

KS3 Science

Adaptation and Competition

Mark Scheme

Time available: 30 minutes Marks available: 46 marks

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Mark schemes

1.	(a)	 blackbird and robin both answers are required for the mark answers can be in either order 	1 (L3)
		(ii) • 2	
		(II) • 2 accept 'blue tit and sparrow'	
			1 (L3)
		(iii) • seeds	
			1 (L3)
		(iv) • robin	
			1 (L3)
	(b)	feathers	
	()	accept 'down'	
		fat' is insufficient	
			1 (L3)
	(c)	any one from	
		a to food their young	
		to feed their young accopt 'they are more active'	
		accept 'they are more active' 'it needs more energy' is insufficient	
		'they have babies' is insufficient	
		'to (help them) reproduce' is insufficient	
		do not accept 'to feed the eggs'	
		to produce eggs	
		accept 'to make eggs' or 'collect nesting materials'	
		accept 'to keep eggs warm'	
		accept 'to attract mates' do not accept 'there is less food in winter'	
		do not accept an answer indicating that birds are born	
			1 (L4)
2.	(a)	any one from	
		 leaves or stems damaged by strong currents 	
		accept 'plants or seeds washed away'	
		references to flowers are insufficient	
		accept 'they cannot attach themselves to the water bed'	
		roots could be pulled out	
		accept 'leaves unable to float'	
			1 (L5)

- (b) any one from
 - there is insufficient light

accept 'too little sunshine' do **not** accept 'no light'

• the water is frozen

accept 'leaves may be damaged by frost **or** snow **or** ice' 'too cold' is insufficient accept 'the plant freezes'

 less or no photosynthesis occurs accept 'not enough energy to produce leaves'

1 (L5)

(c) (i) any **one** from

a mark may be awarded for part (ci) if the answer is given in part (cii)

- large leaves
 accept flat leaves'
- flexible stems accept 'thin or long stems'
- waxy leaves
- the leaves or flowers are able to float 'it or they can float' is insufficient
- air in the leaves or stems
- roots that cover a wide area accept 'strong roots'

1 (L5)

- (ii) any **one** from
 - (large or floating leaves or thin or long stems) to collect sunlight accept 'for photosynthesis' answers must give a function for the adaptation given in part (ci)
 - (large leaves **or** flexible stem **or** waxy leaves **or** air in the leaves) to make the leaves float

a mark may be awarded for part (cii) if the answer is given in part (ci)

- (thin or flexible stems) to allow the leaves to move
- (floating flowers) for pollination
- (roots that cover a wide area) to stop them being washed away accept '(strong roots) to hold it firmly in the ground'

1 (L6)

- (d) any **one** from
 - (easily) seen by bees or insects accept 'bees or insects can get to them'
 - attract bees **or** insects
 - provide a landing platform for insects
 - they are more likely to be pollinated above water than underwater accept 'flowers are above water where fish or water animals cannot eat them'
 - they produce more seeds because they are more likely to be pollinated accept 'they produce more seeds'

'they produce seeds' is insufficient

- animals are attracted to spread the seeds
- they produce lots of pollen

1 (L5)

- (e) any one from
 - leaves absorb the heat or light

accept 'leaves block or reflect the sunlight **or** heat' 'lilies take the heat' is insufficient

· less heat or light reaches the pond

accept 'leaves shade the pond' references to the Sun are insufficient

1 (L5)

[6]

(a) any **one** from

3.

- it has large or wide hands or paws accept 'its paws are like shovels' accept 'big or strong feet'
- it has a pointed head or face or nose accept 'it has a long nose' accept 'it is streamlined'
- it has strong or big claws

 accept 'it has sharp or long claws or nails'
 'claws' is insufficient
 accept 'eyes protected by fur' or 'eyes deep in fur'
 'it has small eyes' is insufficient
- (b) (i) worm
 - (ii) owl accept 'bird' 1 (L3)
- (c) (i) the Sun accept 'light' 'solar' or 'solar panel' or 'solar energy' are insufficient

1 (L4)

1 (L3)

1 (L3)

- (ii) any one from
 - batteries have to be replaced
 - solar power is free
 - solar power does not run out accept 'it is a renewable source of power'
 - it is cheaper to run
 accept 'it is cheaper'
 'it is environmentally friendly' is insufficient

1 (L4)

(iii) any one from

- it does not kill the moles

 accept 'it is humane'
 'it is friendlier' or 'it is nicer' are insufficient
- it does not harm other animals accept 'it does not harm humans'
- poison kills or hurts moles
- poison kills or hurts owls or predators or other living things 'poison is dangerous' is insufficient
- poison enters food chains

'you do not have to get rid of dead moles' or 'you can leave them in the tunnel' are insufficient 'you have to keep adding poison' is insufficient 'so they do not become extinct' is insufficient

1 (L4)

[6]

(a) any **one** from

4.

