

Monday 12 October 2020 - Morning

AS Level Biology A

You can use:

H020/01 Breadth in biology

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

*8210655876

•	a scientific or graphical calculator
•	a ruler (cm/mm)

|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|

Please write clearly in black ink	Do not write in the barcodes.		
Centre number	Candidate number		
First name(s)			
Last name		 	

INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink. You can use an HB pencil, but only for graphs and diagrams.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If you need extra space use the lined pages at the end of this booklet. The question numbers must be clearly shown.
- · Answer all the questions.
- Where appropriate, your answer should be supported with working. Marks might be given for using a correct method, even if your answer is wrong.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 70.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- This document has 24 pages.

ADVICE

· Read each question carefully before you start your answer.

SECTION A

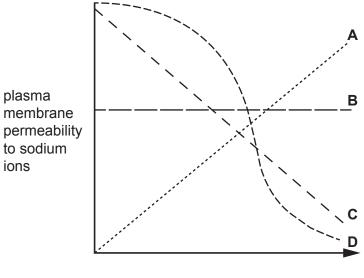
You should spend a maximum of 25 minutes on this section.

Write your answer for each question in the box provided.

Answer **all** the questions.

1	Which of the following stages, A to D , of the cell cycle, would DNA polymerase be most active?						
	A G ₁						
	В	G_2					
	C mitosis						
	D	S					
	You	r answer	[1]				
2	Which statement, A to D , describes the function of DNA polymerase?						
	A break the hydrogen bonds between complementary bases						
	B make phosphodiester bonds between adjacent nucleotides						
C make phosphodiester bonds between polynucleotides							
	D	make the hydrogen bonds between complementary bases					
	Your answer						

Which of the lines, **A** to **D**, in the graph below, represents the effect of increasing ethanol concentration on the permeability of the plasma membrane to sodium ions?



ethanol concentration

4 Which of the rows, **A** to **D**, in the table below shows the correct order of increasing complexity of organisation within an organism?

Α	epithelium	goblet cell	lung	respiratory system
В	epithelium	respiratory system	goblet cell	lung
С	goblet cell	epithelium	lung	respiratory system
D	goblet cell	lung	respiratory system	epithelium

Your answer	[1]
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5 The image below shows Dawlish Warren, which is a conservation area in the UK.



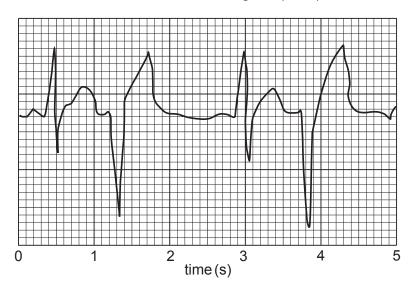
Which of the following is an aesthetic reason for maintaining biodiversity in Dawlish Warren?

- A maintaining the 200 different animal species
- **B** maintaining the area as a tourist destination to support local businesses
- **C** preventing the disappearance of the coastal landscape
- **D** protecting the sparrowhawk, which is a keystone species

Your answer	[1]

6	cells	Antifreeze proteins are a group of globular proteins that prevent ice crystal formation in living cells. These proteins are found in four different kingdoms and have evolved independently of each other.						
	Whi	Which of the following phrases explains why this convergent evolution has occurred?						
	Α	adaptation to fill a similar niche						
	В	continuous variation	on of these species					
	С	interspecific variat	on					
	D	the same gene occ	curs in these species					
7		e table below shows	the different percentages	of three different	[1] components of blood vessels.			
	elastin (%)		smooth muscle (%)	collagen (%)				
	Α	8	33	58				
	В	17	39	43				
	С	56	11	33				
	D	56	45	10				
		ich of the rows, A to	D , shows the relative pro	pportions of the co	mponents of the aorta? [1]			
8	Which of the following, A to D, is an example of disease transmitted by a vector? A athlete's foot from a shower B bubonic plague from rat fleas C catching bird flu from inhaling water droplets D salmonella from undercooked chicken							
	Your answer [1]							

9 The trace below is an electrocardiogram (ECG) of an abnormal heart activity.

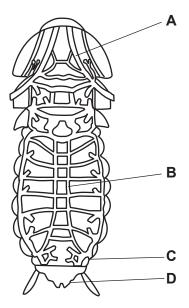


What is the name for this abnormal heart activity?

