## AQA

Please write clearly in block capitals. Centre number


Candidate number


Surname
Forename(s)
Candidate signature $\qquad$

## GCSE <br> MATHEMATICS

## Foundation Tier Paper 1 Non-Calculator

Tuesday 6 November 2018
Morning
Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

## Materials

For this paper you must have:

- mathematical instruments

You must not use a calculator.


## Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Draw diagrams in pencil.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.


## Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80 .

| For Examiner's Use |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Pages | Mark |
| $2-3$ |  |
| $4-5$ |  |
| $6-7$ |  |
| $8-9$ |  |
| $10-11$ |  |
| $12-13$ |  |
| $14-15$ |  |
| $16-17$ |  |
| $18-19$ |  |
| $20-21$ |  |
| 22 |  |

TOTAL

- You may ask for graph paper, tracing paper and more answer paper. These must be tagged securely to this answer book.


## Advice

In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.


Work out $\quad(-3)+(-8)$
Circle your answer.
[1 mark]



Answer $\qquad$

8 At a cinema, films are shown on Screen 1 and Screen 2
Customers pay full price or child price.
There are three times as many customers in Screen 2 as Screen 1 68 customers paid child price.

Complete the frequency tree.

$9 \quad$ Work out the fraction that is halfway between $\frac{1}{2}$ and $1 \frac{1}{4}$

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| 2 |  |  |  |  |  |

Answer
$10 \quad x$ is a positive integer.
$35 \div x$ is a positive integer.
Work out the four possible values of $x$.
[2 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Answer $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

A fair dice has six sides, numbered 1 to 6
After it is rolled, five of the numbers can be seen.
11 (a) Write down the probability that one of these five numbers is 2

Answer $\qquad$

11 (b) Work out the greatest possible sum of the five numbers.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Answer $\qquad$

Turn over for the next question
12 Work out $\frac{2}{7}+\frac{6}{7}$

Circle your answer.

$1 \frac{1}{7}$

$\frac{8}{14}$
$\frac{8}{49}$

13 Work out $4+3 \times 5-1$
Circle your answer.

28

14 The $n$th term of a sequence is $5 n-2$
Work out the 3rd term.
Circle your answer.

15 Trapezium $A B C E$ is made from parallelogram $A B C D$ and isosceles triangle $A D E$. $A E=D E$


Not drawn accurately

Work out the size of angle AED.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Answer $\qquad$ degrees

16
$a: b=1: 6$
$a: c=3: 1$
How many times bigger is $b$ than $c$ ?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Answer $\qquad$

17 (a) Laura wants to work out 3\% of 1700
Her method is $1700 \times 0.3$
Is her method correct?
Tick a box.


Give a reason for your answer.
[1 mark]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

17 (b) Laura also wants to work out $\frac{30}{29}$ of 60

Her answer is 58
Is her answer correct?
Tick a box.


Give a reason for your answer.
[1 mark]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

18 Here are five shapes, A to E.

| A | Parallelogram |
| :---: | :--- |
| B | Regular pentagon |
| C | Rhombus |
| D | Scalene triangle |
| E | Trapezium |

In the Venn diagram,
$\xi$ is the set of all shapes
Q is the set of quadrilaterals
$R$ is the set of shapes which always have rotational symmetry.


Complete the Venn diagram with the letters A to E.
$19 \quad a=7$ and $b=2$
Work out the value of $\frac{a}{b}-a^{b}$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Answer $\qquad$

20
Solve $\quad 3 x-8=19$
[2 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ $x=$ $\qquad$

21 Here are five number cards.


Two of the five cards are picked at random.
Work out the probability that the total of the two numbers is more than 30

Answer $\qquad$

22 (a) Complete the table of values for $y=x^{2}$

| $x$ | -2 | -1 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $y$ |  |  |  |  |  |

22 (b) Draw the graph of $y=x^{2}$ for values of $x$ from -2 to 2


22 (c) Use your graph to estimate the value of $\sqrt{2.6}$
$\qquad$

23 Two consecutive whole numbers are $n$ and $n+1$

23 (a) Simplify $n-(n+1)$
[1 mark]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Answer

23 (b) Multiply out $n(n+1)$

Answer $\qquad$

23 (c) The two numbers are added.
Show that the answer must be an odd number.
[2 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ ? (
$24 \quad$ Circle the value of $\cos 30^{\circ}$

0

Work out $\quad 8 \frac{1}{2} \div 2 \frac{2}{3}$
Give your answer as a mixed number.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Answer $\qquad$

26 A ship is sailing in a straight line from its home port. The distance-time graph shows 4 hours of the journey.


Work out the speed of the ship during these 4 hours.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Answer $\qquad$ mph

27 Kim works at an airport in the UK.
She records the number of planes landing between 10 am and 2 pm each day.
The table shows the data for the first 10 days in January.

| Day | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of planes | 148 | 151 | 147 | 155 | 153 | 147 | 155 | 102 | 151 | 154 |

27 (a) The airport was affected by fog on one of the days.
Which day do you think it was?
Give a reason for your answer.

Day
Reason $\qquad$
$\qquad$

27 (b) Kim uses the data to predict how many planes will land at the airport in a year. In her method, she uses an estimate of 150 planes in each 4-hour period throughout the day assumes the same number of planes each day.

Work out her prediction.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Answer $\qquad$

27 (c) In fact,
fewer planes land in winter than in summer
fewer planes land at night than during the day.
What does this tell you about Kim's prediction?
Tick one box.


Give a reason for your answer.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Turn over for the next question

28 The sum of the angles in any quadrilateral is $360^{\circ}$
For example, in a rectangle $4 \times 90^{\circ}=360^{\circ}$
Zak writes,
$5 \times 90^{\circ}=450^{\circ}$ so the sum of the angles in any pentagon must be $450^{\circ}$
Is he correct?
Tick a box.


Show working to support your answer.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$29 \sqrt{6^{2}+8^{2}}=\sqrt[3]{125 a^{3}}$

Work out the value of $a$.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Answer $\qquad$

30 Work out the percentage increase from 80 to 280
[3 marks]
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Answer
\%

## Turn over for the next question

$\qquad$

Answer

## END OF QUESTIONS




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