

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2015

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE Chemistry (4CH0) Paper 1C Science Double Award (4SC0) Paper 1C

Pearson Edexcel Level 1/Level 2 Certificate Chemistry (KCHO) Paper 1C Science (Double Award) (KSCO) Paper 1C

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## **General Marking Guidance**

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
1 a i	six circles separated from each other	Accept minimum of 4 complete circles Ignore size and shape of circles Ignore arrows and other symbols implying movement Ignore a pattern Reject any touching circles Reject circles joined by bonds No penalty for half-circles at edges of square	1
ii	B (They move randomly in the liquid state)		1
ii i	D (melting)		1
b i	B (condensing and evaporating) $D \qquad (N_2(I))$		1
		Total 5	marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
2 a	M1 C (Bromine has a darker colour than air)  M2 D (Bromine vapour diffuses upwards)		2
b i	M1 ammonia (particles/molecules) travels/diffuses faster / further in same time (than hydrogen chloride)  M2 (because of) lower M <sub>r</sub>	Do not penalise ammonia atoms / ammonium (ions) / ammonia solution in place of ammonia If incorrect choice in (i), then no marks in (ii) If no answer in (i), mark on If C appears in (ii), mark can be awarded in (i)  Accept smaller/lighter / ammonia less dense Reject ammonia molecules etc less dense Ignore references to kinetic energy Accept reverse argument for hydrogen chloride / hydrochloric acid for both M1 and M2	1 2
		Total 5	5 marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
3 a	M1 bright / white / blinding AND flame / light (OWTTE)  M2 white solid	Accept answers in either order  Ignore shines / glows / sparks Accept burns brightly Reject other colours  Accept smoke / powder / ash / deposit in place of solid Reject precipitate in place of solid Ignore grey Ignore name of product and equation Ignore references to decrease in amount of magnesium / heat given off	2
b	C (a basic oxide formed from a metal)		1
c i	blue hydroxide (ion) / OH <sup>-</sup> / HO <sup>-</sup>	Ignore shades Ignore purple Reject all other colours Mark (i) and (ii) independently Ignore OH	1
		Total !	marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
4 a	$CaCl_2(\mathbf{aq}) + H_2SO_4(\mathbf{aq}) \rightarrow CaSO_4(\mathbf{s}) + 2HCl(\mathbf{aq})$	All four must be correct to score Do not penalise upper case letters	1
b		M1 filter paper in filter funnel Do not penalise inappropriate size  M2 everything else correct Not essential that funnel touches flask Reject beaker/tube for M2 Ignore labels Ignore relative sizes	2
c i	Ca <sup>2+</sup> / calcium (ion)  calcium sulfate/CaSO <sub>4</sub> is partially/slightly soluble  OR  contains unreacted/excess calcium chloride/CaCl <sub>2</sub> (solution)	Reject Ca with incorrect or missing charge Mark (i) and (ii) independently  Accept unreacted/excess calcium ions	1

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
4 d i	white precipitate	Accept solid / ppt / ppte / suspension in place of precipitate Reject other colours Reject other observations eg fizzing Ignore cloudy/milky/grey	1
ii	silver chloride	Accept correct formula Ignore incorrect formula Award both marks if both answers in either (i) or (ii)	1
iii	(hydrochloric/sulfuric) acid / H <sup>+</sup> there OR solution acidic	Accept because there are no other ions that could form a precipitate Accept no carbonate/hydroxide (ions)	1
е	M1 wash/rinse (with water)	Reject methods that refer to filtrate /solution /crystallisation Ignore other named solvents	2
	M2 leave it (to dry) / leave in a warm place / place in an oven / place in desiccator / heat it / dry with absorbent paper (eg kitchen/filter/blotting)	Accept leave on a window ledge Ignore evaporate it / boil it	
		Award 1 mark for both M1 and M2 correct but in wrong order	
		Total 1	0 marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
5 a i	$C_5H_{12}$ $CH_2Br$	Accept H <sub>12</sub> C <sub>5</sub> Ignore gap between C <sub>5</sub> and H <sub>12</sub> Ignore names Ignore C <sub>n</sub> H <sub>2n+2</sub> Accept elements in any order Ignore molecular formula Ignore 2CH <sub>2</sub> Br Penalise inappropriate use of upper or lower case letters or	1
b i	R and U $D   (C_nH_{2n})$	numbers(eg CH2Br / CH2BR / CH2Br)  Accept in either order	1
С	C (compound $R \rightarrow$ compound Q)		1

