

GCSE MATHEMATICS 8300/3F

Foundation Tier Paper 3 Calculator

Mark scheme

November 2018

Version: 1.0 Final

Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Assessment Writer.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Further copies of this mark scheme are available from aqa.org.uk

Copyright © 2018 AQA and its licensors. All rights reserved.

AQA retains the copyright on all its publications. However, registered schools/colleges for AQA are permitted to copy material from this booklet for their own internal use, with the following important exception: AQA cannot give permission to schools/colleges to photocopy any material that is acknowledged to a third party even for internal use within the centre.

Glossary for Mark Schemes

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.

If a student uses a method which is not explicitly covered by the mark scheme the same principles of marking should be applied. Credit should be given to any valid methods. Examiners should seek advice from their senior examiner if in any doubt.

М	Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer.
A	Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied.
В	Marks awarded independent of method.
ft	Follow through marks. Marks awarded for correct working following a mistake in an earlier step.
SC	Special case. Marks awarded for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth.
M dep	A method mark dependent on a previous method mark being awarded.
B dep	A mark that can only be awarded if a previous independent mark has been awarded.
oe	Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent.
	eg accept 0.5 as well as $\frac{1}{2}$
[a, b]	Accept values between a and b inclusive.
[a, b)	Accept values a ≤ value < b
3.14	Accept answers which begin 3.14 eg 3.14, 3.142, 3.1416
Use of brackets	It is not necessary to see the bracketed work to award the marks.

Examiners should consistently apply the following principles

Diagrams

Diagrams that have working on them should be treated like normal responses. If a diagram has been written on but the correct response is within the answer space, the work within the answer space should be marked. Working on diagrams that contradicts work within the answer space is not to be considered as choice but as working, and is not, therefore, penalised.

Responses which appear to come from incorrect methods

Whenever there is doubt as to whether a student has used an incorrect method to obtain an answer, as a general principle, the benefit of doubt must be given to the student. In cases where there is no doubt that the answer has come from incorrect working then the student should be penalised.

Questions which ask students to show working

Instructions on marking will be given but usually marks are not awarded to students who show no working.

Questions which do not ask students to show working

As a general principle, a correct response is awarded full marks.

Misread or miscopy

Students often copy values from a question incorrectly. If the examiner thinks that the student has made a genuine misread, then only the accuracy marks (A or B marks), up to a maximum of 2 marks are penalised. The method marks can still be awarded.

Further work

Once the correct answer has been seen, further working may be ignored unless it goes on to contradict the correct answer.

Choice

When a choice of answers and/or methods is given, mark each attempt. If both methods are valid then M marks can be awarded but any incorrect answer or method would result in marks being lost.

Work not replaced

Erased or crossed out work that is still legible should be marked.

Work replaced

Erased or crossed out work that has been replaced is not awarded marks.

Premature approximation

Rounding off too early can lead to inaccuracy in the final answer. This should be penalised by 1 mark unless instructed otherwise.

Continental notation

Accept a comma used instead of a decimal point (for example, in measurements or currency), provided that it is clear to the examiner that the student intended it to be a decimal point.

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments
	7.8 cm	B1	
1	Add	litional G	uidance

	90°	B1		
2	Additional Guidance			

	2	B1		
3	Additional Guidance			

	$\frac{3}{25}$	B1		
4	Additional Guidance			

	96	B1		
5(a)	Additional Guidance			

	72	B1		
5(b)	Additional Guidance			

Question	Answer	Mark	Comme	nts
	Any room correctly drawn to scale or any outline dimension correctly drawn to scale or any room dimension or outline dimension correctly scaled and clearly related	M1	± 2 mm may be on diagram	
6	At least two rooms correctly drawn to scale in correct position or M1d correctly drawn outline of plan to scale	M1dep	± 2 mm	
	Fully correct scale drawing with correct room labels	A1	± 2 mm for outline and all lines must be ruled	internal lines
	Add	itional G	uidance	
	For 2nd method mark there should not correctly drawn to scale in correct posi		shown between rooms	
	Fully correct scale drawing with incorre	M1M1A0		
	Check original diagram for clearly relat eg 8 (feet =) 4 (cm)	ed scaled	l dimensions	M1
	Any correct outline dimension eg 16 (feet =) 8 (cm) or 20 (feet =) 10	0 (cm) or	22 (feet =) 11 (cm)	M1

