## edexcel

Mark Scheme (Results)
June 2014

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE in Biology (4BIO) Paper 1BR

Pearson Edexcel Science Double Award (4SC0) Paper 1BR

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## General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 (a) | cytoplasm; <br> vacuole; |  | 2 |
| (b) (i) | 1. shape; <br> Then three from: <br> 2. cell wall; <br> 3. cell membrane; <br> 4. nucleus; <br> 5. vacuole; <br> 6. cytoplasm; | labelled chloroplast max 3 <br> line only labelled cell wall $=0$ <br> cell membrane as outside layer $=0$ | 4 |
| (ii) | 1. large surface area; <br> 2. permeable membrane; <br> 3. osmosis / diffusion; | ignore thin / long ignore active transport | 2 |
| (c) (i) | chlorophyll / chloroplast; |  | 1 |
| (ii) | 1. amino acids / protein / enzymes; <br> 2. growth; <br> 3. DNA / bases; <br> 4. chlorophyll / eq; | ignore fertiliser ignore repair | 2 |


| Question <br> number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 (a) (i) | 1. (attracted by) fish / food / prey / eq; <br> 2. use nets / use cage / shoot predators / <br> scarecrows / cover tanks / eq; | ignore fence | 2 |
| (ii) | Two from: <br> 1. fish waste / faeces / urine / urea / sewage / <br> uneaten food; <br> 2. fertiliser / leaching / run off; <br> 3. nitrate / ammonia / minerals / nutrients / eq; <br> Two from: <br> 5. remove waste / faeces / clean water / <br> filter water / pump water / remove algae / <br> use organisms that eat algae / eq; <br> 6. reduce use of fertiliser; <br> 7. feed little / do not overfeed; | ignore light | ignore remove nitrates |


| Question <br> number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 (a) (iii) | One from: <br> 1. bacteria / fungi / virus / pathogen / parasite / <br> microorganisms; <br> 2. overcrowding / infected wild fish / eq; <br> 3. lack of genetic variation / eq; <br> Then one from: <br> 3. antibiotic / fungicide / pesticide / <br> use biological control / vaccination / eq; <br> 4. remove infected fish / remove diseased fish / <br> eq; <br> 5. selective breeding of resistant fish / <br> increase genetic diversity; | 2 |  |


| Question <br> number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 (b) | 1. (fish type) can select species / strain / size / <br> selective breeding / eq; <br> 2. (yield) certain catch / easy to catch / <br> all year yield / produce large numbers eq; <br> 3. (environment) reduce overfishing / <br> protect wild stocks / sustainable yield / <br> no food chain disruption / <br> less chance of catching rare species / eq; <br> 4. (safety) less risk to fishermen; | ignore quality <br> ignore reference <br> to disease / <br> health | ignore control <br> movement so <br> more energy for <br> growth <br> ignore cost |

(Total for Question $2=10$ marks)

| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $3 \text { (a) (i) }$ <br> (ii) <br> (iii) | A and G only; <br> D only; <br> B and F only; | both letters required in (i) and (iii) | 1 1 1 |
| (b) | 1. long; <br> 2. villi / villus / microvilli; <br> 3. increase surface area / eq; <br> 4. diffusion / active transport / osmosis; <br> 5. capillaries; <br> 6. (blood flow) maintains concentration gradient / maintains diffusion gradient; <br> 7. thin walls / one cell thick / short distance; (applies to villi or capillaries) <br> 8. lacteal(s); | marks can be given for valid marking points on a diagram | 5 |


| Question <br> number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3 (c) (i) | 1. lack vitamin C / antioxidant / scurvy / <br> bleeding gums / eq; <br> 2. constipation / less food movement / <br> bowel cancer / raised cholesterol / <br> increase heart disease / eq; | allow if vitamin C in list |  |
| (c) (ii) | 1. obesity / increase in weight / eq; <br> 2. blockage of arteries; <br> 3. high blood pressure / stroke / heart disease / <br> raised cholesterol / eq; | vessels <br> 4. diabetes; <br> 5. joint damage / arthritis / eq; <br> 6. gall stones; |  |