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
5 d	M1 Br Br H-C-C-H H H H M2 (1,2-)dibromoethane	Mark M1 and M2 independently  Accept Br atoms in any positions so long as on different carbon atoms  Ignore any numbers	2
		Accept ethylene dibromide	
e i	H-C-H   	Ignore balancing in equation Ignore molecular formula	1
ii	bromomethane		1
iii	UV or ultraviolet (light/radiation)	Accept sunlight Ignore all references to heat and temperature Ignore references to pressure	1
iv	D (substitution)		1

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
5 f i	M1 setting out division of each % by $A_r$ OR evaluation $ \begin{array}{cccc} C & H & F \\ \underline{36.4} & \underline{6.0} & \underline{57.6} \\ 12 & 1 & 19 \\ \end{array} $ OR $ \begin{array}{ccccc} M2 & \text{simplest whole number ratio (1:2:1 or ratio shown in notes for M1)} \\ M3 & CH_2F \\ \end{array} $	Award 0/3 if division by any atomic numbers / wrong way up / multiplication used  Do not penalise roundings or minor misreads of % values (eg 56.7 for fluorine)  Do not penalise use of FI in (i)  If molecular masses used for H and/or F, lose M1 but M2 and M3 can be awarded: using 2 and 38 gives C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub> F using 2 and 19 gives CHF Using 1 and 38 gives C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> F Working required for these answers  M2 subsumes M1  Accept elements in any order  Award 3 marks for correct final answer with no working  Accept elements in any order  Do not accept C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> FI <sub>2</sub>	1
		Total 15	marks

	estion ımber	Answer	Notes	Marks
6	а	(A) refinery gases (F) bitumen		2
	b	M1 (compound/molecule/substance containing) carbon and hydrogen/C and H (atoms/elements)  M2 only	Reject atom/element/ion/mixture in place of compound/molecule/substance Reject compound/molecule/substance in place of atom/element Ignore references to bonds / long chains  Accept other terms with same meaning, eg solely / exclusively / just	2
			M2 DEP on mention of carbon and hydrogen/C and H and no other element	

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
6 c	(fuel oil molecules/it/they)	Accept converse statements about gasoline	3
	M1 have higher boiling points	Ignore reference to melting points	
	M2 are darker (in colour)	Ignore stronger / more intense (colours) If specific colours stated, award M2 if valid comparison, eg gasoline is yellow and fuel oil is brown, fuel oil is browner	
	M3 have higher viscosities / are more viscous	Accept thicker/stickier/flows less easily, etc in place of more viscous If gasoline, accept thinner/runnier/flows more easily, etc in place of less viscous	
		Must be a comparison, eg not enough to say fuel oil has a high boiling point unless also a statement that gasoline has a low boiling point MAX 2 if no comparison	
		Accept reference to fractions near the top/up the column in place of gasoline Accept reference to fractions near the bottom/down the column in place of fuel oil	

d i	silica / silicon dioxide / SiO <sub>2</sub>	Accept aluminosilicate(s) / zeolites	1
	OR		
	alumina / aluminium oxide / Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	Ignore silica oxide and alumina oxide	
l ii	M1 C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub>	Accept in either order	2
"	W1 G2114	Accept in cities order	2
	M2 C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>6</sub>		
		Award 1 mark for C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub> and CH <sub>2</sub>	

	uestio umbe		Answer	Notes	Marks
6	е	i	insufficient/lack of air / oxygen OWTTE	Accept oxygen not in excess Reject no oxygen	1
		ii	carbon monoxide / CO		1
		iii	decreases capacity of blood (cells) to carry oxygen OR stops blood (cells) from carrying oxygen	Accept CO combines with haemoglobin / forms carboxyhaemoglobin Accept CO displaces/replaces oxygen in haemoglobin Ignore CO combines with red blood cells Ignore references to suffocation / lack of oxygen in lungs stopping breathing / gas exchange Ignore just affects haemoglobin Reject destroys haemoglobin Mark all parts independently	1

