

Please write clearly in block capit	
Centre number	Candidate number
Surname	
Forename(s)	
Candidate signature	

GCSE BIOLOGY

F

Foundation Tier Paper 2F

Friday 7 June 2019

Afternoon

Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a ruler
- · a scientific calculator.

Instructions

- · Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions in the spaces provided.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.

Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- You are expected to use a calculator where appropriate.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.

For Examiner's Use			
Question	Mark		
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
TOTAL			

	Answer all questions in the spaces provided.				
0 1	The nervous system allows a person to detect stir	nuli.			
0 1.1	Draw one line from each stimulus to the sense organ that detects the stimulus. [2 marks]				
	Stimulus	Sense organ			
	Chemicals	Ear			
		Eye			
	Light	Tongue			
	Moving a hand away from a hot object is an exam	ple of a reflex action.			
0 1.2	What is a reflex action?	[2 marks]			



0 1.3	A muscle in the arm moves the hand away from the hot object.	Do not write outside the box	
How does the arm muscle do this? [1 mark]			
	Tick (✓) one box.		
	The muscle contracts.		
	The muscle expands.		
	The muscle relaxes.		
	The muscle shrinks.		
	Question 1 continues on the next page		

Two students investigated the effect of drinking coffee on reaction time.

This is the method used.

- 1. Student A holds a metre rule just above student B's hand, as shown in Figure 1.
- 2. Student A lets go of the metre rule.
- 3. Student **B** catches the metre rule as quickly as possible.
- 4. Student A writes down the reading from the scale on the metre rule.
- 5. Students A and B repeat steps 1–4 another four times.
- 6. Student **B** then drinks a cup of coffee.
- 7. After 15 minutes, students **A** and **B** repeat steps 1–5.

Figure 1

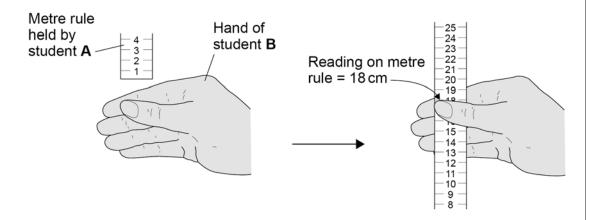
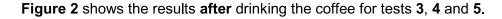


Table 1 shows some of the results.

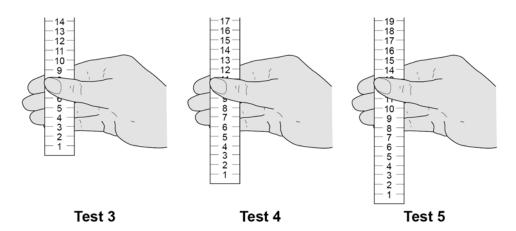
Table 1

Test	Reading from scale on metre rule in cm			
	Before drinking coffee	After drinking coffee		
1	18	10		
2	21	14		
3	15			
4	12			
5	19			









0 1 . 4 Complete Table 1.

Use results from Figure 2.

[2 marks]

The students made the following conclusion:

'Drinking coffee speeds up reactions.'

0 1 . 5 Give evidence from **Table 1** to support the students' conclusion.

[1 mark]

0 1 . 6 The students' conclusion may **not** be valid.

Suggest **two** improvements the students could make to their method.