- **A** bradycardia
- **B** ectopic heartbeat
- **C** fibrillation
- **D** tachycardia

Your answer	[1]

10 The drawing below shows the respiratory system of an insect.

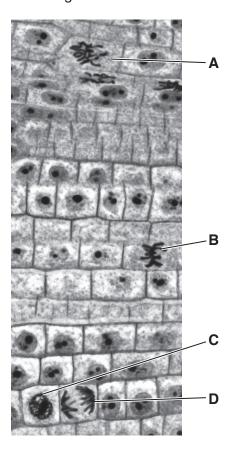


Which of the letters, **A** to **D**, shows a spiracle?



- 11 Which of the following muscles in the mammalian ventilation system contract to force air out of the lungs?
 - A all of the muscles in the mammalian ventilation system
 - **B** the external intercostal muscles
 - **C** the diaphragm
 - **D** the internal intercostal muscles

12 The image below shows onion root tissue. Some of the cells in the tissue are undergoing mitosis.



Which of the label lines, A to D, shows a cell that is in anaphase?

Your answer			[1]
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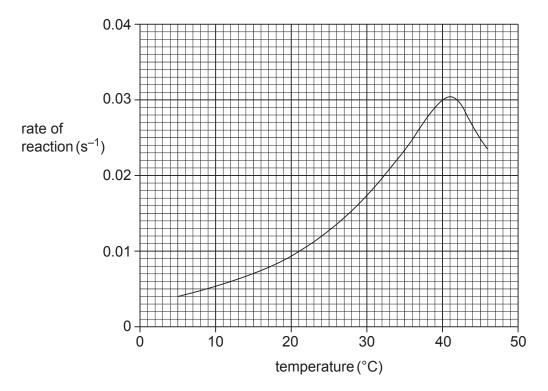
13 A student is investigating species richness of plants along a sand dune from the sea edge moving inland. They are testing the hypothesis that 'species richness increases with distance from the sea'.

Which of the sampling methods, **A** to **D**, would the student use?

- **A** opportunistic
- **B** random
- C stratified
- **D** systematic

Your answer	[1]
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14 The graph below shows how the rate of reaction of the enzyme pepsin changes with temperature.



What is the temperature coefficient, \mathbf{Q}_{10} , of this reaction before the enzyme denatures?

- **A** 0.06
- **B** 0.35
- **C** 1.80
- **D** 3.98

Your answer	[1
-------------	----

15 Which of the rows, A to D, contains the correct elements that are found in proteins?

	carbon	hydrogen	oxygen	phosphorus	nitrogen	sulphur
Α	✓	✓	✓			
В	1	✓	✓	1	✓	
С	1	✓	✓		✓	✓
D	√	✓	√	✓	√	✓

Your answer	[1]
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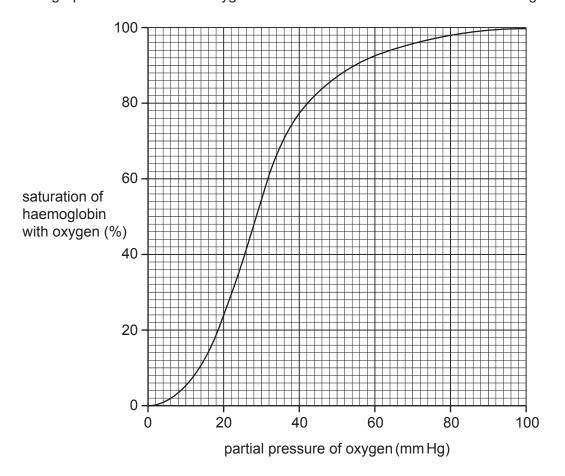
16 Oleic acid is a monounsaturated fatty acid found in vegetable oil.