Additional Guidance continues on next page

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments
6 cont	Bathroom	Kitchen	
	Fully correct scale drawir	ng with correct room labels	

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments			
	Alternative method 1					
	19 + 11 + 14 + 32 + 16 + 9 or 101 or 31 + 18 + 28 + 12 or 89	M1				
	their 101 – their 89 + 20	M1dep	their 101 and their 89 must come from correct additions			
7	16	A1				
1	Alternative method 2					
	19 + 11 + 14 + 32 + 16 + 9 + 31 + 18 + 28 + 12 or 190	M1				
	(their 190 – 20) ÷ 2 or 85 or (their 190 + 20) ÷ 2 or 105	M1dep				
	16	A1				

Continues on next page

Question		Ansv	ver		Mark	Commei	nts
	Alternative	metho	d 3				
	16 and correct evaluation of the two groups after 16 moved from A to B				В3	B2 at least two correct the two groups after num from A to B or a correct single evaluat groups after 16 moved	mbers moved ion of the two
						B1 a correct evaluation groups after a number r to B	
				Ado	ditional G	uidance	
	16 with no c	or insuff	icient wo	orking for N	/11 (Alt1 ar	nd Alt2)	MO
7 cont	Number	А	В	Diff			
	19	82	108	26			
	11	90	100	10			
	14	87	103	16			
	32	69	121	52			
	16	85	105	20			
	9	92	98	6			
	Differences	do not	need to	be shown			
-	101 – 16 = 85 and 89 + 16 = 105 with answer 20					20	B2
						noved from A to B incorrect, without 16 as	B1

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments
	Alternative method 1		
	300 × 3 or 900	M1	hot dog sales
	300 ÷ 6 or 50 or	M1	packs of bread rolls
	300 ÷ 10 or 30		jars of sausages
	their 50 × 42 (÷ 100) or 2100 or 21 or their 30 × 2.5(0) or 75		dep on 2nd M1 cost of bread rolls or cost of sausages
8	or 96 or	M1dep	cost of bread rolls and sausages
	393		total costs
	their 900 – (their 21 + their 75 + 240 + 57) or their 900 – their 393	M1dep	oe dep on all M marks total profit from sales – costs
	507	A1	correct money notation

Continues on next page

Question	Answer	Mark	Comme	nts	
	Alternative method 2				
	240 ÷ 300 or 0.8		market fee per hot dog		
	or				
	42 ÷ 6 or 7		cost of bread roll per h	ot dog	
	or	M1			
	2.5(0) ÷ 10 or 0.25		cost of sausage per ho	t dog	
	or				
	57 ÷ 300 or 0.19		other costs per hot dog	1	
	Any two of	M1dep			
	240 ÷ 300 or 0.8				
	$42 \div 6 \text{ or } 7$				
	2.5(0) ÷ 10 or 0.25 57 ÷ 300 or 0.19				
8 cont	their 0.8 + their 0.07 + their 0.25 + their 0.19		total cost per hot dog	from correct	
	or 1.31	M1dep	their values must come from correct calculations		
			1.69 implies M3		
	(3 – their 1.31) × 300		total profit for 300 hot dogs		
	or 1.69 × 300	M1dep			
	507	A1	correct money notation		
	Additional Guidance				
	Accept working in pounds or pence for all four method marks				
	In Alt1 units must be consistent for the 4th method mark				
	In Alt2 units must be consistent for the 3rd method mark				
	Condone £507.00p			M1M1M1M1A1	
	Answer £507.0			M1M1M1M1A0	

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	0 and 5 identified	M1		
	5	A1		
0(a)	Ade			
9(a)	0-5 or 0 to 5 and answer 5			M1A1
	0 – 5 or 0 to 5 without answer 5			M1A0
	30 ÷ 6 = 5			M0A0