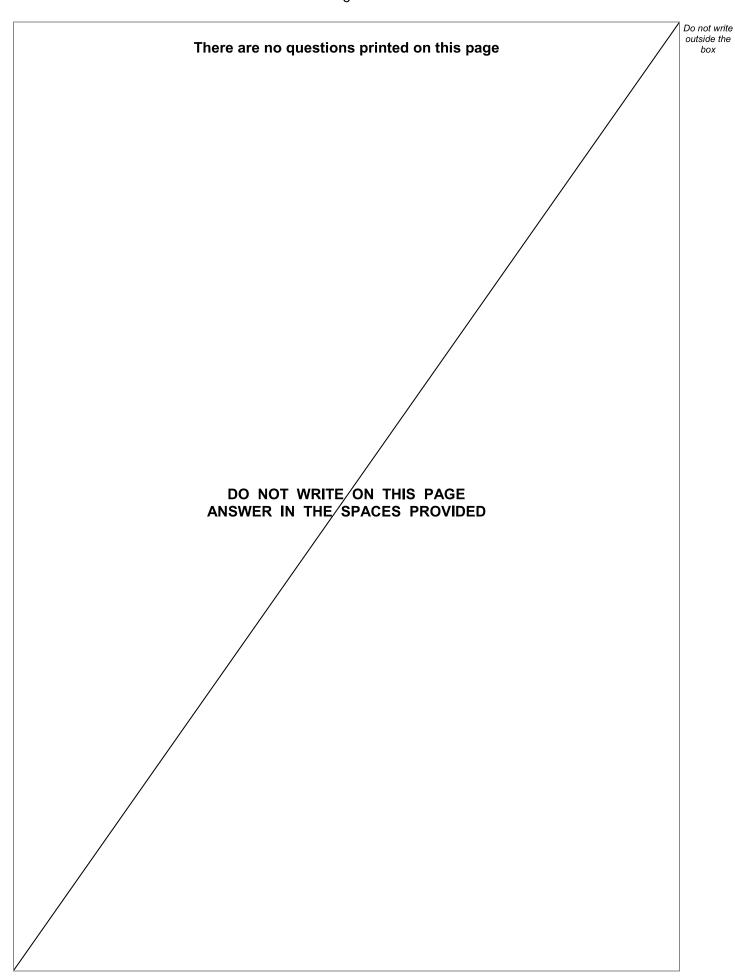
[2 marks]

' _____

2_____

10







box

0 2 . 2	A man with free earlobes and a woman with attached earlobes have children together.					
	Complete Figure 4 to show the possible genotypes of the children.					
	Use the symbols:					
	E = allele for free earlobese = allele for attached earlobes					
	e – aliele foi attached earlobes					[2 marks]
			Figure	4		
			Wor	man		
			е	е		
		E	Ee			
	Man	e				
0 2 . 3	What is the probability that one	of the	children	would ha	ave attached	earlobes?
	Use Figure 4.					
	Tick (✓) one box.					[1 mark]
				[
	0.125 0.2	25		0.5		0.75



0 2 . 4

Figure 5 shows the inheritance of the sex chromosomes, X and Y.

Complete **Figure 5** to show the sex chromosomes in the gametes of the man and the woman.

[2 marks]

Figure 5

Moman

XX XX

Man

XY XY

O 2.5 Calculate the probability that the man and the woman's next child will be a girl with attached earlobes.

[2 marks]

Use the equation:

probability of a girl with attached earlobes

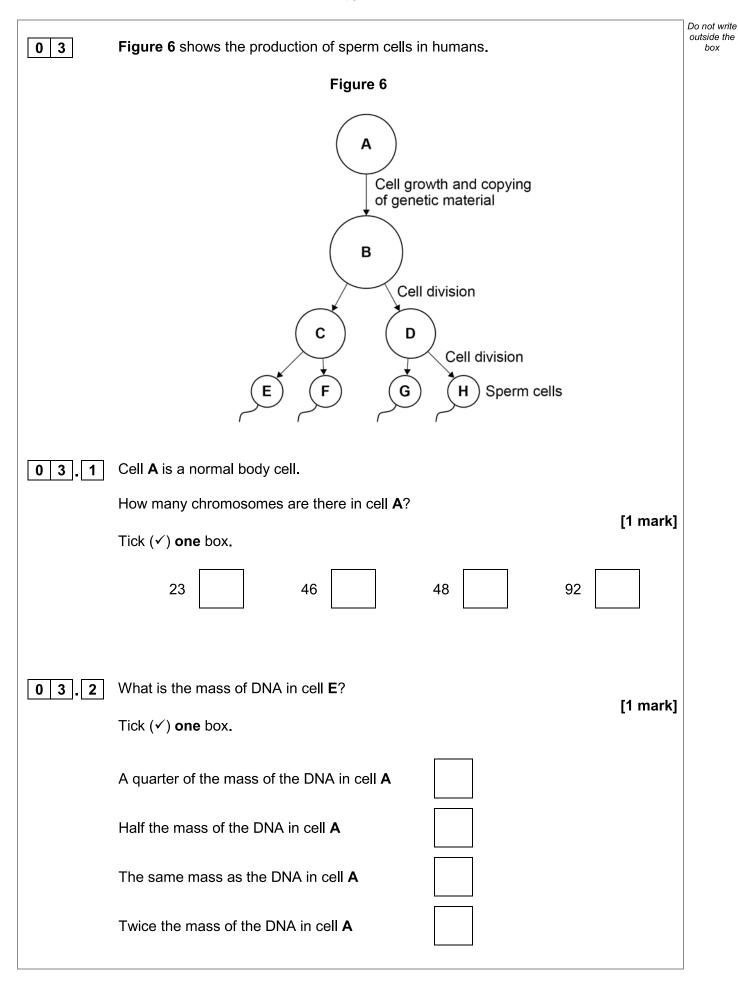
= probability of attached earlobes \times probability of being a girl

