

## Transformers

- 1 A small notebook computer has a power rating of 40 W.  
The computer is connected to the mains supply through a step-down transformer.  
The mains supply is a.c.

(a) (i) How much energy is supplied to the computer each second?

Put a cross (☒) in the box next to your answer.

(1)

**A** 0.025 J

**B** 4.0 J

**C** 40 J

**D** 240 J

(ii) Sketch an alternating current on the axes shown.

(1)



(b) The step-down

- 2400 turns on the primary coil
- 200 turns on the secondary coil
- a primary voltage of 230 V.

Calculate the voltage output of the secondary coil.

(3)

secondary voltage = ..... V

(c) (i) Explain how transformers are used to improve the efficiency of power transmission in the National Grid.

(3)

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(ii) Explain why flying a kite near power lines could be a danger to the person flying the kite.

(2)

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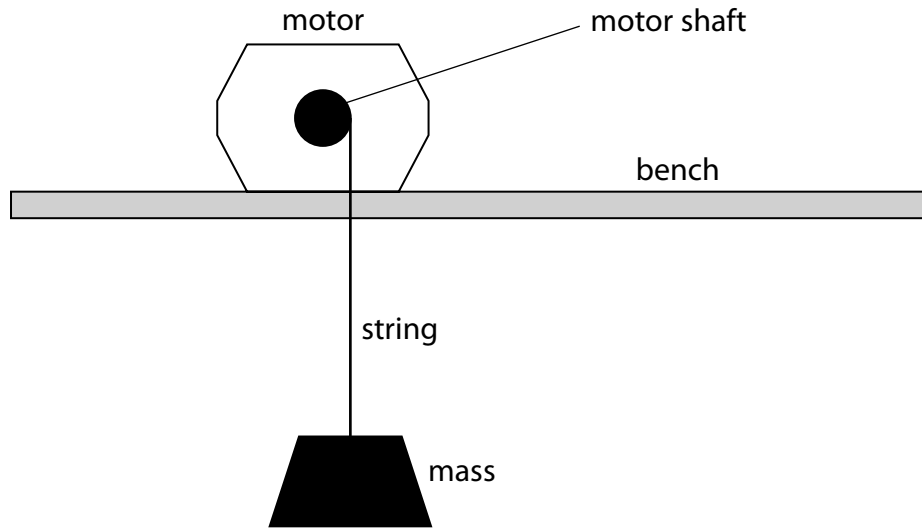
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**(Total for Question 4 = 10 marks)**

2 The efficiency of an electric motor is investigated as shown in Figure 11.

The motor lifts a mass at a constant speed.



**Figure 11**

The results are shown in Figure 12.

|                         |       |
|-------------------------|-------|
| current in motor        | 1.9A  |
| voltage across motor    | 10.0V |
| time taken to lift mass | 9.0s  |

**Figure 12**

(a) (i) Which of these changes would improve the results?

(1)

- A** Repeating the investigation with different masses
- B** Repeating the readings and calculating averages
- C** Using a motor that works with a higher voltage
- D** Using a shorter piece of string to lift the mass

(ii) Which of these best shows the energy stores as the mass is lifted?

(1)

|                                   | kinetic energy of the mass | potential energy of the mass |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> <b>A</b> | constant                   | increasing                   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> <b>B</b> | constant                   | decreasing                   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> <b>C</b> | decreasing                 | increasing                   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> <b>D</b> | decreasing                 | decreasing                   |

(b) (i) Show that the total energy supplied to the motor in the 9 s is about 170 J.

(2)

(ii) During the 9 s the efficiency of the motor is 70%.

Calculate the amount of useful energy transferred in the 9 s.

Use the equation

$$\text{efficiency} = \frac{\text{useful energy transferred}}{\text{total energy supplied}}$$

(3)

useful energy = ..... J

(c) Which row of the table is correct for the resistance of the motor?

(1)

|                                   | resistance of motor = | resistance of motor = |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> <b>A</b> | $I \div V$            | $I^2 \div P$          |
| <input type="checkbox"/> <b>B</b> | $V \div I$            | $P \div I^2$          |
| <input type="checkbox"/> <b>C</b> | $V \div I$            | $P \times I^2$        |
| <input type="checkbox"/> <b>D</b> | $I \times V$          | $P \div I^2$          |

(d) When the motor lifts the mass, the coil in the motor becomes warm.

Explain why the coil becomes warm.

(3)

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**(Total for Question 5 = 11 marks)**