9(b)	$\frac{3+4}{2}$ or $\frac{30+1}{2}$ or 15.5 or (between) 15th and 16th (value) or identifies 3 and 4 or correct numbers listed in either order to at least 16th value 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 4 or 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4,	M1			
	3.5	A1			
	Additional Guidance				
	Correct ordered list of at least 16 term	M1			
	1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5 correct ordered list starting from 5			M1	
	$\frac{3+4}{2}$ = 3.5 and 3 or 4 houses written	n on answ	er line	M1A0	

Question	Answer	Mark	Commer	nts	
	Alternative method 1				
	185 000 + 239 000 + 136 000 or 560 000	M1			
	their 560 000 × 0.02	M1dep	oe		
	11 200	A1	SC1 33 600		
	Alternative method 2				
	185 000 × 0.02 or 3700 or 239 000 × 0.02 or 4780 or 136 000 × 0.02 or 2720	M1	Oe		
	$185\ 000\ \times\ 0.02\ +\ 239\ 000\ \times\ 0.02\ +$ $136\ 000\ \times\ 0.02$ or their 3700 + their 4780 + their 2720	M1dep	oe		
9(c)	11 200	A1	SC1 33 600		
	Alternative method 3				
	185 000 × 1.02 or 188 700 or 239 000 × 1.02 or 243 780 or 136 000 × 1.02 or 138 720	M1	Oe		
	(185 000 + 239 000 + 136 000) × 1.02 or 571 200 or their 188 700 + their 243 780 + their 138 720	M1dep	oe		
	11 200	A1	SC1 33 600		
-	Ad	ditional G	uidance		
	560 000 + 11 200			M1M1A0	
	560 000 × 0.02 = 11 200 with 11 20	0 × 3		M1M0A0	

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	<u>1</u> or 0.2 or 20% 5	B1	oe fraction, decimal or p	percentage
		ditional G		
	Ignore further working with any descr	B1		
10(a)	1 : 5 in working with $\frac{1}{5}$ on answer line			B1
	1 : 5 on answer line			В0
	1 out of 5 without $\frac{1}{5}$ in working			B0

	$\frac{1}{5}$ or 0.2 or 20% B1 oe fraction, decimal or percent				
	Additional Guidance				
40(1)	Ignore further working with any description of probability eg $\frac{1}{5}$ unlikely			B1	
10(b)	1 : 5 in working with $\frac{1}{5}$ on answer line 5	9		B1	
	1 : 5 on answer line			В0	
	1 out of 5 without $\frac{1}{5}$ in working 5			B0	

10(c)	$85 \times \frac{2}{5} \text{ or } 85 \div 5 \times 2 \text{ or } 85 \times 0.4$ or $\left(\frac{2}{5}\right) \frac{34}{85}$	M1		
	34	A1		
	Additional Guidance			
	34 out of 85 on answer line			M1A1

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments
	729	B1	
11	Ad	ditional G	uidance
	$3\frac{3}{4}$	B1	
12	Additional Guidance		

Question	Answer	Mark	Commei	nts	
	Alternative method 1				
	15 ² or 225	M1			
	their 225 ÷ 9 or 25	M1dep	oe		
	5	A1			
	Alternative method 2				
13	$\sqrt{9}$ or 3 or $\sqrt{\frac{1}{9}}$ or $\frac{1}{3}$	M1			
	15 ÷ their 3 or 15 × their $\frac{1}{3}$	M1dep	oe		
	5	A1			
	Alternative method 3				
	$\left(\frac{x}{15}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{9}$	M1	oe		
	$(x^2 =) \frac{15^2}{9}$ or 25	M1dep	oe		
	5	A1			
	Additional Guidance				
	3 <i>x</i> = 15			M1M1	
	$5^2 = 25$ without 5 on answer line			M1M1A0	
	1:3 or 3:1			M1	

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	-8	B1			
	0	B1ft	ft their –8		
	Additional Guidance				
14(a)	Mark answer line first If either part of answer line is blank lo				
	–20 and –6			B0B1ft	
	–20 and –16			B0B0ft	

	÷ 5 then + 1	M1	implied by 2nd term 25 or correct first term for their 25	
	6	A1		
14(b)	Additional Guidance			
	6, 25 with no working seen or on dotted lines			M1A1
	2nd term 23 and 1st term 5.6 is the correct first term for their 25			M1A0
	25 with no incorrect working			M1