Probability of a girl with attached earlobes = _____

Turn over ▶

8







0 3.3	What type of cell division produces sperm cells?	Do not write outside the box
	[1 mark] Tick (✓) one box.	
	Binary fission Differentiation	
	Meiosis	
0 3.4	Sometimes there are errors in copying the genetic material. What term describes an error in the genetic material? [1 mark] Tick (✓) one box.	
	Fertilisation Mitosis Mutation	
0 3.5	A woman has three children, aged 4, 6 and 9 years. Why are the children not genetically identical? [2 marks]	



In sexual reproduction, a sperm cell fuses with an egg cell to form a new single cell.

An embryo develops from the single cell.

The cell divides three times to produce the embryo.

How many cells are there in the embryo after three cell divisions?

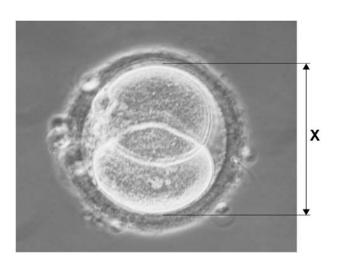
[1 mark]

Tick (✓) one box.

Figure 7 shows a different human embryo.

3

Figure 7



0 3 . 7 Measure image length X on Figure 7.

Give your answer in millimetres (mm).

[1 mark]

X = mm



0 3

0 3 . 8	The image in Figure 7 has been magnified ×500		Do not write outside the box
	Calculate the real length of the embryo.		
	Use the equation:		
	real length of the embryo = $\frac{\text{image length}}{\text{magnification}}$		
	Give your answer in micrometres (μm).		
	1 mm = 1000 μm	[3 marks]	
	Real length of the embryo =	μm	
0 3.9	The embryo may not implant in the lining of the uterus. The embryo will then be lest from the woman's body several days later.		
	The embryo will then be lost from the woman's body several days later. Explain why the woman may not notice this has happened.	[2 marks]	
			13

Turn over for the next question

Do not write outside the box 0 4 Gardeners sometimes make compost heaps from dead plant material. The dead plants decay in the compost heap. Figure 8 shows a compost heap. Figure 8 Layers of dead plant Thin layers material of soil The thin layers of soil contain organisms that cause decay. Which two types of organism cause decay? [2 marks] Tick (✓) **two** boxes. Bacteria Fungi Grass Insects Worms

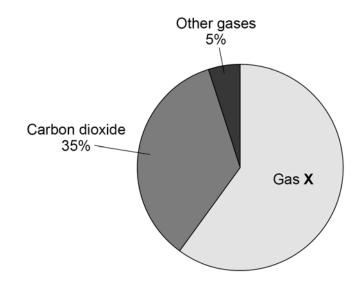


	15
	The rate of decay in the compost heap depends on several environmental factors.
4 . 2	Explain how the rate of decay would be affected by:
	an increase in oxygen concentration
	a temperature increase from 5 °C to 25 °C [3 marks]
4 . 3	Give one environmental factor needed for decay.
	Do not refer to oxygen or temperature in your answer. [1 mark]
	Overtion A continues on the most name
	Question 4 continues on the next page

Dead plant material can also be decayed in a biogas generator.

Figure 9 shows the percentages of the gases found in a sample of biogas.





