

# **KS3 Science**

## **Electromagnetism**

## **Mark Scheme**

### Time available: 33 minutes Marks available: 40 marks

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#### Mark schemes

1.	(a)	•	iron	1 (L6)
		•	nothing happens accept 'nothing' <b>or</b> 'no force' <b>or</b> 'it does not attract or repel' <b>both</b> answers are required for the mark	
			copper	1 (L6)
		•	repel a magnet	
			accept 'move apart'	
			<b>both</b> answers are required for the mark do <b>not</b> accept 'magnetic'	1 (L6)
				- (*)
	(b)	ar	ny <b>two</b> from	
		•	more turns in the coil	
			accept 'more coils'	
		•	increase the current or voltage	
			accept 'increase power'	
			accept 'add more cells <b>or</b> batteries' 'use another battery' is insufficient	
			accept 'use thicker wire' 'use more wire' is insufficient	
		•	coils closer together	
			accept 'make the coils tighter'	
			'use less wire' is insufficient	
			make the wire tighter is insumicient	
			references to the Iron rod are insufficient	2 (1.6)
				2 (LU)

2.

(a)

• the core becomes magnetised

accept 'the disc becomes magnetised' accept 'there is a magnetic field' accept 'it becomes an (electro)magnet' accept 'the stronger the current the stronger the magnet' do **not** accept 'the iron core becomes magnetic' do **not** accept 'the magnet gets stronger'

#### any one from

- the core attracts the iron disc accept 'the disc is pulled down' 'the disc moves down' is insufficient as it does not imply that a force is exerted
- there is more force on the iron disc

accept 'the magnet exerts a force on the disc' 'there is a force on the disc' is insufficient as it does not refer to the origin of the force

#### (b) any one from

it would melt

accept 'it would fuse' 'the coil would break' is insufficient

#### • it would get too hot

accept 'it could catch fire' accept 'it would blow' 'it would get hot' is insufficient

1 (L7)

1 (L7)

1 (L7)

- (c) the greater the current, the greater the force or field accept the converse answers must refer to a pattern describing a continuous variable do not accept 'it becomes more magnetic'
  - the more turns, the greater the force or field

accept the converse accept 'the more turns, the more powerful **or** stronger the magnet' answers must include a comparison 'the more turns, the more powerful it is' is insufficient accept 'the electromagnet with 200 turns is stronger' accept 'doubling the turns more than doubles the force' award one mark if the answer refers to a number of coils rather than number of turns

2 (L7)

1 (L5)

 (a) both picked up the same number or four paper-clips accept 'they both picked up the same number' accept 'same amount of paper-clips' accept 'there were 5 out of 9 paper-clips left for both' accept 'the same mass of paper-clips' 'they hold the same clips' is insufficient

#### (b) any **one** from

3.

- it does not stay magnetised
- it can be turned off accept 'you cannot turn steel off'
- objects do not stay attached to it
- iron loses its magnetism
- steel stays magnetised

#### (c) (i) any **one** from

(a)

4.

• the greater the distance the lower the reading

	<ul> <li>the further away the smaller the reading accept the converse accept 'at big distance the field is weaker' or the converse</li> </ul>	
	accept at 50 mm the reading is lower'	
	accept the converse	
	do <b>not</b> accept the bigger the distance the smaller the amps	
	or current'	
		1 (L6)
(ii)	<ul> <li>the greater the current the stronger the electromagnet</li> </ul>	
		1 (L6)
(iii)	any <b>one</b> from	
( )		
	change the number of turns	
	change the thickness of the wire	
	<ul> <li>change the diameter of the core</li> </ul>	
	accept 'use more coils'	
	accept 'use fewer or less coils'	
	accept 'put the coils closer together' <b>or</b> the converse	
	accept 'change the metal of the coils'	
	accept 'use a different sized core'	
	accept 'use nickel <b>or</b> cobalt core'	
	accept 'use a different core'	
	'use bigger coils' is insufficient	
	'use more wire' is insufficient	
	do <b>not</b> accept 'add more batteries'	
		1 (L6)
(i)	<ul> <li>add more coils or turns</li> </ul>	
	accept 'put coils <b>or</b> turns closer together'	
	do <b>not</b> accept 'move it closer'	
		1 (L6)
	increase the current	
	accept 'increase the number of cells <b>or</b> batteries'	
	accept 'increase the voltage <b>or</b> power'	
	· · · ·	1 (L6)