	esti ımb			Answer	Notes	Marks
6	f	i	M1	sulfur dioxide AND sulfur trioxide in correct order	Accept names with correct oxidation states	2
			M2	sulfuric acid	Ignore dilute / concentrated Ignore hydrogen sulfate / hydrogensulfate	
		ii	M1	acid rain	Accept makes lakes acidic / lowers pH of lakes	2
			M2 object	specific adverse effect on specific	plants plants/trees/vegetation/crops/named example eg dies/stunted growth/harmed/damaged/poisoned Ignore deforestation Ignore leaching minerals	
					fish fish/aquatic animals/pond life/marine life/named example eg dies/stunted growth/harmed/damaged/poisoned Ignore references to just animals	
					Accept limestone limestone/marble reacts/corrodes/is eaten away NOT just buildings Ignore rusts or physical process such as erosion / weathering / wearing away / dissolving	
					Accept destroys for adverse effect in all of above	
					Total 17	marks

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
7 a	A (addition)		1
b	A (a molecule used to make a polymer)		1
c i	propene		1
ii	H CH <sub>3</sub>	<ul> <li>M1 chain of two carbons joined by single bond AND both continuation bonds</li> <li>M2 one CH<sub>3</sub> group in any position AND three H atoms</li> <li>Do not penalise bond to H of CH<sub>3</sub> Reject any structure with double bond Allow multiple repeat units if correct Three or more CH<sub>2</sub> groups linked together scores 0/2</li> <li>Ignore brackets and subscripted n</li> </ul>	2
d	$H \subset C$	Accept CI in any position Ignore bond angles Ignore brackets / n	1

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
7 e i	M1 (polymer) breaks down / decomposes / decays	Do not penalise compound / object / molecule / substance in place of polymer Reject element in place of polymer Ignore rots / degrades / digests / disintegrates If reference to not breaking down etc, only M2 can be awarded	2
	M2 by bacteria / microbes / microorganisms / decomposers /enzymes	Accept biologically / naturally  M2 DEP on M1 or near miss	
ii	inert(ness) / unreactive / OWTTE	Ignore do not react with named chemical Ignore references to bond strengths / bond breaking	1
		Total 9	marks

	estion mber	Α	nswer	Notes	Marks
8	а	pipette			1
	b	B (pink to colour	less)		1
	С	<ul><li>correct reference to c</li><li>number of cold</li><li>end point/colo point)</li></ul>		Examples: phenolphthalein has only two colours / only one colour change / negative statement eg does not have a range of colours / UI has several colours/more than one colour change sharp / definite / sudden / quick / not gradual / needs only one drop / converse for UI	1
	d	M1 (after) answer) M2 (before) answer) M3 (added)	24.15 (only this 2.30 (only this 21.85	Award 1 mark for both burette readings correct but in wrong order  CQ on after and before readings  In M3, penalise answer not to 2 dp unless penalty already applied in M2	3

	estion ımber	Answer	Notes	Marks
8	e i	ticks in columns 2 and 4		1
	ii	M1 <u>26.30 + 26.40</u> 2	CQ on ticked results If no results ticked, award M1 only if columns 2 and 4 averaged If only one result ticked, no marks can be awarded in (e)	2
		M2 26.35	CQ on results averaged Answer must be to 2 dp M2 subsumes M1	

f	M1 <u>0.18(0) × 25(.0)</u> 1000	In part (f):  • accept values in standard form, eg 4.5 × 10 <sup>-3</sup> • do not accept unevaluated fractions, eg 0.0045÷3 in (ii)  • do not penalise too many sig figs  • correct answer without working scores 2 marks in (i) and (iii)  • penalise missing use of 1000 in (i) and (iii) once only	2
	M2 0.0045(0)	Award 1 mark for 4.5	
ii	$(0.0045 \div 3 =) 0.0015(0)$	CQ on answer to (i)	1
iii	M1 <u>0.0015 × 1000</u> 28.3(0)	CQ on answer to (ii)	2
	M2 0.053(0)	Award 1 mark out of 2 for 0.000053 Award 1 mark out of 2 for 0.05	
		If correct final answer obtained by omission of 1000 in both (i) and (iii), award marks of 1,1, 2	
		Total 14	marks

