

KS3 Science

Energy Transfer

Mark Scheme

Time available: 30 minutes Marks available: 41 marks

www.accesstuition.com

Mark schemes

1.	(a)	(i)	(the type of) material	
			accept 'fabric'	1 (L5)
		(ii)	the temperature after 20 minutes	
			accept 'temperature'	
			'temperature at start' is insufficient	
			accept 'temperature change'	
			accept 'how hot the water is'	
			'heat' is insufficient	1 (L5)
				I (EC)
	(b)	(i)	B√	
			if more than one box is ticked, award no mark	1 (7.5)
				1 (L5)
		(ii)	beaker B was warmer (at the end than the others)	
			accept the converse	
			accept 'the temperature was higher'	
			accept 'it dropped the least' accept 'it lost the least heat'	
			'B was 40°C at the end' is insufficient	
			D was 40 O at the end is insufficient	1 (L5)
	(0)	0011	hua from	
	(c)	any	two from	
		• te	emperature in cold room	
			'temperature' is insufficient	
			'the person' or 'the time' is insufficient	
			accept 'his temperature before he went in'	
		• st	yle or size of coat	
			accept 'amount of material'	
		• th	ne clothes he wears for each test	
			accept '(same) underclothes'	
		• le	evel of activity	
			accept 'he had eaten the same food before each test'	
				2 (L5)
	(d)	• d	o not let the volunteer's body temperature go down too far	
			accept 'do not let him or the room get too cold'	
			accept 'have a doctor nearby'	
			accept 'monitor or check him'	
			accept 'measure his heart rate or breathing rate' accept 'wear gloves' or 'keep his head warm'	
			accept 'make sure the volunteer is healthy'	

or 'is not allergic to the material'

www.accesstuition.com

1 (L5)

		• r	nonitor the temperature from outside the room		
			accept 'remote sensing'		
			accept 'you have to open the coat to read the thermometer'		
		• j	gives you a continuous record (of the temperature)		
			accept 'you do not have to write down the results'		
		• j	is more accurate or precise		
			accept 'it eliminates human error' 'accurate' is insufficient		
			accept 'the experiment is more reliable' 'more reliable' is insufficient		
				1 (L5)	
					[8]
2.	(a)	wall	S	1 (L3)	
	(b)	(i)	roof		
	(D)	(1)	1001	1 (L3)	
		(ii)	any one from		
			• it now loses 700 (J)		
			accept 'it is only 700'		
			'it is 700' is insufficient		
			the energy is less (than before)		
			accept 'it was 3 400 (J)'		
			the energy or heat is different		
			accept 'it has gone down'		
			all the others do not change		
			accept 'insulation reduces heat loss'		
			'insulation keeps heat in' is insufficient	1 (L4)	
	(-)	/: \		1 (2.1)	
	(c)	(i)	coal 'solid' is insufficient		
			'25 000 J' is insufficient		
				1 (L4)	
		(ii)	it is a gas		
			accept 'physical state'	4 (7- 1)	
				1 (L4)	

any **one** from

(e)

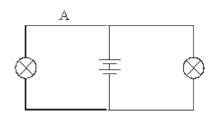
(iii) no sulphur dioxide (is given off)

accept 'it says no in the sulphur dioxide column' do **not** accept 'it has no sulphur dioxide in it' accept 'there is no sulphur in it'

1 (L4)

[6]

3. (a)

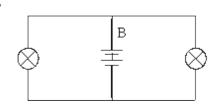


accept a switch drawn and labelled A marked on any part of the circuit highlighted do **not** accept a switch at either function the switch must be labelled for the mark

1 (L5)

(ii) •

(i)



accept a switch drawn and labelled B marked on any part of the circuit highlighted do **not** accept a switch at either junction the switch must be labelled for the mark

1 (L5)

(b) • they are absorbed

accept 'they are blocked **or** filtered out' 'they are filtered' is insufficient

1 (L6)

