

GCSE (9-1)

Chemistry A

(Gateway Science)

J248/01: Paper 1 (Foundation Tier)

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Mark Scheme for June 2019

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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Annotations available in RM Assessor

Annotation	Meaning
 ✓ 	Correct response
×	Incorrect response
	Omission mark
BOD	Benefit of doubt given
CON	Contradiction
RE	Rounding error
SF	Error in number of significant figures
ECF	Error carried forward
L1	Level 1
L2	Level 2
L3	Level 3
NBOD	Benefit of doubt not given
SEEN	Noted but no credit given
I	Ignore

Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme (to include abbreviations and subject-specific conventions).

Annotation	Meaning
1	alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point
1	Separates marking points
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
_	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

Subject-specific Marking Instructions

INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.

You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet **Instructions for Examiners**. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully **Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners**.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

	Assessment Objective
AO1	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific techniques and procedures.
AO1.1	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas.
AO1.2	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific techniques and procedures.
AO2	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures.
AO2.1	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas.
AO2.2	Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures.
AO3	Analyse information and ideas to interpret and evaluate, make judgements and draw conclusions and develop and improve experimental procedures.
AO3.1	Analyse information and ideas to interpret and evaluate.
AO3.1a	Analyse information and ideas to interpret.
AO3.1b	Analyse information and ideas to evaluate.
AO3.2	Analyse information and ideas to make judgements and draw conclusions.
AO3.2a	Analyse information and ideas to make judgements.
AO3.2b	Analyse information and ideas to draw conclusions.
AO3.3	Analyse information and ideas to develop and improve experimental procedures.
AO3.3a	Analyse information and ideas to develop experimental procedures.
AO3.3b	Analyse information and ideas to improve experimental procedures.

The breakdown of Assessment Objectives for GCSE (9-1) in Combined Science A:

SECTION A

For answers to Section A if an answer box is blank ALLOW correct indication of answer e.g. circled or underlined.

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
1	В	1	1.1	
2	В	1	1.1	
3	A	1	1.1	
4	С	1	2.1	
5	В	1	2.2	
6	В	1	2.1	
7	С	1	2.1	
8	В	1	2.1	
9	В	1	2.1	
10	D	1	1.1	
11	D	1	1.1	
12	A	1	2.1	
13	С	1	2.1	
14	В	1	2.2	
15	C	1	2.1	
	Total	15		

Q	uestio	n Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
16	(a)	Crystallisation Image: Crystallisation Filtration Image: Crystallisation Distillation Image: Crystallisation If more than one line drawn to apparatus DO NOT award the mark.	3	1.2	
	(b)	Use a magnet ✓	1	2.2	ALLOW dissolve sulfur in solvent/xylene and filter ALLOW sieve
	(c)	A new substance is made ✓ The change is irreversible (by physical means) / impossible to reverse (by physical means) / difficult to reverse✓	2	1.1	 ALLOW products look different to reactants/products are different to reactants/only one substance made/colour change ALLOW product has a fixed composition/formula OR mixture doesn't ALLOW there is an energy/temperature change/exothermic/endothermic ALLOW properties of product are different from

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
						reactants
	(d)	(i)	(particles) regular/in rows√	2	1.1	ignore fixed
			(particles) close together√			allow touching/all touching/little space between or no space between/tightly packed ALLOW compact
		(ii)	Vibrating (about a fixed position) \checkmark	1	1.1	

C	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
17	(a)	(i)	900 (ºC) ✓	1	3.3a	
		(ii)	(compound X) consists of one type of particle/one compound/element/substance	1	1.1	ALLOW no other substance mixed with it
		(ii)	A pure substance melts at a specific temperature / the line is horizontal / has a single melting temperature \checkmark	1	2.1	ALLOW A mixture melts over a range of temperatures / the line would not be horizontal IGNORE boiling point
	(b)*		Please refer to the marking instructions on page 4 of this mark scheme for guidance on how to mark this question.	6	1.1 x2 2.1 x2 3.2a x2	 AO1.1 Knowledge and understanding of ionic bonding Ions cannot move in a solid so will not conduct
			Level 3 (5–6 marks) Describes the bonding in compound X in detail. AND Links explanation to at least two of the properties to the bonding in compound X. There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated. Level 2 (3–4 marks) Describes the bonding in compound X			 electricity No delocalised electrons, cannot conduct as a solid lons can move in a liquid, so it will conduct electricity when molten Bonding is very strong and takes a lot of energy to break, so it will have a high melting point lonic bonds are strong electrostatic forces of attraction between oppositely charged ions
			AND Links explanation to one of the properties to the bonding in compound X. There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is relevant and supported by some evidence. Level 1 (1–2 marks) Attempts to describe the bonding in compound X. OR			 Understanding of properties linked to the bonding in a compound Compound X has positive and negative ions. Compound X contains ions Compound X does not have mobile electrons AO3.2a Analysis of information and ideas to make judgements The bonding in compound X is ionic The bonding in compound X is very strong The bonding cannot be metallic The bonding cannot be covalent

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
	Attempts to link explanation to one of the properties to the bonding.			
	There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of reasoning. The information is in the most part relevant.			
	0 marks No response or no response worthy of credit.			