0 4.4	Gas X is the main fue	I gas found in the biogas.	
	What is gas X ?		[4 mouls]
	Tick (✓) one box.		[1 mark]
	Carbon monoxide		
	Hydrogen		
	Methane		
	Nitrogen		



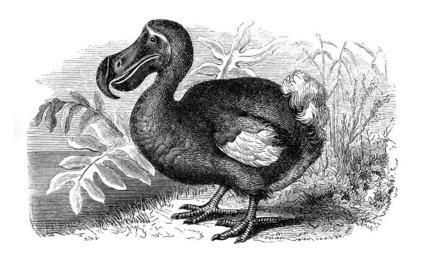
0 4.5	What is the percentage of gas X in the biogas? [1 mark]	Do not w. outside t box
	Percentage =%	
0 4.6	The dead plant material in the compost heap and biogas generator does not decay completely.	
	Explain why a farmer might spread the remaining dead plant material onto his fields. [2 marks]	
		10

Turn over for the next question

0 5

Figure 10 shows a flightless bird called the dodo (Raphus cucullatus).

Figure 10



The dodo:

- was 1 m tall
- had a mass of 20 kg
- · lived in rainforests on a tropical island
- ate fruits
- made its nest on the ground.

A female dodo laid only one egg each year.

Humans arrived on the island in the year 1507. By 1681 the dodo was extinct.

0 5.1	What is the genus of the dodo?		
	Tick (✓) one box.		
	Animal		
	Bird		
	Raphus		



0 5.2	Before the arrival of humans, there were no other large animals living on the island. Suggest two reasons why the dodo became extinct soon after the arrival of humans. [2 marks] 2	Do not write outside the box
	Today, humans are cutting down large areas of tropical rainforests.	
0 5.3	Suggest one use of the land after the trees have been removed. [1 mark]	I
		-
0 5.4	Why does the removal of trees cause an increase in carbon dioxide in the atmosphere?	
	Tick (✓) two boxes.	
	There are fewer animals.	
	There is less photosynthesis.	
	There is less respiration.	
	The soil dries out.	
	The trees are burned.	



0	5	5

What effect would an increase in carbon dioxide in the atmosphere have on global air temperature?

[1 mark]

Tick (✓) one box.

Decrease

Increase

Stay the same

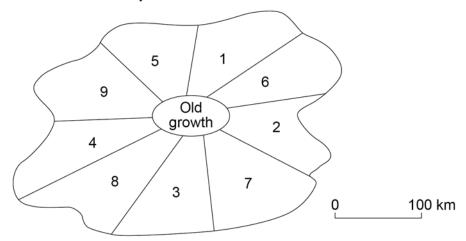
'Sustainable forestry' reduces the harmful effects of cutting down trees on the environment.

Figure 11 shows a method of 'sustainable forestry'.

Numbers 1–9 show different parts of a rainforest.

Figure 11

Map of the rainforest



The trees are cut down in the sequence 1-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9

- The trees are cut down in only one area at any one time.
- It takes 30 years to cut down the trees in each area.
- The trees in the 'Old growth' area are never cut down.



0 5.6	How many years would it take to cut down the trees in all of the numbered areas in Figure 11?	Do not write outside the box
	[2 marks]	
	Number of years =	
0 5 . 7	The rainforest contains:	
	• 750 species of trees	
	• 400 species of birds	
	• 150 species of butterflies	
	many other species of plants and animals.	
	Explain how the pattern of cutting down trees shown in Figure 11 stops the biodiversity of the rainforest being reduced.	
	[4 marks]	
		13



0 6	Two of the substances the b	oody excretes are ur	ea and carbon diox	iide.	Do not write outside the box
0 6.1	Complete the sentence. Choose the answer from the	e box.		[1 mark]	
	carbohydrate	lipid	protein	salt	
	A person makes a lot of urea	a if the person's diet			
0 6.2	Why must urea be excreted	from the body?		[1 mark]	
0 6 . 3	A person produces more ca Complete the sentences. Choose answers from the be		exercise than wher	resting. [2 marks]	
	breathing	digestion	1	egestion	
	osmo	osis	respiration		
	The process that makes car	bon dioxide is			
	During exercise, extra carbotherate of			dy by increasing	



0 6.4

Excess water must also be removed from the body.

If a person sweats a lot, less water will be excreted in the urine.

A healthy person did the same amount of exercise on each of 3 days.

