not be able to survive so biodiversity will be reduced (1) 	(4)