Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(a)(i)	electrical (energy) / electricity / direct (electric) current		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(a)(ii)	<ul> <li>A description including</li> <li>{ light / ignite} gas / lighted splint (1)</li> <li>gas burns / (squeaky) pop (if air is present) (1)</li> </ul>	reject glowing splint second mark conditional on first	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(b)	sea water / salt / brine / sodium chloride (solution)		(1)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
1(c)(i)	<b>D</b> salt and water only		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(c)(ii)	A description to include two from		(2)
	<ul> <li>(green) solid { disappears / dissolves} (1)</li> </ul>	ignore references to names of products	
	effervesces / bubbles (of colourless gas) given off (1)	fizz	
	• blue (solution) forms (1)	goes blue ignore incorrect colours of solution	
		ignore temperature rise	

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
1(d)(i)	<ul> <li>An explanation linking</li> <li>tablet C (1)</li> <li>because it neutralises greatest volume of acid (1)</li> </ul>	ignore references to rate	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(d)(ii)	{crushed tablets / chewed tablets} have a shorter reaction time (than whole tablets) (1)	ignore crushed because times are quicker / larger surface area / do not need to break down	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(a)	magnesium nitrate water carbon dioxide  all three correct (2)	allow correct formulae	(2)
	magnesium nitrate + one other correct (1)		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
<b>2</b> (b)(i)	C – neutralisation		(1)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
<b>2</b> (b)(ii)	$ZnO + 2HCI \rightarrow ZnCl_2 + H_2O (3)$	correct multiples ignore state symbols	
	LHS (1) RHS (1) balancing of correct formula (1)		(3)

Questio		Indicative Content	Mark	
Number				
QWC	*2(c)	A description including some of the following points  experiment set up		
			(6)	
Level		No rewardable content		
1	1 – 2	<ul> <li>a limited description e.g. simple description/diagram of electrolysis set up OR description of test for one of the gases.</li> <li>the answer communicates ideas using simple language and uses limited scientific terminology</li> <li>spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with limited accuracy</li> </ul>		
2	3 – 4	<ul> <li>a simple description e.g. a full description of electrolysis of for both gases OR simple description of electrolysis and the one of the gases.</li> <li>the answer communicates ideas showing some evidence of and organisation and uses scientific terminology appropriates spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with some acceptable.</li> </ul>	ne test for of clarity ately	
3	5 – 6	<ul> <li>a detailed description e.g. description of electrolysis and t both gases OR a full description of electrolysis and of one</li> <li>The answer communicates ideas clearly and coherently us range of scientific terminology accurately</li> <li>spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with few error</li> </ul>	gas test. ses a	

Question	Answers	Acceptable Answers	Mark
Number			
3 (a)	A aluminium nitrate		(1)
	and lead sulfate		

Question Number	Answers	Acceptable Answers	Mark
3 (b)	An explanation linking two of the following	Any reference to molecules/molecular/intermolecular/covalent scores 0 marks overall	
	strong (forces of / electrostatic) attraction (1)	strong bonds ignore "between atoms" for this mark ignore strong lattice / giant structure	
	(between) oppositely charged ions (1)	positive and negative <u>ions</u> reject between bonds reject charged atoms for this mark	
	requires lot of heat/energy { to separate ions/overcome forces/break bonds}	{high / more} {heat / energy} ignore hard to melt/high temperature needed	
	(1)		(2)

Question Number	Answers	Acceptable Answers	Mark
3 (c)(i)	<pre>white { precipitate /solid}</pre>	white powder	(1)

Question	Answers	Acceptable Answers	Mark
Number			
<b>3</b> (c)(ii)	BaSO <sub>4</sub> + 2KCl (2)	SO <sub>4</sub> Ba / CIK	
	OR		
		Ignore incorrect use of case, or use of	(2)
	BaSO <sub>4</sub> + KCI (1)	superscript or large number 4	

Question Number	Answers	Acceptable Answers	Mark
3(d)(i)	C K <sup>+</sup>		
			(1)

Question Number	Answers	Acceptable Answers	Mark
3 (d)(ii)	A description linking three of the following		
	(sequence has to be correct for full marks)		
	M1 add/mix/react only sodium carbonate (solution) and lead	add/mix/react the (two) solutions/them	
	nitrate (solution) (1)	for M1 ignore warm/heat mixture	
		if any indication of heating to evaporate anywhere only M1 can be scored	
		if any other reagent added eg acid can score max 2 for question	
	M2 filter (off precipitate) (1)	decant (off the solution)	
	M3 dep on M2		
	M3 wash/rinse (solid/residue with distilled water)	reject if wash with acid or other reagent	
	OR		
	dry using {filter paper/paper towel/in a (warm/drying) oven} (1)	leave to dry / in the sun / on a radiator / near a window reject heat/hot oven	
			(3)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(a)	<b>D</b> aq I		(1)

Question	Answer	acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
4(b)	$H^{+} + OH^{-} (1) \rightarrow H_{2}O (1)$	LHS (1) RHS (1) ignore state symbols, even if incorrect. allow inclusion of spectator ions,	
		Na <sup>+</sup> and Cl <sup>-</sup> , if shown on both sides for one mark max	(2)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
4(c)(i)	suitable acid-base indicator	litmus	
	eg methyl orange, phenolphthalein	reject universal indicator allow recognisable phonetic	(1)
	prendprinalen	spelling	(.)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(c)(ii)	correct colour change for suitable indicator in 4(c)(i):		
	methyl orange : yellow → orange/pink/red	litmus : blue → red	
	phenolphthalein : magenta/pink → colourless	ignore clear	(1)

Link 4ci and 4cii together on e-Pen

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(d)	rel mass NaOH = 23.0 + 16.0 + 1.00 (1)	(= 40.0) (1)	
	concentration = 20.0 x 1 (1) formula mass	0.5 (mol dm <sup>-3</sup> ) without working (2)	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(e)	moles of NaOH = $25.0 \times 1.50$ (1) 1000 (= 0.0375 moles) ratio 1 : 1 / moles NaOH = moles HCI (1)	0.0375 (1) — without working shown	
	conc of HCI = $0.0375 \times 1000$ (1) 30.0 (= 1.25 (mol dm <sup>-3</sup> )) OR $25.0 \times 1.50 = 30.0 \times \text{conc acid (2)}$	conc of HCI = 1.25 (mol dm <sup>-3</sup> )(3) without any working shown allow ecf	
	conc of HCl = $\frac{25.0 \times 1.50}{30.0}$ (1) (=1.25 (mol dm <sup>-3</sup> ))	conc = $30.0 \times 1.50$ = 1.80 (2) 25.0 (mol dm <sup>-3</sup> )	
		allow 0.00125 /0.125 / 12.5 max 2	(3)