Which of the following, ${\bf A}$ to ${\bf D}$, is the correct structure for oleic acid?

Your answer

[1]

17 The graph below shows the oxygen dissociation curve for adult human haemoglobin.



What is the proportion of oxygen molecules released by haemoglobin between 40 mm Hg and 20 mm Hg?

- **A** 0.31
- **B** 0.69
- **C** 2.21
- **D** 3.21

Your answer [1]

18	Hur	man pancreatic lipase breaks the bonds between fatty acids and glycerol.	
	Wh	at name is given to this reaction?	
	Α	condensation	
	В	esterification	
	С	hydration	
	D	hydrolysis	
	You	ir answer	[1]
19	A co	onjugated protein is held together by many different types of bond.	
	Wh	ich bond is not formed when a conjugated protein folds into its quaternary structure?	
	Α	disulphide	
	В	hydrogen	
	С	ionic	
	D	peptide	
	You	ir answer	[1]
20	The	ere are four different human blood groups: A, B, AB and O.	
	This	s is because there are three different alleles coding for different proteins in red blood cells.	
	Wh	ich of the letters, A to D , describes this form of variation?	
	Α	continuous and intraspecific	
	В	continuous and interspecific	
	С	discontinuous and intraspecific	
	D	discontinuous and interspecific	
	You	er answer	[1]

SECTION B

Answer all the questions.

21 A zygote undergoes rapid cell division. (a) Explain why the type of nuclear division in a zygote is mitosis and not meiosis.[2] (b) After many rounds of cell division, the zygote forms a blastula. A blastula is an animal embryo at an early stage of development. As the blastula develops, it becomes a hollow ball of cells with an inner cell mass. The inner cell mass is a source of embryonic stem cells. Explain the role of embryonic stem cells in the development of the embryo.[2] (ii) Explain why the cells of the inner cell mass are **not** totipotent stem cells.

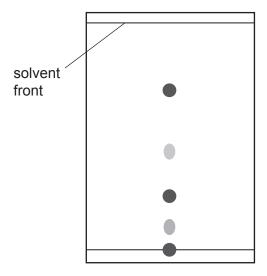
.....[2]

22 Collagen is a protein found in arterial walls. A collagen molecule has three polypeptide chains, each with 1050 amino acids, wrapped into a triple helix. A repeating sequence of the amino acids

	cine ains.	and proline occur in each polypeptide chain. These amino acids have non-polar side
(a)	(i)	Describe and explain why collagen is a fibrous protein.
	/ii\	Suggest why collagen is such a strong molecule.
	(ii)	Suggest why collagen is such a strong molecule.
		[1]
(b)	Ou	tline the method of chromatography that will separate the main amino acids in collagen.
		[3]

(c) A student carried out the method of chromatography on a sample labelled 'collagen'. The results can be seen on the chromatogram below.

On a chromatogram, the darker the spot, the higher the concentration of that amino acid.



(i) Calculate Rf values for the two highest concentration amino acids.

	[2]
Rf value 2 =	
Rf value 1 =	

(ii) The table shows the Rf values of a range of amino acids.

amino acid	Rf value
glutamine	0.13
glycine	0.27
isoleucine	0.72
leucine	0.73
methionine	0.55
phenylalanine	0.68
proline	0.43
tryptophan	0.66
tyrosine	0.45
valine	0.61

The student thought that they may have made an error and **not** used a sample of collagen.

Use the information in the table to conclude whether the chromatogram shows that the protein analysed is collagen.

Explain your answer.	
	[2

23	The rough endoplasmic reticulum is where translation of some proteins takes place in a eukaryot cell.		
	(a)	Describe the structure of the rough endoplasmic reticulum.	
		[3]	
	(b)	Explain the role of the membrane in the rough endoplasmic reticulum.	
		[2]	

24 A student was comparing transpiration rates in tomato leaves and watermelon leaves. They selected eight separate leaves on different tomato plants and sealed a plastic bag over each leaf. They repeated this process for the watermelon plants. The plastic bags were left for six hours then they used a syringe to collect any water inside the plastic bag. The volume of water was recorded.