- it only eats other animals accept 'predator'
- it only eats meat **or** fish **or** flesh

accept 'eats meat'

1 (L6)

- (b) (i) any **one** from
 - it protects it accept 'it stops it being eaten'
 - it stops it being damaged accept 'it keeps the contents in'
 - it stops it drying out
 - it prevents infection
 - it keeps out disease organisms

 accept 'it stops bacteria or viruses or germs getting in'
 accept 'it allows air or oxygen in or carbon dioxide out'
 do not accept 'it keeps it warm'
 - (ii) it reacts with the carbonate

 accept 'they react' or 'it reacts with it'
 accept 'acid reacts with the shell'
 accept 'it dissolves the shell'
 accept 'it erodes it' or 'wears it away'

 (iii) any one from

(iii) any **one** from

- makes it easier or quicker or easy to hatch or break out of the egg 'easy or easier to break' is insufficient
- makes the shell more porous accept 'air **or** oxygen gets in easily' **or** 'more air gets in' accept 'carbon dioxide gets out more easily' 'to allow for growth' is insufficient

1 (L5)

1 (L5)

(c) (i) any **one** from

5.

	• k	eep the eggs between 26°C and 30°C	
		'make it cooler' or 'use lower temperatures' are insufficient	
	• k	eep the temperature at or below 30°C	
	• k	eep the eggs at 26°C accept any temperature from 26°C to 30°C accept 'use the three lower temperatures' or 'the lower temperatures in the table'	1(15)
	(ii) hetu	1000 20%C and 24%C 1	1 (L5)
	(ii) betw	leen 32°C and 34°C √ if more than one box is ticked, award no mark	1 (L6)
(a)	(i) any	one from	
	• A	A Contraction of the second	
		accept 'tadpole'	
	• B	6	
		accept 'trout' or 'fish'	1 (7 2)
	<i>(</i>)	<i>.</i>	1 (L3)
	(ii) any	one from	
	• B		
		accept 'trout' or fish'	
	• D		
		accept 'crocodile' or 'reptile'	1 (L3)
(b)	backbone	S	
			1 (L3)
(c)	any one fr	om	
	• it has fi	ns	
		accept 'the tail helps it swim'; 'it has a tail' is insufficient	
	it is streamlined		
		accept a description of streamlining; such as 'it is narrow or thin'	
		accept 'scales make it smooth' or 'it is smooth'	
		'it has gills' or 'it has gills to breathe or to take in oxygen' are insufficient	
			1 (L3)



if all three lines are correct, award two marks if one **or** *two lines are correct, award one mark if more than one line is drawn from any animal, award no credit for that animal*

6.	(a)	(i)	oak tree \rightarrow caterpillar \rightarrow blackbird \rightarrow owl all three answers are required for the mark	1 (L4)
		(ii)	It makes food by photosynthesis. ✓ if more than one box is ticked, award no mark	1 (L4)

(d)

2 (L3)

(b) either

		decreased or went down	1 (L3)
		any one from	
		fewer leaves to feed on	
		gypsy moth caterpillars ate most of the leaves	
		accept 'gypsy moth caterpillars ate the leaves' accept 'the gypsy moth caterpillars ate all the leaves or all the food'	
		less food	
		accept 'no food'	
		accept 'they were competing for food'	1 (L4)
		or	
		any one from	
		• increased or went up	
		stayed the same	1 (L3)
		any one from	
		 they had enough food or leaves 	
		more eggs hatched	
			1 (L4)
	(c)	the tree loses its leaves	
		accept 'no leaves' or 'no food'; accept 'it is too cold'	
		accept 'caterpillars change into pupae or chrysalises or moths'	
		do not accept 'caterpillars hibernate in winter'	1 (L4)
7	(a)	the size or area or dimensions of the plots	
7.		accept 'the amount of land'	
			1 (L6)

[5]

(b) any **one** from

	• to increase the reliability of the results accept 'to make the results more accurate'	
	 to be more certain of his results accept 'some of the plots could be unusual or different' 'to find an average' is insufficient 	1 (L7)
(c)	the number of plants or grasses and the mass of plants or grass both answers are required for the mark 'amount of plants' is insufficient	1 (L7)
(d)	any one from	
	 the number of species of grass different species accept 'species' 	
	 type of plant or seed or grass 	1 (L7)
(e)	any one from	
	 his analysis would allow the effects of soil differences to be controlled or explained 	
	accept 'to make sure or so it would be fair'	
	 to provide evidence of any difference between soils accept 'to check whether soils had an effect on growth' 	
	 the analysis would provide more evidence 	
	 to check whether soils were the same or different 	1 (L7)
(f)	any one from	
	 different species have different requirements so they are not competing for the same resources 	
	competition might stimulate more vigorous growth	
	• one species may be better adapted to the plot or conditions	
	 you would get continuous growth throughout the year 	

1 (L7)

- 8.
- (a) minerals **or** mineral salts

accept 'nitrate' **or** 'phosphate' **or** 'salt' **or** nutrient' do **not** accept 'food' do **not** accept elements such as 'nitrogen' and 'potassium'

- (b) any **one** from
 - it covers a wide area
 - accept 'they can reach a long way from the plant'
 - they can reach deeper
 - they have a large surface area

accept 'they would have more root hairs' do **not** accept 'they anchor the plant strongly' **or** 'they suck up water`

1

1

1

- (c) any **one** from
 - photosynthesis cannot take place accept 'no food is being made'
 - photosynthesis takes place in the leaves accept 'food is made in the leaves'
- (d) any two from
 - it is camouflaged
 accept 'it looks like a twig or a branch or a bit of tree'
 or 'it is difficult to see' or ' it blends in'
 - it is shaped like a twig
 - it is the same colour **or** pattern as a twig
 - the birds or predators do not see it or eat it accept 'it does not get eaten'

2