Table 2 shows information for the 3 days.

Table 2

Day	Air temperature in °C	Volume of water consumed in cm ³	Relative amount of urine produced by the kidneys
1	30	1500	
2	20	1500	
3	15	2000	

Complete Table 2.

[2 marks]

Choose answers from the box.

least	medium	most

Question 6 continues on the next page



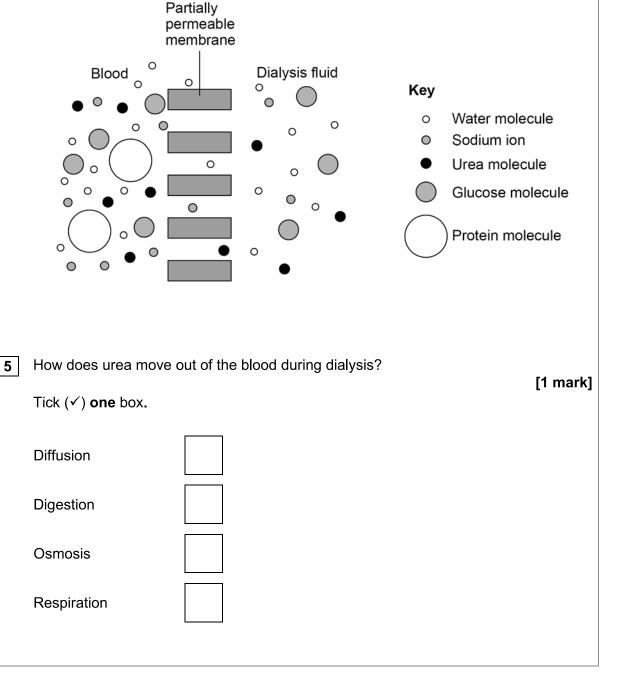
Some people have kidney disease.

Kidney disease may be treated by dialysis or by having a kidney transplant operation.

- During dialysis, a person is connected to a machine that filters the blood.
- Each dialysis session lasts about 6 hours.
- The person has several dialysis sessions each week.

Figure 12 shows how dialysis works.

Figure 12





0 6

		Do not write
0 6 . 6	Which substance in Figure 12 does not pass from the blood into the dialysis fluid?	box
	Give the reason for your answer. [2 marks]	
	Substance	
	Reason	
	Question 6 continues on the next page	
	Question o continues on the next page	

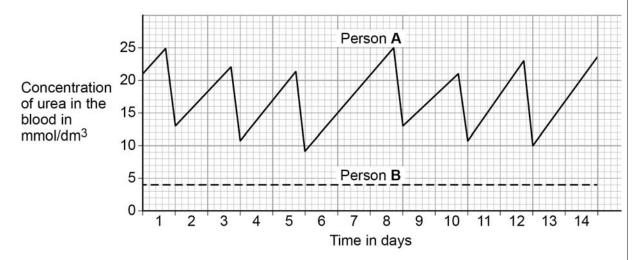


Two people have kidney disease.

- Person A is treated by dialysis.
- Person **B** has had a kidney transplant.

Figure 13 shows changes in the urea concentration in the blood of each person over 2 weeks.