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	(ii)	N     S       N     S       all four poles must be correct for the mark	1 (L7)
(b)	(i)	any <b>one</b> from	
		steel stays magnetised	
		<ul> <li>iron loses its magnetism</li> </ul>	
		the switch would stay closed	
		the switch would not spring open	1 (L7)
	(ii)	copper is a better conductor than iron	
		accept the converse	
		accept 'copper has a lower resistance'	
		accept 'iron <b>or</b> the reed switch has a greater resistance'	1 (L7)
(a)	(i)	75 accept '50 × 1.5'	1 (1 7)
			I (L7)
		Nm do <b>not</b> accopt lower case n	

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(ii) 750

5.

accept '  $\frac{50 \times 1.5}{0.1}$  ' or '50 × 15'

accept the numerical answer to part (i) ÷ 0.1

1 (L7)

1 (L7)

#### (b) any **one** from

(a)

(b)

6.

• a current flows in the coil

<ul> <li>the coil or the iron core becomes magnetised accept 'there is a magnetic field' or 'the electromagnet switches on do not accept 'the core becomes magnetic'</li> </ul>	1 (L7)
any <b>one</b> from	
• the counterweight is attracted to the coil <b>or</b> core <b>or</b> the electromagnet	
<ul> <li>the electromagnet produces a bigger moment accept 'the left-hand side of the barrier moves down' 'the right-hand side moves up' is insufficient</li> </ul>	1 (L7)
they will repel <b>or</b> it will push the magnet away <b>or</b> it will push the coil accept 'it will change the direction of the force' accept 'it will make the magnet twist around and attract' do <b>not</b> accept 'the magnet moves away'	1 (L7)
(i) any <b>one</b> from	
<ul> <li>because the magnet is heavier or the paper clip is lighter accept 'because the magnet is heavy'</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>so the moments are equal</li> </ul>	1 (L7)
<ul> <li>(ii) current in the coil produces a magnetic field</li> <li>accept 'the coil becomes an electromagnet'</li> <li>or 'the coil is magnetised'</li> </ul>	1 (L7)
<ul> <li>the magnet is attracted <b>or</b> repelled</li> </ul>	
accept 'the field <b>or</b> coil exerts a force on the magnet'	1 (L7)

- (iii) any **one** from
  - the straw is deflected more **or** moves more
  - the reading is higher **or** goes up

#### any one from

- it increases the magnetic field
- it makes the electromagnet stronger
- it attracts or repels the magnet more strongly

1 (L7)

1 (L7)

[6]

#### (a) any **one** from

7.

- the current flows in opposite directions so there is no magnetic field do **not** accept 'the currents in A and B cancel out so there is no field' **or** 'the coils are wound in opposite directions
- because the two magnetic fields or forces cancel out do not accept 'they cancel out'

		1	
(b)	there is no current in coil A		
	accept 'there is current in coil B only'		
	or 'the currents in the coils are different' or 'coil A will lose its magnetic field' do <b>not</b> accept 'there is current in coil B'		
		1	
	the magnetic fields no longer cancel		
	accept 'the iron core becomes magnetised'		
	or 'the magnetic fields are different'		
		1	

the armature will be attracted **or** pulled towards the core answers may be in any order

[4]

1



accept 'a current flows' or 'electricity flows' or 'circuit completed'

it becomes an electromagnet or iron core becomes magnetised

iron bolt is attracted to the electromagnet accept 'iron core' **or** 'magnet' for electromagnet

- (b) any two from
  - the current stops
     do not accept 'electricity switched off' or 'circuit breaks'
  - there is no more magnetism
  - bolt pushed back by spring

1

1

1