	estion mber	Answer	Notes	Marks
9	а	A simple molecular B giant covalent C giant metallic D giant ionic		4
	b i	M1 electron transfer AND correct direction  M2 magnesium (atoms) lose 2 electrons	If any reference to sharing electrons, 0/3 If any reference to covalent bonds, MAX 2 Penalise atoms in place of electrons each time	3
		M3 (each) chlorine (atom) gains an electron	Accept two chlorine (atoms) gain two electrons Reject chloride in place of chlorine  M2 and M3 both correct also scores M1	
	ii	2+	M1 for electronic configuration of Mg <sup>2+</sup> ion M2 for electronic configuration of Cl <sup>-</sup> ion M3 for both charges correct  Accept any combination of dots and crosses Charges can be shown anywhere so long as there is no ambiguity Brackets not essential Ignore 2 before or after chloride ion 0/3 for any diagram showing shared electrons Ignore diagrams showing electron transfer – mark only the ions formed Penalise missing inner shell(s) once only If two Cl <sup>-</sup> ions shown, both must be correct	3

Do not penalise empty third shell in Mg <sup>2+</sup>	
If only 2.8 etc notations without diagram, only	
M3 can be awarded	

Answer	Notes	Marks
0 x C x 0	M1 for 4 electrons in both C=O bonds These can be shown in a vertical or horizontal line M2 all other electrons correct M2 DEP on M1 Accept any combination of dots and crosses Ignore inner electrons even if wrong Ignore circles around atoms Non-bonding electrons do not need to be paired	2
M1 positive ions / cations	Not just ions Reject reference to protons/nuclei/atoms in place of cations for M1, but M2 and M3 can still be awarded	3
M2 delocalised electrons / sea of electrons  M3 crystal / lattice / regular arrangement / array / giant structure / OWTTE	Ignore free electrons  Ignore layers / planes / rows or similar Accept (electrostatic) attraction between positive ions and electrons  0/3 if reference to ionic bonding / covalent bonding / molecules	
	M1 positive ions / cations  M2 delocalised electrons / sea of electrons  M3 crystal / lattice / regular arrangement / array	M1 for 4 electrons in both C=O bonds These can be shown in a vertical or horizontal line  M2 all other electrons correct  M2 DEP on M1 Accept any combination of dots and crosses Ignore inner electrons even if wrong Ignore circles around atoms Non-bonding electrons do not need to be paired  M1 positive ions / cations  M3 crystal / lattice / regular arrangement / array / giant structure / OWTTE  M1 for 4 electrons in both C=O bonds These can be shown in a vertical or horizontal line  M2 all other electrons even if wrong Ignore electrons even if wrong Ignore circles around atoms Non-bonding electrons do not need to be paired  Not just ions Reject reference to protons/nuclei/atoms in place of cations for M1, but M2 and M3 can still be awarded  Ignore layers / planes / rows or similar Accept (electrostatic) attraction between positive ions and electrons  O/3 if reference to ionic bonding / covalent bonding /

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
9 d ii	M1 layers / sheets / planes / rows AND (positive) ions / atoms / particles M2 slide (over each other)	Allow OWTTE, eg slip / flow / shift / roll / move  M2 DEP on mention of EITHER layers or equivalent OR mention of ions or equivalent  Do not award M2 if protons / electrons / nuclei / molecules in place of ions, etc  If reference to ionic bonding / covalent bonding / molecules / intermolecular forces, no marks	2
		Total 17	marks

Questi numb		Answer	Notes	Marks
10 a	à	M1 volume  M2 concentration	Ignore amount of solution for both, but accept amount in cm³ for M1 Reject volume of gases Allow mass of solution Ignore strength Ignore temperature / pressure Accept in either order	2
b	i c	B D		1
С		M1 filter (and dry) and weigh solid/A/it  M2 mass is (still) 1g / mass is unchanged	Mark M1 and M2 independently  Accept separate/remove solid/A/it from reaction mixture and weigh it  Accept reverse argument, eg if it was a reactant, the mass would decrease	2