(Total for Question $3=13$ marks)

| Question <br> number |  | Answer | Notes |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 4 (a) (i) | 1. stop release of carbon dioxide; <br> 2. respiration; <br> 3. bacteria / fungi / microorganisms / <br> decomposers / soil organisms / eq; | ignore evaporation <br> of water | 2 |
| (ii) | control / to make a comparison / to show <br> photosynthesis needs carbon dioxide / to show <br> plants need carbon dioxide / difference due to <br> carbon dioxide / eq; |  |  |
| (iii) | 1. (sun)light; <br> 2. water / moisture / humidity; <br> 3. temperature; <br> 4. soil / minerals / nutrients / ions / eq; <br> 5. number of leaves / mass of plant / eq; |  |  |


| Question <br> number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| 4 (b) (i) | 1. boil/heat/warm in ethanol / alcohol; <br> 2. test for starch; | 2 |  |
| (ii) | denature enzymes / eq; | reject kill enzymes | 1 |
| (iii) | high to low concentration / down concentration <br> gradient / eq; | ignore along <br> concentration <br> gradient | 1 |
| (iv) | A = yellow / brown / orange; ignore green / white <br> red <br> B = blue / black / blue black / eq; ignore purple | 2 |  |

(Total for Question $4=11$ marks)

| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 (a) | description number of people <br> who fit the <br> description <br> male 7 <br> female with Huntington's disease $2 /$ two; <br> homozygous recessive $11 /$ eleven; <br> heterozygous $4 /$ four; <br> homozygous dominant $0 /$ zero / none; |  | 4 |
| (b) | 1. A parent $X Y$ and $B$ parent $X X$; <br> 2. gametes $X$ and $X$ and $X$ and $Y$; <br> 3. offspring half $X Y$ and male and half $X X$ and female; | correct Punnett <br> square $=3$ <br> use of other letters allow max <br> 1 for correct gametes and correct offspring | 3 |


| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 (a) | 1. select high milk yield cow/mother/cattle/ones/ male on basis of mother's or daughters milk yield / eq; <br> 2. breed / reproduce / mate / eq; <br> 3. use offspring with high milk yield; <br> 4. repeat process / many generations / eq; | Allow two cows with high milk yield | 3 |
| (b) (i) | uterus / womb; |  | 1 |
| (ii) | 1. identical / no variation / all have same characteristic / eq; <br> 2. faster process / quicker process / eq; <br> 3. more produced; <br> 4. no need for mating / no need for two parents / no need to keep bull / no need to keep female / eq; | more that are identical $=2$ <br> ignore yield <br> ignore cost | 3 |
| (c) | genetically; identical; | same DNA $=2$ | 2 |
| (d) | mitosis; |  | 1 |


| Question number |  | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 (a) |  |  | ignore absorption <br> ignore decomposition |  |
|  | Letter | Name of process |  |  |
|  | A | (fossilisation) |  |  |
|  | B | combustion / burning / eq; |  |  |
|  | C | respiration; |  |  |
|  | D | photosynthesis; |  |  |
|  | E | feeding / eating / consumption / ingestion / nutrition / digestion / assimilation / eq; |  |  |
|  | F | death; |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 5 |


| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 (b) (i) | 1. starch; <br> 2. glucose; <br> 3. cellulose; <br> 4. sucrose; <br> 5. fructose; |  | 2 |
| (ii) | DNA / deoxyribose nucleic acid; | allow RNA | 1 |
| (c) | 1. greenhouse gas / greenhouse effect; <br> 2. traps heat / infra red / long wavelength; <br> 3. ice caps melt / rise in sea level / flooding; <br> 4. habitat destruction / desertification / soil erosion / coral bleaching / forest fire / eq; <br> 5. food chain disruption / extinction / eq; <br> 6. migration / spread of disease / affects plant growth / eq; <br> 7. climate change / extreme weather events / drought / eq; |  | 5 |



| Question number | Answer |  | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 (b) |  |  | $5=2$ <br> marks <br> 3 = 1 mark | 2 |
|  | Order | Structure |  |  |
|  | smallest | red blood cell |  |  |
|  |  | white blood cell |  |  |
|  |  | eye |  |  |
|  |  | kidney |  |  |
|  |  | liver; ; |  |  |
|  | largest |  |  |  |