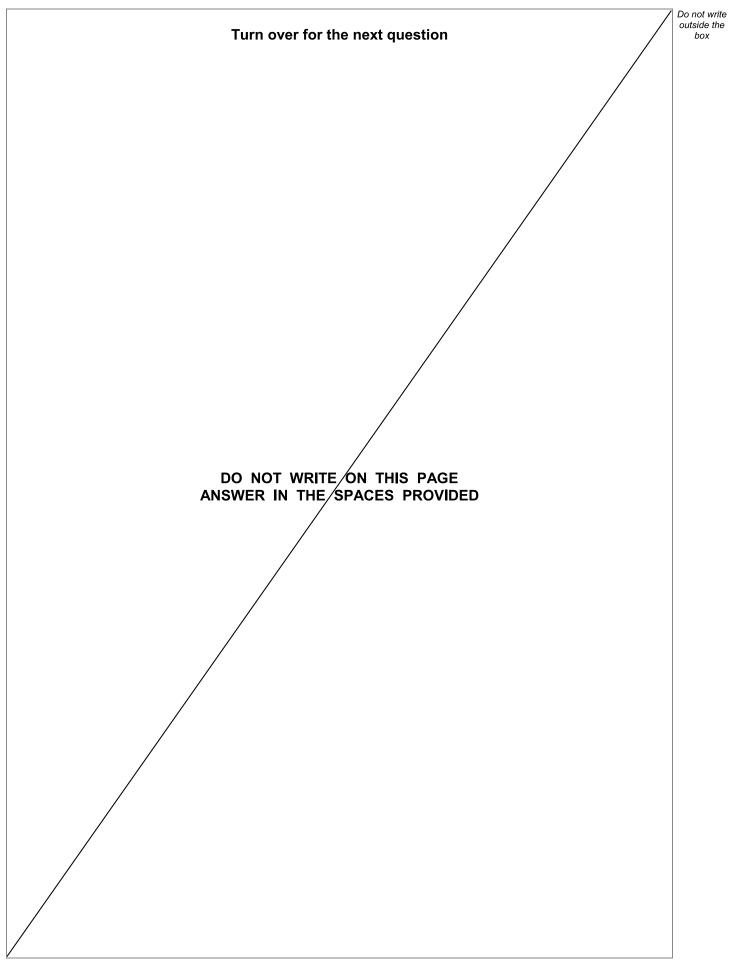
Figure 13



0 6 . 7	How many dialysis sessions did person A have each week? [1 mark]
0 6.8	What happens to the concentration of urea in the blood between dialysis sessions? [1 mark]
0 6.9	Give two reasons why a kidney transplant is a better method for treating kidney disease than dialysis. [2 marks]
	2



13





Do not write outside the box 0 7 Figure 14 shows a food chain in a pond. Figure 14 Dragonfly nymph Algae Daphnia Hydra 0 7 Which term describes the Daphnia in this food chain? [1 mark] Tick (✓) one box. Apex predator Primary consumer Producer Secondary consumer



		Do not write outside the
0 7 . 2	Draw a pyramid of biomass for the food chain.	box
	Label each trophic level.	
	[2 marks]	
	Oire and reason why the total biomess of the Dephasis in the word is different from	
0 7 . 3	Give one reason why the total biomass of the Daphnia in the pond is different from the total biomass of the algae.	
	[1 mark]	
	Question 7 continues on the next page	



Students investigated the size of the population of Daphnia in the pond.

This is the method used.

- 1. Collect 1 dm³ of pond water from near the edge of the pond.
- 2. Pour the water through a fine net.
- 3. Count the number of Daphnia caught in the net.
- 4. Repeat steps 1-3 four more times.

Table 3 shows the results.

Table 3

Sample number	Number of Daphnia in 1 dm³ water
1	5
2	21
3	0
4	16
5	28

0 7.4	Calculate the mean number of Daphnia in 1 m ³ of pond water.	
	$1 \text{ m}^3 = 1000 \text{ dm}^3$	[2 marks]
	Mean number of Daphnia in 1 m ³ of pond water =	



		1
0 7 . 5	The pond was a rectangular shape, measuring:	Do not write outside the box
	• length = 2.5 metres	
	• width = 1.5 metres	
	• depth = 0.5 metres.	
	Calculate the estimated number of Daphnia in the pond.	
	Use your answer from Question 07.4.	
	Give your answer in standard form. [4 marks]	
	[···········	
	Number of Daphnia in the pond =	

Question 7 continues on the next page

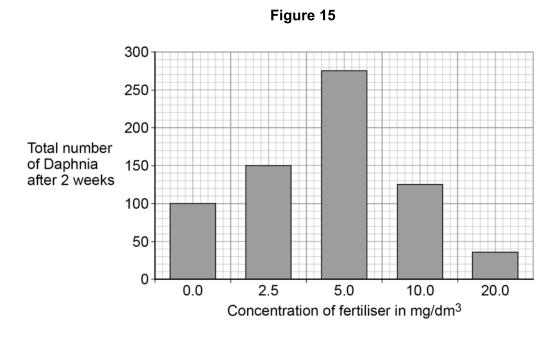


Rainfall can cause fertiliser to be washed from farmland into a pond.

The students investigated the effect of fertiliser on the population of Daphnia in water from the pond.