	Rotation	B1		
15	90° anticlockwise or 270° clockwise or $\frac{1}{4}$ turn anticlockwise or $\frac{3}{4}$ turn clockwise	B1		
	Origin or (0, 0) or O	B1		
	Additional Guidance			
	Accept rotate etc for rotation			
	Do not accept turn for first B1			
	Combined transformations			B0B0B0

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	Alternative method 1			
	260 × 0.4(0) or 104(.00) or 260 × 40 or 10 400	M1	oe cost of claim	
	260÷52 or 5	M1	oe number of gallons	
	their 5 × 5.36 or 26.8(0)	M1dep	oe dep on 2nd M1 cost of petrol	
	77.20	A1		
	Alternative method 2			
	260÷52 or 5	M1	oe number of gallons	
16	52 × 0.4(0) or 20.80 or 52 × 40 or 2080	M1	oe claim per gallon	
	their 20.80 – 5.36 or 15.44 or their 2080 – 536 or 1544	M1dep	dep on 2nd M1 claim per gallon – cost per gallon	
	77.20	A1		
	Alternative method 3			
	5.36 ÷ 52 or 0.10 or 536 ÷ 52 or 10.()	M1	cost of petrol per mile	
	0.4 – their 0.10 or [0.2969, 0.3] or 40 – their 10.() or [29.69, 30]	M1dep	claim per mile – cost per mile	
	their [0.2969, 0.3] × 260 or their [29.69, 30] ÷ 100 × 260	M1dep		
	77.20	A1		

Additional Guidance on next page

Question	Answer	Mark	Comme	nts
Additional Guidance				
	Accept working in pounds or pence for all three method marks			
16 cont	Condone £77.20p		M1M1M1A1	
	77.2	M1M1M1		
	Answer £77.2		M1M1M1A0	

	[4.5, 4.9] (cm) or [45, 49] (mm)	M1	measurement		
	their measurement \div 1.5 or [4.5, 4.9] \div 1.5 or [45, 49] \div 15 or [3, 3.3] or 200 \div 1.5 or 133.(3) 600 or 613.() or [626, 627] or	M1 M1	measurement oe SC2 [600, 660]		
17	640 or 653.() or correct answer from their [4.5, 4.9] (cm) or their [45, 49] (mm), rounded or truncated	A1			
	Additional Guidance				
	600 on answer line with no working o	r measure	ment shown	M1M1A1	
	4.7 cm measured 4.5 \div 1.5 = 3 and 600 0.2 \times 200 = 40 with answer 640 (inc	orrect scal	ing method of 0.2 cm)	M1M1A0	
	Measurement of 4.7 cm with answer 640 (incorrect answer for their measurement)			SC2	
	200, 200, 200 marked on diagram implies 4.5 and 3			M1M1	
	200 × 3 without measurement shown	implies 4.	5 and 3	M1M1	

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments
	Alternative method 1		
	(total number of presents =) 12	B1	
	83.4(0) ÷ their total number of presents	M1	
	6.95	A1	
	Alternative method 2		
	83.4(0) ÷ 4 or 20.85		
18	or	M1	
	83.4(0) ÷ 3 or 27.80		
	their 20.85 ÷ 3		
	or	M1dep	
	their 27.80 ÷ 4		
	6.95	A1	
	Additional Guidance		

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	Alternative method 1			
	$\frac{8}{5} \text{ and } \frac{5}{5}$ or any correct ratio using integers or $\frac{1.6}{1.6+1} \text{ or } \frac{1.6}{2.6}$	M1	oe fractions with common denominators eg 16 : 10	
	<u>8</u> 13	A1	oe fraction eg $\frac{4000}{6500}$	
19(a)	Alternative method 2			
	$6500 \div (1.6 + 1) \text{ or } 2500$ or $6500 \div (1.6 + 1) \times 1.6 \text{ or } 4000$ or $\frac{2500}{6500} \text{ or } \frac{5}{13} \text{ or } \frac{1}{2.6}$	M1	oe	
	<u>8</u> 13	A1	oe fraction eg $\frac{4000}{6500}$	
	Additional Guidance			