(Total for Question $8=6$ marks)

| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 (a) | 1. water; <br> 2. dilute solution to concentrated solution / high conc. (of water) to low conc. (of water) / eq; <br> 3. selectively permeable membrane / eq; | allow partially / semi / differentially | 3 |
| (b) (i) | S scale linear and half grid for both axes; <br> L line straight and through points; <br> A1 axes correct way; <br> A2 axes labelled concentration in $\mathrm{mol} / \mathrm{dm}^{3}$ <br> and volume in $\mathrm{cm}^{3} ;$ <br> P all points plotted accurately; | lose S if axes for volume is not truncated <br> max 3 for bar chart | 5 |
| (ii) | 0.28 / read from graph; |  | 1 |
| (iii) | 3, 4, 5 and 6 ticked; |  | 1 |
|  |  |  |  |


| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (c) (i) | concentration of glucose; |  | 1 |
| (ii) | volume of solution / mass/shape/size/surface area of chip / variety of potato / temperature / time / eq; |  | 1 |
| (iii) | 1. water left on chip; <br> 2. water left in cup / water spilled; <br> 3. evaporation from cup; <br> 4. parallax error / used imprecise measuring scale; | ignore human error | 2 |
| (iv) | measuring cylinder / burette / syringe / pipette; | allow measuring jug | 1 |

(Total for Question $9=15$ marks)

| Question <br> number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 10 (a) | 1. random fertilisation of gametes / eq; <br> 2. variation / mixing genetic material / <br> genes/alleles from both parents / <br> genetically different offspring / eq; <br> 3. meiosis / eq; | allow random <br> assortment / crossing <br> over | 2 |
| (b) (i) | 1. no petals / small petals; <br> 2. exposed stigma / feathery stigma / eq; <br> 3. exposed anthers / exposed filament / <br> long filaments / exposed stamen / <br> long stamen / eq; | ignore sweet / sugar |  |
| (ii) | 1. no nectar / no nectary; <br> 2. no scent / no smell; <br> 3. no colour / not bright / eq; | 2 |  |


| Question <br> number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (c) (i) | 1. more pollen; <br> 2. lighter pollen / smaller pollen / eq; <br> 3. pollen is airborne / eq; | allow converse |  |
| (ii) | flowers appear / reproduce at different times / <br> release pollen at different times / eq; by wind | ignore wind at different <br> times of year | 1 |
| (iii)1. white blood cells / phagocytes / lymphocytes; <br> 2. ingest / digest / phagocytosis / eq; <br> 3. antibodies / antitoxins; <br> 4. antigens; <br> 5. memory cells; | 1 |  |  |


| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 (a) (i) | deer; |  |  |
| (ii) | python; |  |  |
| (b) (i) | 1. hear/listen to prey/predators / eq; <br> 2. heat loss; | hear sound $=0$ | 1 |
| (ii) | camouflage / hide from prey/predators / eq; | ignore to keep warm |  |
| (iii) | see prey/predators/further / appear bigger / reach branches / climb trees / eq; | $\text { see alone }=0$ <br> ignore ideas about faster movement |  |
|  |  |  | 1 |


| Question <br> number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| (c) | 1. idea of more carbon dioxide + less oxygen; <br> 2. (less) photosynthesis; | ignore carbon dioxide <br> is not changed into <br> oxygen | 2 |

(Total for Question $11=7$ marks)

| Question <br> number | Answer | Notes | Marks |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 12 | C | plus and minus statin(s) / range / eq; <br> same gender / same age / same mass / <br> same level of cholesterol / eq; | allow <br> principles if <br> lab based <br> several people / group of people / <br> repeat the test / eq; | allow if use <br> animals |
| R M1 | measure cholesterol level; <br> at start and at end / time stated / <br> measure change; | M2 |  |  |

