

# **KS3 Science**

## **Chemical Reactions**

### **Mark Scheme**

### Time available: 41 minutes Marks available: 50 marks

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#### Mark schemes



- (a) any **three** from
  - copper
  - oxygen
  - sulphur
  - hydrogen

accept chemical symbols
'Cu'
O,
S
H
do <b>not</b> accept 'O $_2$ ' or H $_2$ '

- (b) (i) they both contain oxygen accept 'they both have O in them' do not accept 'they have O <sub>2</sub> in them'
  - (ii) any one from
    hydrochloric acid does not contain oxygen accept 'it does not contain oxygen' 'he was wrong' is insufficient
    - hydrochloric acid is not formed from oxygen accept 'not all acids contain oxygen' accept 'no oxygen'

(c) (i) any **one** from

- they both produce hydrogen (when they react with metals)
- different metals produce the same gas accept 'there is hydrogen left at the end' 'they contain hydrogen' is insufficient 'hydrogen is in the equation' is insufficient

1 (L6)

1 (L6)

3 (L6)

1 (L6)

	(ii)	<ul> <li>iron chloride hydrogen         <ul> <li>accept 'FeCl <sub>2</sub>' or 'FeCl <sub>3</sub>' or 'Cl <sub>2</sub>Fe' accept 'H <sub>2</sub>'</li> <li>both answers are required for the mark answers may be in either order do not accept 'iron + chloride'</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	1 (L6)	
(a)	(i)	any <b>one</b> from		
		• iron		
		• copper		
		accept calcium	1 (L5)	
	(ii)	any <b>one</b> from	I (LS)	
(ii) any <b>one</b> from				
		• sulphur		
		chlorine		
		accept 'oxygen' <b>or</b> 'carbon'	1 (L5)	
	(iii)	any <b>two</b> from		
	( )	calcium carbonate		
		calcium oxide		
		carbon dioxide		
		iron sulphide		
		accept 'copper chloride'		
		answers may be in either order <b>both</b> answers are required for the mark		
		Note answers are required for the main	1 (7 ()	

2.

1 (L6)

[7]

- (b) any one from
  - the iron reacted **or** combined with sulphur

accept 'the iron gained sulphur' or 'sulphur was added to the iron' accept 'the iron has joined with the sulphur' do not accept 'iron has mixed with the sulphur' do not accept 'sulphur or iron added a new layer'

- the sulphur had mass ٠ accept 'the sulphur weighed 0.8 g'
- (C) copper chloride



(a)

1 (L6) (i) magnesium + hydrochloric acid  $\rightarrow$ 1 (L7) → magnesium chloride + hydrogen do not accept 'hydrogen chloride' do not accept formulae 1 (L7) (ii) magnesium is more reactive than hydrogen and copper is less reactive than hydrogen accept 'magnesium is more reactive than copper' accept 'copper is less reactive than magnesium' accept 'magnesium is higher than copper in the reactivity series' accept 'copper is lower in the reactivity series' 1 (L7)

#### (b) sulphuric

(c)

4.

formula	name
CuSO <sub>4</sub>	copper sulphate
MgCl <sub>2</sub>	magnesium chloride

2(L7)

1 (L7)

1 (L6)

[5]

[6]

it neutralises it (a)

> accept 'neutralisation' accept 'it produces heat'

> > 1 (L6)

	(b)	(i)	3		
	(0)	(1)		1 (L7)	
		(ii)	9	1 (L7)	
	(c)	nitric	$acid \rightarrow water$		
			answers must be in the correct order	2 (L7)	[5]
5.	(a)	(i)	$2NH_3 + H_2SO_4 \rightarrow (NH_4)_2SO_4$	1	
		(ii)	2NaOH + $H_2SO_4 \rightarrow Na_2SO_4 + 2H_2O$ one mark is for the formula $Na_2SO_4$ one mark is for the formula $H_2O$		
			one mark is for balancing the equation	3	
	(b)	3		1	[5]
6.	(a)	lead	sulphide	1	
		calci	um fluoride		
			answers must be in the correct order	1	
	(b)	(i)	$2PbS + 3O_2 \rightarrow 2PbO + 2SO_2$	1	
		(ii)	any <b>one</b> from		
			• $PbO + C \rightarrow Pb + CO$		
			• 2PbO + C $\rightarrow$ 2Pb + CO <sub>2</sub>	1	
		(iii)	it removes the oxygen from the lead oxide accept 'it removes the oxygen from the lead' or 'it removes the oxygen' accept 'it reduces the lead oxide' or 'it is oxidised' or 'it combines with the oxygen' accept 'the carbon displaces the lead in the lead oxide'	1	

	(c)	(i)	9 g	the unit is required for the mark		
		(ii)	28 g	the unit is required for the mark	1	[7]
7.	(a)	(i)	sodiu	um carbonate	1 (L4)	
		(ii)	nicke	el sulphate	1 (L4)	
		(iii)	calci	um sulphate	1 (L4)	
	(b)	both	nickel	compounds are green	1 (L5)	
		the	other c	carbonate compounds are not green answers may be in either order accept 'nickel sulphate is green' accept the converse accept 'calcium carbonate is white' <b>or</b> 'sodium carbonate is white'		
					1 (L5)	[5]
8.	(a)	(i)	Fe <sub>2</sub> C	) <sub>3</sub> accept 'iron oxide' <b>or</b> 'iron (III) oxide' or 'haematite' <b>or</b> ' iron ore' do <b>not</b> accept 'iron (II) oxide'	1	
		(ii)	СО	accept 'carbon monoxide' <b>or</b> '3CO'	1	

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	(b)	the answer must refer to carbon and oxygen and must not be a general statement on oxidation and reduction					
		carbon dioxide <b>or</b> CO <sub>2</sub> loses oxygen so is reduced accept 'CO <sub>2</sub> is reduced'	1				
		carbon <b>or</b> C gains oxygen so is oxidised accept 'C is oxidised'	1				
		accept 'oxygen is lost from carbon dioxide and gained by carbon 'for one mark only accept a description in terms of electron loss and gain if it is correctly related to					
		carbon and oxygen	1		F 4 1		
	(a)	fertilisers			[4]		
9.	()			1			
	(b)	air		1			
	(c)	speeds up the reaction					
		accept lowers the activation energy					
		ignore makes the reaction work		1			
	(d)	reversible reaction		1			
	(e)	(i) 10		1			
		(ii) water					
		accept $H_2O$ / hydrogen oxide					
				1	[6]		