	1:0.625 or 1: $\frac{5}{8}$	B1	oe fraction	
19(b)	(b) Additional Guidance			
	0.625 in working			B0
	1 : 0.6			DU

	up	B1	
20	Additional Guidance		

Question	Answer	Mark	Commer	nts
21	109.5 in the correct position 110.5 in the correct position	B1 B1	oe oe Allow 110.49 answers reversed score	B0B1
	Ad	ditional G	Guidance	
	110.4999			B1
	110.4999			B0

	Any correct value	M1	11, 23, 37, 53, 71, 91, 1	13, 137, 163
	Selects 91 as the only incorrect value with no errors in values given	A1	oe eg stops at 91	
	91 and 13 (is a factor) or		oe eg 91 ÷ 7 = 13	
	91 and 7 (is a factor)	A1		
	or 91 and 13 × 7			
22	2 Additional Guidance			
	Ignore incorrect evaluations for first mark			
	Ignore all values for n greater than 9			
	Do not allow 11 within a list of prime no	umbers e	g 2, 3, 5, 7, 11	
	Frror in list eq. 12, 23, 37, 53, 71, 91, 113, 137, 163, with only 91			M1A0A0
				M1A0A0
	$9^2 + 9 + 1 = 91$ is incorrect working			M0A0A0

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments
	Alternative method 1 – Eliminatio	n	
	2t + c = 3.4(0) and 2t + 8c = 14.6(0)	M1	oe 8t + 4c = 13.6(0) and t + 4c = 7.3(0) allow one error in scaling equations
	8c - c = 14.6(0) - 3.4(0) or $7c = 11.2(0)$	M1dep	oe 8t - t = 13.6(0) - 7.3(0) or $7t = 6.3(0)$
	<i>c</i> = 1.6(0) or 160	A1	t = 0.9(0) or 90
	(Tea) £0.90 or 90p and (Coffee) £1.60 or 160p	A1	must be correct units
23	Alternative method 2 – Substitution	on	
	$t = \frac{3.4(0) - c}{2}$ or t = 7.3(0) - 4c	M1	oe c = 3.4(0) - 2t or $c = \frac{7.3(0) - t}{4}$
	$\frac{3.4(0) - c}{2} + 4c = 7.3(0)$ or 2(7.3(0) - 4c) + c = 3.4(0)	M1dep	oe t + 4(3.4(0) - 2t) = 7.3(0) or $2t + \frac{7.3(0) - t}{4} = 3.4(0)$
	<i>c</i> = 1.6(0) or 160	A1	t = 0.9(0) or 90
	(Tea) £0.90 or 90p and (Coffee) £1.60 or 160p	A1	must be correct units

Continues on next page

Question	Answer	Mark	Commer	nts	
	Alternative method 3				
	A correctly evaluated trial of a value for tea and a value for coffee satisfying one statement and then substituted into the other statement	M1	eg £1 + £1 + £1.40 = $3.4(0)$ and £1 + 4 × £1.40 = $6.6(0)$)	
	A different correctly evaluated trial	M1dep			
	(Tea) 0.9(0) or 90 and (Coffee) 1.6(0) or 160 or a correctly evaluated trial with (Tea) 0.9(0) or 90 and (Coffee) 1.6(0) or 160	A1			
23 cont	(Tea) £0.90 or 90p and (Coffee) £1.60 or 160p	A1	must be correct units		
	Additional Guidance				
	Ignore incorrect trials alongside correct trials				
	Condone £1.60p or £0.90p				
	Allow working in pence				
	In Alt1 the 2nd method mark can be scored following one error in scaling equations in the 1st method mark				
	Both prices correct with no or insuffici	ent workin	g	M1M1A1A1	
	Tea 160p and Coffee 90p on answer	line with n	o or insufficient working	M1M1A1A0	
	One price correct (with other price incorrect) and no or insufficient working eg Tea 90p and Coffee 140p with no or insufficient working			MOMOAOAO	

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments
	Plots at least 3 points correctly	M1	Plots within the correct 2 mm vertical square
24(a)	Fully correct with all points joined	A1	
	Additional Guidance		uidance