- The students put 20 Daphnia in each of five different concentrations of fertiliser.
- The students counted the total number of Daphnia in each concentration of fertiliser after 2 weeks.

Figure 15 shows the results.



0 7.6	A concentration of 5.0 mg/dm³ of fertiliser caused a large increase in the population of Daphnia.		
	Explain why. [2 marks]		



14

Turn over for the next question

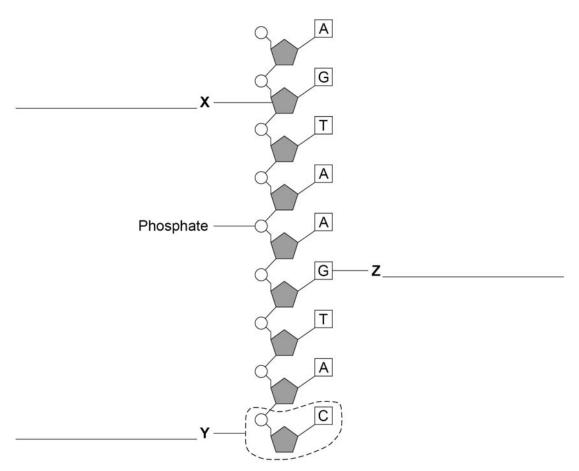


- 0 8 Genetic material is made of DNA.
- 0 8 1 1 Which structures in the nucleus of a human cell contain DNA?

[1 mark]

Figure 16 shows part of one strand of a DNA molecule.

Figure 16



0 8 . 2 Label parts X, Y and Z on Figure 16.

[3 marks]

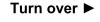
Choose answers from the box.

Base Fatty acid Nucleotide Sugar Glycerol



0 8.3	A complete DNA molecule is made of two strands twisted around each other.	Do not writ outside the box
	What scientific term describes this structure? [1 mark]	
0 8.4	DNA codes for the production of proteins.	
	A protein molecule is a long chain of amino acids.	
	How many amino acids could be coded for by the piece of DNA shown in Figure 16 ? [1 mark]	
	Tick (✓) one box.	
	2 3 9 18	
0 8 . 5	Scientists have now studied the whole human genome.	
	Give two benefits of understanding the human genome. [2 marks]	
	1	
	2	
		8

Turn over for the next question





0 9	Phototropism is a growth response by part of a plant to light.	
0 9.1	Name one other tropism.	
	Give the stimulus the plant responds to in the tropism you have named.	[2 marks]
	Tropism	
	Stimulus_	

0 9 . 2 Plan an investigation to show the effect of light from one direction on the growth of plant seedlings.

Include details of any controls needed.

You may use some of the equipment shown in **Figure 17** and any other laboratory apparatus.

[6 marks]