(c) • chemical

answers must be in the correct order

1 (L6)

electrical

1 (L5)

• light

1 (L5)

thermal

'heat' is insufficient as the question asks for a word from the box

1 (L5)

[7]

4. (a)

2	20
3	45 or 46
4	80

all three answers are required for the mark

1 (L5)

- (b) any **one** from
 - the height for 4 cm is 4 times the height for 2 cm
 accept 'for 2 cm it went 20 cm but for 4 cm it went 80 cm'
 a mark may be awarded for other correct figures
 accept 'if I double the distance it goes four times as high'
 'when she doubled the distance it did not double the height'
 is insufficient
 - the graph is a curve accept 'the graph is not a straight line'
 - the height for 2 cm is not twice the height for 1 cm
 accept 'if it goes from 2 to 3 cm, the height more than doubles'
 - the height should have been 40 cm when he pressed it down 4 cm accept appropriate arguments for other values

1 (L6)

(c) (i) • some some

both answers are required for the mark

1 (L6)

(ii)	•	most least	
		both answers are required for the mark	
		answers must be in the correct order	1 (L6)
(iii)	•	least least	
		both answers are required for the mark	1 (L6)
(i)	an	y one from	
	•	the effect of adding no extra insulation to the windows and roof	
		accept 'effect of not adding insulation'	
	•	it provides a baseline measure	
	•	the temperature without any effort to reduce the heat loss	
		accept 'as a comparison or control' accept 'how much energy is normally lost' accept 'how much heat single glazing keeps in'	
		accept 'what would happen if we did nothing'	1 (L7)
(ii)		uble glazing <i>and</i> roof without insulation and a roof with ulation <i>and</i> single glazing	
		answers may be in either order	
		both answers are required for the mark	1 (L7)
anv	one	from	I (L/)
urry	Onc	TOTAL CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	
• a	lon	ger time (roof insulation) to fall between two temperatures accept 'slower heat loss for insulation'	
		accept 'faster heat loss for double glazing'	
smaller temperature fall (roof insulation) in a given time accept 'more heat loss for double glazing'			
		accept 'roof insulation stays warmer than double glazing' accept 'if it is quicker for the house to reach a given temperature'	1 (L7)
			` /

(a)

(b)

5.

[5]

	(c)	both lines or curves starting from the same temperature, descending and approaching (not crossing) the room temperature line	1 (L7)	
		the solid line or curve descending more steeply than the other allow a difference of 5 small squares at the start accept correctly labelled curves which do not use solid and dotted lines as required by the question	1 (L7)	
			,	[5]
6.	(a)	(i) electrical to chemical √		
0.		if more than one box is ticked, award no mark	1 (L5)	
		(ii) chemical to electrical to sound √		
		if more than one box is ticked, award no mark	1 (L5)	
	(b)	Q	1 (L6)	
		R		
		P	1 (L6)	
			1 (L6)	[5]
	(a)	as kinatia anavany 🗸		[0]
7.	(a)	as kinetic energy √ if more than one box is ticked, award no mark		
		ii mere tilair ene zek le teketi, amara ne man	1 (L6)	
	(b)	(i) both the place and the method by which energy is lost are required for each mark		
		answers may be in either order		
		 from the axle or bearings by heat or sound 		
		accept 'from the bearing by friction'		
		or 'the bearings get hot or 'from the axle when it squeaks'		
		·	1 (L7)	
		 from the wires by heat 		
		accept 'the wires get hot'		
		accept 'from the dynamo as heat or sound' or 'from the dynamo when it gets hot or squeaks'		
		do not accept 'goes into the air as heat or sound'		
			1 (L7)	

(ii) it slows down more quickly accept 'it rotates for a shorter time' do **not** accept 'it slows down'

1 (L7)

because it transfers energy to the bulb more quickly

accept 'because it transfers more energy to the bulb'

do not accept 'because it transfers energy to the bulb'

1 (L7)

[5]