	[4200, 4500]	B2	B1 Any indication the 2018 figure is being increased for 2019 eg a point plotted for 2019 that is greater than 3780		
04/b)	Additional Guidance				
24(b)	Answer in range with or without working			B2	
	4300 – 4350 on answer line (both values in range)			B2	
	4400 – 4600 on answer line (one value in range)			B1	
	Answer outside of range but between 3780 and 4200			B1	
	Answer outside of range but greater than 4500			B1	

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	Alternative method 1				
	(600 ×) 0.8 or 480	M1	ое		
	600×0.8^2 or 384 or 600×0.8^3 or 307.2(0) or 600×0.8^4 or 245.76 or 600×0.8^5 or [196, 197]	M1dep			
	[196, 197] and incorrect	A1	oe eg 196.61 and no 196.61 still owed		
	Alternative method 2				
	600 × 0.2 or 120	M1	oe		
25	120 × 0.8 or 96 or 96 × 0.8 or 76.8(0) or 76.8(0) × 0.8 or 61.44 or 61.44 × 0.8 or [49.15, 49.16]	M1dep	oe eg (600 – 120) × 0.2 or 480 × 0.2		
	[403, 404] and incorrect	A1	oe eg paid off 403.39(2)		
	Alternative method 3				
	0.8	M1			
	0.8 ⁵ or 0.327 68 or 0.3277 or 0.328 or 0.33	M1dep			
	0.327 68 (or 0.3277 or 0.328 or 0.33) and incorrect	A1	oe		
	Additional Guidance				
	Ignore units				
	Full marks can be awarded for a correct explanation eg 120 and 96 calculated with a comment 'as soon as the payment is below 120 a month it cannot be paid off in five months'				

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	1	B1		
26	Additional Guidance			

	$0.9 \times \pi \div 2 \text{ or } 0.9\pi \div 2 \text{ or } 0.45\pi$ or $0.9 \times [3.14, 3.142] \div 2$ or $[2.82, 2.83] \div 2$ or $2.8 \div 2$ or 1.4	M1	Large semicircle	
27	$0.9 \div 3 \times \pi \div 2 \text{ or } 0.3\pi \div 2$ or 0.15π or $0.9 \div 3 \times [3.14, 3.142] \div 2$ or $0.94 \div 2$ or 0.47	M1	Small semicircle May be implied from usin small semicircles in next	
	their 1.4 + 3 × their 0.47 + 2 × 0.75 or 0.9π + 2 × 0.75 or 2 × their 1.4 + 2 × 0.75 or 4.3	M1dep	oe dep on both marks	
	305 ÷ their 4.3 or [70.4, 70.94]	M1dep	dep on previous mark	
	71 with working	A1		
	Ad	Guidance		
	0.9π or 2.8 with no evidence of ind	ethod	M1M1	
	$0.45\pi \div 2$			MO

Question	Answer	Mark	Commer	nts	
	Alternative method 1				
	$\frac{1}{2}x > 3-8$		oe		
	or $\frac{1}{2}x > -5$				
	or $8-3 > -\frac{1}{2}x$	M1			
	or $5 > -\frac{1}{2}x$				
	or $8 + \frac{1}{2}x > 3$				
28	<i>x</i> > -10	A1	oe -10 < x		
	Alternative method 2				
	16 > 6 - x		ое		
	or $16 - 6 > -x$				
	or $10 > -x$	M1			
	or $x > 6 - 16$				
	or $16 + x > 6$				
	<i>x</i> > -10	A1	oe -10 < x		
	Additional Guidance				
	Answer using incorrect sign eg $x < -10$ or $x = -10$			M1A0	

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments		
29	$\cos z = \frac{9}{10}$	M1	oe eg $\sin x = \frac{\sqrt{10^2 - 9^2}}{10}$ $\tan x = \frac{\sqrt{10^2 - 9^2}}{9}$		
	25.8 or 26	A1			
	Additional Guidance				
	$\cos = \frac{9}{10} x = 25.8$ (recovered)			M1A1	
	$\cos = \frac{9}{10}$			M0A0	