Question		on	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
18	(a)	(i)	Red and Yellow ✓	1	3.1a	BOTH needed for the mark
		(ii)	Y✓	2	3.1b	
			All paints are soluble (in Y) / ORA \checkmark		3.2b	ALLOW dissolves all 3 colours/forms (clear) solutions
		(iii)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 0.79 award 3 marks	3		
			$R_f = 41(mm) \div 52(mm) / 4.1(cm) \div 5.2(cm) \checkmark$		2.2 x2	
			= 0.788 ✓			
			= 0.79 (2 sig figs) ✓		1.2	
	(b)		No (no mark)	1	3.2b	
			All the sample paints match the paint in the 1973 painting / chromatogram is the same as the 1973 chromatogram \checkmark			ALLOW The blue paint was different in 1849 / blue paint has different R _f to the blue paint used in 1849 / blue paint pure in 1849 / blue paint not pure in sample/it doesn't match 1849

Question		on	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
19	(a)	(i)	Exothermic ✓	1	1.1	
		(ii)	Mg + 2HCl → MgCl ₂ + H ₂ Formulae \checkmark Balancing \checkmark	2	2.1 2.2	ALLOW any correct multiple, including fractions ALLOW = / \Rightarrow instead of \rightarrow NOT and / & instead of + balancing mark is dependent on the correct formulae but ALLOW 1 mark (M2) for a balanced equation with a minor error in subscripts / formulae eg MG + 2HCl \rightarrow MgCl ₂ + H ₂
		(iii)	Aluminium chloride ✓	1	2.2	ALLOW correct formula AICI ₃
	(b)	(i)	7.6 ✓	1	3.2b	
		(ii)	error taking the temperature (at start or at end) \checkmark	1	3.2a	ALLOW used more/less metal / used more/less acid ALLOW reaction did not finish IGNORE faulty thermometer
		(iii)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 10.3 (°C) award 2 marks (10.3 + 10.5 + 10.2) ÷ 3 = 10.3333 (°C) ✓ = 10.3 (°C) (1 decimal place) ✓	2	2.2	

Ques	tion	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
(c) (i)	Improvement Any one from: Put a lid on the polystyrene cup / Put insulating material around the polystyrene cup / Use a digital thermometer ✓ Use a data logger ✓ AND Reason Any one from: Stops/reduces heat loss (through evaporation) / Prevents/reduces heat loss (from the polystyrene cup) / (Digital thermometer) is easier to read / (Digital thermometer) gives more accurate/precise readings ✓ (data logger) gives continuous data so can get max T	2	3.3b 2.2	Reason must be linked to the Improvement to be awarded the second mark ALLOW add same amount of metal / acid/measure mass metal / measure volume acid so can compare results ALLOW more metal / acid gives larger T change / errors are less significant
	(ii)	Any two from: Use different types of acids \checkmark Use a wider range of metals \checkmark Change the mass of metal used \checkmark Change the volume of acid used \checkmark	2	3.3a	ALLOW more reactive/less reactive metals
(d		Energy Energy Energy change Energy change Energ	3		ALLOW ECF if endothermic is given as answer in (a)(i)

Q	uestic	Answer		AO element	Guidance
		Reactants above and to the left of products and both labelled in words or formulae \checkmark		1.2	ALLOW label as just 'products'
		Energy change downward arrow and labelled \checkmark		2.2 x2	ALLOW double headed labelled -∆H
		Activation energy upward arrow and labelled ✓			DO NOT ALLOW activation energy with a double headed arrow DO NOT ALLOW activation energy arrow pointing downwards

Question		on	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
20	(a)	(i)	Buckminsterfullerene / bucky ball ✓	1	1.1	ALLOW C ₆₀ IGNORE fullerene
		(ii)	Has many atoms joined together (by covalent bonds) ✓	2	1.1	ALLOW all atoms joined together / each/every C atom joined together DO NOT ALLOW imf
			Arranged in a repeating pattern ✓			
	(b)	(i)	Many strong (covalent) bonds ✓	2	1.1	ALLOW each/every C bonded to 4 C atoms (ie network idea) / many bonds / network of bonds / bonds throughout structure ✓
			A lot of energy needed to break the bonds \checkmark			strong (covalent) bonds ✓ DO NOT ALLOW IMF/ionic
		(ii)	Layers slide over each other / weak forces between the layers \checkmark	1	1.1	IGNORE IMF
	(c)		Any two from: Conducts electricity because touchscreens need to be able to conduct electricity ✓	2	3.2a	
			High strength so screen does not break when dropped/ so doesn't wear off / rub off / crack from pressure of fingers \checkmark			ALLOW doesn't break easily
			Transparent so can see light through the display \checkmark			ALLOW can see work/can see through it