Several pots of seedlings Scissors

Lamp

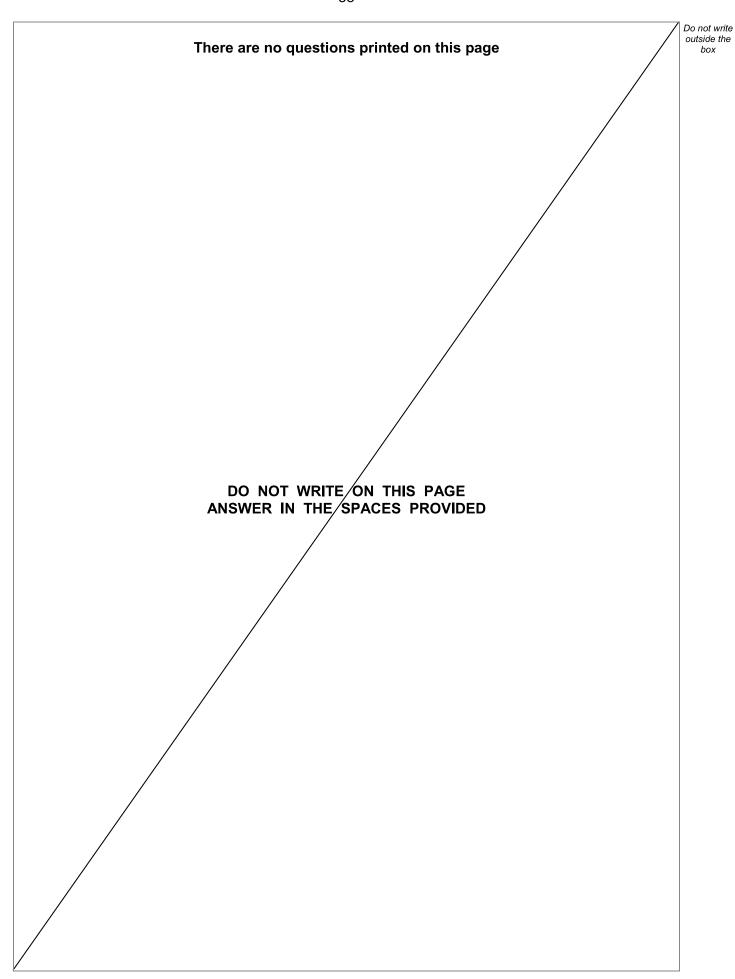
Ruler

Cardboard boxes with lids

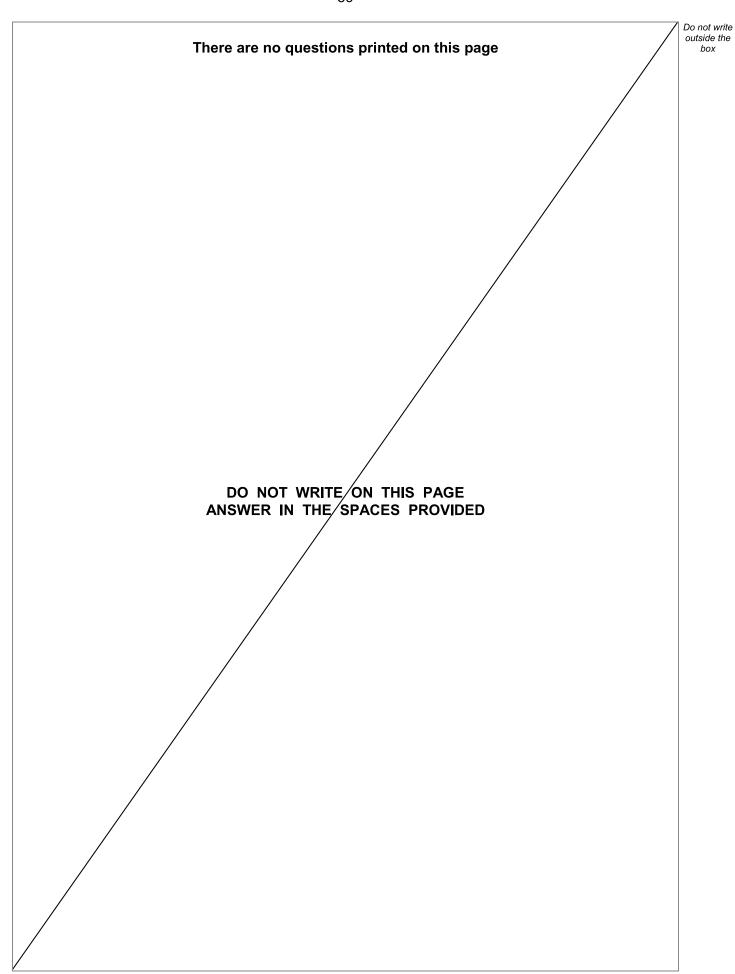


			Do not write outside the box
0 9 . 3	Explain how phototropism in a plant shoot helps the plant to survive.		
		[3 marks]	
			11
	END OF QUESTIONS		











There are no questions printed on this page DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE ANSWER IN THE SPACES PROVIDED Copyright information For confidentiality purposes, from the November 2015 examination series, acknowledgements of third-party copyright material will be published in a

separate booklet rather than including them on the examination paper or support materials. This booklet is published after each examination series and is available for free download from www.aqa.org.uk after the live examination series.

Permission to reproduce all copyright material has been applied for. In some cases, efforts to contact copyright-holders may have been unsuccessful and AQA will be happy to rectify any omissions of acknowledgements. If you have any queries please contact the Copyright Team, AQA, Stag Hill House, Guildford, GU2 7XJ.

Copyright © 2019 AQA and its licensors. All rights reserved.





Do not write outside the

box