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
10 d i	Volume of oxygen in cm <sup>3</sup> 60 - Solid F  40 - 20 - 40 60 80 100 120  Time in seconds	M1 + M2 all five points plotted to nearest gridline Points at zero and 120 are not essential but must be correct if plotted Deduct 1 mark for each error up to max 2  M3 curve of best fit Curve does not need to be labelled If curve correct but points not visible under curve, award M1 and M2 Curve CQ on points plotted Penalise repeated straight line(s) joining points / more than one curve visible	3
ii	M1 some indication on graph  M2 volume CQ on candidate curve	eg vertical line up from 70s OR horizontal line to where line from 70s would meet curve OR cross on graph Must be an integer (cm³) No marks if original curve used	2
iii	curve steeper /gradient steeper/greater OR curve levels off earlier / curve reaches 100cm <sup>3</sup> in shorter time / OWTTE	Accept line for curve Accept graph is steeper  Accept answers that do not depend on graph but can be obtained from the table of results, eg bigger volume in a shorter time, reaction stopped earlier  Total 12	1

Question number		Answer	Notes	Marks
11 a		(pressure) low		1
	ii	fewer (gas) moles/molecules/particles on left OR fewer moles/molecules/particles of reactants OR forward reaction produces more moles/molecules/particles	Accept statement about numbers of moles / molecules, eg 3 on left and 5 on right Accept more (gas) moles/molecules/particles on right / more moles/molecules of products but not just more products	1
			Ignore references to favouring right hand side/forward direction /endothermic reaction /equilibrium shifting to right /Le Chatelier's principle /low pressure favours side with more moles Ignore references to rate / collisions	
			If answer to (i) is high, no ECF in (ii) If no answer to (i), mark can be awarded in (ii)	
b		(temperature) high		1
	ii	(forward) reaction is endothermic / has positive $\Delta \emph{H}$ value / absorbs heat	Accept reverse reaction is exothermic / has negative Δ <i>H</i> value / gives out heat Ignore favours the endothermic reaction Ignore references to rate / collisions	1
			If answer to (i) is low, no ECF in (ii) If no answer to (i), mark can be awarded	

С	$\Delta H$ (value)/enthalpy change is small / smaller	Accept energy in place of enthalpy	1
	/ less (than for reactions 1 and 3)	Accept closer to zero	
	OR	Reject $\Delta H$ less negative / less exothermic / less	
	reaction not very exothermic / has lowest	heat given out	
	enthalpy change	Ignore references to temperature change /	
		pressure	
		Ignore less energy / not a lot of energy needed	

Questio n number	Answer	Notes	Marks
11 d	(rate) increases	Ignore references to yield / equilibrium / chances of collision in (i) and (ii)	1
ii		Mark M1 and M2 independently	2
	M1 particles closer together	Accept more particles in a given volume/space /particles have less space/room (to move in) Ignore area in place of volume/space Ignore references to just numbers of gas moles/molecules	
	M2 particles collide more frequently	Not just more (successful) collisions Accept more (successful) collisions per unit time / per second, etc	
		0/2 if references to particles moving faster/having greater energy	
		If answer to (i) is decreases, no ECF in (ii) If no answer or ignored answer to (i), marks can be awarded	

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks	
11 e	Accept working by mass ratio OR moles routes Mass ratios: $ M1 \qquad M_r \; (CH_3OH) = 32 \; \; AND \; M_r \; (CH_3COOH) = 60 $ $ M2 \qquad m(CH_3COOH) = \underline{64 \; \times \; 60} $ $ 32 $ $ M3 \qquad 120 \; (kg) $	Award M1 for 32 and 60 seen anywhere, except as the result of incorrect calculations  Mark M2 and M3 consequentially on M <sub>r</sub> values	3	
	OR Moles: $ M1  n(CH_3OH) = 64\ 000 \div 32 = 2000\ (mol) $ $ M2  n(CH_3COOH) = 2000\ (mol) $ $ M3  m(CH_3COOH) = 2000 \times 60 = 120\ 000\ g\ /\ 120\ (kg) $	Allow working in 'kilomoles' even if mol given as unit or no unit for intermediate answers, eg 64 ÷ 32 = 2 (kmol/mol)  CQ on M1  CQ on M2  Correct final answer with or without working scores 3 marks Accept 120 000 g if unit shown		
Total 1				