An example of their method can be seen in Fig. 24.1.

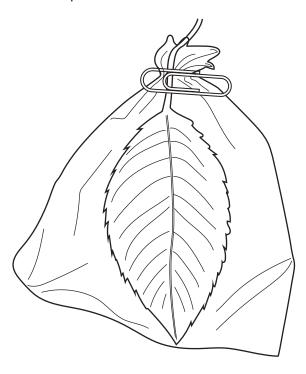


Fig. 24.1

(a)	Identify two problems with this method and for each problem suggest how the method can be improved.
	1
	2

[4]

(b) The results of the experiment are shown in Fig. 24.2.

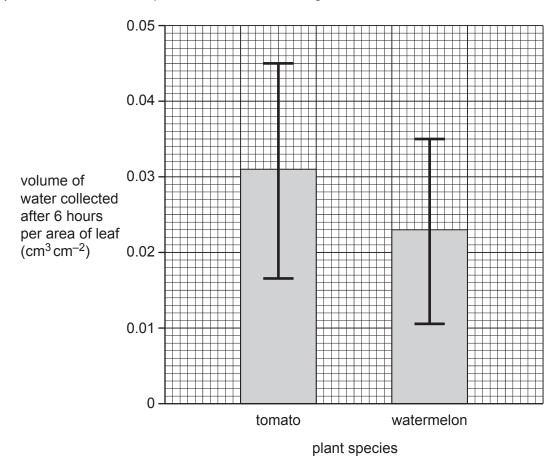


Fig. 24.2

	[3 [.]
What conclusion can be drawn from this graph? Justify your answer.	

(c)	Describe how a potometer can be used to calculate a more accurate rate of transpiration.				
	[4]				
(d)	Name and describe two pathways that water takes to reach the xylem vessels at the base of the stem.				
	[2]				

25	(a)	Explain how the nucleotides in a DNA molecule are arranged as two polynucleotide strands.			
			[3]		
	(b)	(i)	The human genome contains 3.0×10^9 nucleotides. The replication of DNA takes six hours in some cells.		
			One eukaryotic enzyme complex can replicate DNA at a rate of 50 nucleotides added per second on each complementary strand.		
			Calculate the number of eukaryotic enzyme complexes needed to replicate the DNA in the human genome in six hours.		
			Give your answer in standard form.		
			number of enzyme complexes =[3]		
		(ii)	Name two enzymes involved in DNA replication.		
			1		
			2		
		/:::\	[2]		
		(iii)	Explain why enzymes are essential to all organisms.		
			[21		

26 The table shows the characteristics of five species from the five different kingdoms.

species	organisation	nucleus	cell wall	nutrient source
Solanum tuberosum	multicellular	yes	yes	autotroph
Yersinia pestis	unicellular	no	yes	heterotroph
Cantharellus pallens	unicellular	yes	yes	saprotroph
Ministeria vibrans	unicellular	yes	no	heterotroph
Ailuropoda melanoleuca	multicellular	yes	no	heterotroph

(a)	a) (i) Name the genus of the protoctist in the table.						
						[1]	
	(ii)	Use the information in the table to determine the kingdom and cell wall molecule for <i>S. tuberosum</i> and <i>C. pallens</i> . Write your answers in the table below.					
			species	kingdom	cell wall molecule		
			S. tuberosum				
			C. pallens				
						[2]	
(iii) Describe how the genetic material is arranged Y. pestis.			nged in organisms in th	e same kingdom as			
						[1]	
(b)	Explain how a specific molecule is used to show that two different species have evolved from a recent common ancestor.						
						[2]	

ADDITIONAL ANSWER SPACE

If additional space is required, you should use the following lined page(s). The question number(s) must be clearly shown in the margin(s).				
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