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
(d) (i)		2	2.2	ALLOW all dots or all crosses Inner shell electrons on carbon not needed ALLOW 1 mark only for correct bonding pairs and a non bonding electron on H
(ii)	Weak forces ✓ Between molecules ✓	2	2.1	 DO NOT ALLOW mention of intramolecular bonding IGNORE weak bonds alone DO NOT ALLOW weak covalent bonds weak intermolecular forces/bonds √√

Question		on	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
21	(a)	(i)	electron	2	1.1	ALLOW either order
		(ii)	Has equal numbers of (positive) protons and (negative) electrons \checkmark	1	2.1	q asks for particles IGNORE protons cancel electrons
	(b)		Isotopes have same number of protons (and electrons) ✓ Isotopes have different numbers of neutrons ✓	2	1.1	 ALLOW same proton number/same atomic number ALLOW different mass number/number of nucleons/atomic mass DO NOT ALLOW different RAM/Mr ALLOW 1 mark for same protons and different neutrons

Question		on	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
22	(a)	(i)	Positive (metal) ions / cations ✓ Surrounded by sea of or delocalised electrons ✓	2	1.1	Any reference to ionic or covalent bonding or IMF scores 0 ALLOW a labelled diagram electrons + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
		(ii)	Idea that layers or rows or sheets (of particles) slide over each other \checkmark	1	1.1	IGNORE layers can bend IGNORE IMF
		(iii)	Has electrons \checkmark That can move / that can carry the charge \checkmark BUT Delocalised electrons scores 2 marks	2	1.1	DO NOT ALLOW free ions – scores 0 IGNORE free (electrons) for idea of movement

Question		Answer	Mark s	AO elemen t	Guidance
(b)		Low density and idea that aircraft is lightweight / isn't too heavy to fly / less weight to carry / AW ✓ High strength and idea that aircraft is less likely to be damaged ✓	2	3.2b	DO NOT ALLOW light / lighter for low density but ALLOW so aircraft is light or lighter Answers must give property and explanation for marks BUT ALLOW 1 mark for low density and high strength / strongest if no or only one explanation given
(c)	(i)	(Percentage of lithium =) $(2 \div 10) \times 100 = 20(\%) \checkmark$	1	3.1a	
	(ii)	Idea that alloy B is only 2.2% lithium / Idea that alloy B is 2.2% lithium but the diagram has 20% lithium / Idea that the % of lithium in the alloy is much smaller than in the diagram / there should be 100 aluminium atoms (and 2 lithium atoms) ✓	1	3.2a	ALLOW ECF from incorrect percentage in (c)(i) ALLOW should be more Al atoms / 17.8% too large IGNORE references to the relative sizes of the atoms

Q	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
23	(a)		Could be breathed in /	1	2.1	ALLOW cannot see so may leave (areas of) skin unprotected
			Idea of absorbed by skin /			ALLOW idea that we don't know the long term
			Idea of absorbed into bloodstream /			risks IGNORE idea that they are not fully understood /
			Take a long time to break down in the environment \checkmark			there could be side effects / idea that they may react with skin / harmful to humans
	(b)		FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 0.12 OR 0.12:1 or 1:8.3 award 4 marks	4		Units not needed
			Surface area = $6 \times 50^2 = 15000 \checkmark$		3 x 2.2	ALLOW surface area = 1.5 x 10 ⁴ nm ²
			Volume = 50^3 = 125000 \checkmark			ALLOW volume = $1.25 \times 10^5 \text{ nm}^3$
			Surface area / volume ratio = 15000 ÷ 125000 ✓			ALLOW ECF from incorrect surface area and/or volume
			= 0.12 or 0.12:1 or 1:8.3 ✓		1.2	ALLOW any ratio that simplifies to 0.12:1 eg 3:25 or 1.5:12.5 for 4 marks DO NOT ALLOW ratio wrong way round eg 1:0.12
	(c)	(i)	Nanoparticles have diameter between 1 nm – 100 nm / idea that (diameter of) DNA is more than 1 nm but less than 100 nm \checkmark	2	1.1	ALLOW has at least one dimension on the nanoscale
			Water (molecule) is too small / 0.27 nm is less than 1 nm / idea that 0.27 nm is not in range 1 nm – 100 nm \checkmark			
		(ii)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 3100 award 2 marks	2	2.2	
						ALLOW 3125 for 1 mark
						ALLOW 0.00032 for 1 mark (correct sig figs from
			= 3100 (2 significant figures) √			incorrect working out, ie 32 ÷ 100000)

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations) The Triangle Building Shaftesbury Road Cambridge CB2 8EA

OCR Customer Contact Centre

Education and Learning

Telephone: 01223 553998 Facsimile: 01223 552627 Email: <u>general.gualifications@ocr.org.uk</u>

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