

# Food Chains and Webs 

Mark Scheme

Time available: 36 minutes Marks available: 50 marks

## Mark schemes

1. (a) - blackbirds eat more snails so they eat fewer caterpillars accept 'blackbirds eat snails instead of caterpillars' 'blackbirds eat more snails' is insufficient do not accept 'blackbirds stop eating caterpillars'
(b) - blackbirds eat the snails, owls eat the blackbirds accept 'the owls eat many blackbirds' accept 'blackbirds eat many snails' 'snails eat the poison' is insufficient

- the poison (passes up the food chain and) becomes more concentrated
accept 'bioaccumulation'
accept 'the poison accumulates'
accept 'animals do not excrete the poison'
accept 'the poison persists (in the body)'
'owls eat a large amount of poison that has been passed up the food chain' is insufficient 'owls are bigger' is insufficient
(c) any one from
- throw the quadrat (randomly) and count the number of dandelions
- take several readings and find an average
for two marks, an answer must contain one of the first two marking points and an indication that the number will be multiplied by the area
- multiply the number by the total (grassland) area
(d) - a pyramid of numbers drawn to scale with dandelions on the bottom where: rabbits cover 50 small squares foxes cover 10 small squares

accept an otherwise correct response that is not aligned to the centre
one mark for labelled boxes in the correct order as shown one mark for correctly sized bars (even if not labelled)

2. 

(a) $\cdot \mathrm{A}$
accept 'up'

1 (L3)
(b) any two from

- water
accept ' $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ '
'rain' is insufficient
accept 'moisture'
- minerals
accept a named mineral
award two marks for two different named minerals
accept 'nutrients' or 'salts' or named examples
do not accept 'food'
award one mark for 'mineral' and a named mineral or nutrient or salt
accept 'oxygen'
answers may be in either order
2 (L4)
(c) • predator $\vee$
if more than one box is ticked, award no mark
(d) (i) - leaf or leaves
accept 'stem'
accept 'chloroplast' or 'chlorophyll'
(ii) any one from
- growth or to grow accept 'to produce new cells'
- energy
accept 'respiration' accept 'to survive winter'

1 (L4)
3. (a) (i) any one from

- the snail has a shell
accept 'the shell'
- the slug does not have a shell accept 'patch on back' references to size are insufficient
(ii) any one from
- antennae accept 'tentacles or feelers or horns'
- stalked eyes
- shape of body accept 'mouth' accept 'no legs' accept 'no internal skeleton' accept 'they both produce mucus or are slimy or have a wet body' accept 'they have a muscular foot'
accept 'slither along’
references to size are insufficient
(b) • mucus reduces friction
if more than one box is ticked, award no mark
(c)

accept, for two marks, other arrangements of arrows that are correct, e.g.

accept, for one mark

accept, for one mark

'thrushes' and 'blackbirds' may be either order award one mark for the organisms in the correct place award one mark for the arrows showing the correct energy flow through the food web
all three arrows are required for the mark
(d) any one from
- they are camouflaged
accept 'they are harder to see'
'it is easier for them to hide' is insufficient
- they blend into their background
accept 'birds or predators cannot see them
'fewer will be eaten' is insufficient as it does not refer to protection 'they are disguised' is insufficient

4. (a) any two from

- crabeater seal
accept 'crabeater', 'seal' is insufficient
- cod
accept 'fish'
- squid
(b) (i) • producers $\checkmark$
if more than one box is ticked, award no mark
(ii) • herbivores $\vee$
if more than one box is ticked, award no mark
(c) (i) any one from
- it would decrease
- there would be fewer seals
accept 'some would die' 'they would all die' is insufficient
1 (L3)
(ii) any one from
- leopard seals eat other animals or food accept they eat other animals or other food or other things 'they have more food' is insufficient
- leopard seals eat cod or fish or squid or penguins
- crabeater seals or they only eat krill 'they eat krill' is insufficient

5. (a)

one mark should be awarded if the second layer is wider than the first the second mark should be awarded if the top three layers gradually reduce in width
(b) (i) any two from

- sparrowhawks eat great tits which contain insecticide
- great tits eat insects which contain insecticide
- a sparrowhawk eats lots of great tits or each great tit eats lots of caterpillars
- the insecticide is concentrated at each level in the food chain
- insecticide is not easily eliminated from an animal's body or sparrowhawk's body
- the insecticide is persistent
(ii) any one from
- disease
- climate change
- lack of food or water
- reduced habitat
- fewer great tits accept 'new predators' accept 'increase in predators'
(c) either
(i) 1961 because the number of great tits was highest accept '1960' or '1962' for 1961
both the date and the evidence are required for the mark
(ii) fewest great tits were eaten
or
(i) 1976 because the number of great tits was lowest accept '1975' or '1977' for 1976
both the date and the evidence are required for the mark
(ii) not enough food for the sparrowhawks

6. 

(a) (i) they will increase
accept 'more will die' or 'more will be eaten'
or 'they will die out'
(ii) they will decrease do not accept 'they will die' or 'they will be eaten'
(b) one mark is for the name of a predator and one mark is for the prey of that predator
(i) any one from

- perch
- midge larva
- diving beetle
(ii) any one from
prey of perch:
- midge larva or diving beetle
prey of midge larva:
- water flea
prey of diving beetle:
- water flea or pond snail
(iii) any one from
- algae $\rightarrow$ water flea $\rightarrow$ midge larva $\rightarrow$ perch
- algae $\rightarrow$ water flea $\rightarrow$ diving beetle $\rightarrow$ perch
- algae $\rightarrow$ pond snail $\rightarrow$ diving beetle $\rightarrow$ perch
- waterweed $\rightarrow$ pond snail $\rightarrow$ diving beetle $\rightarrow$ perch

7. (a) any one from

- wood mouse
- aphid
- caterpillar
- great tit
(b) (i) less competition for caterpillars or aphids or food accept 'more food' or 'more caterpillars' or 'more aphids'
(ii) weasels or stoats or sparrowhawks or predators eat more of them
(iii) any one from
- sparrowhawks only eat blue tits and great tits accept 'sparrowhawks have more limited diet'
- stoats also eat wood mice
accept 'stoats eat a greater variety of food'
(c) any two from
- lost as thermal energy or by respiration
accept 'lost as heat' or 'used up by running around or hunting or working'
- some material not digested or lost in waste
- some material excreted
accept 'some lost in urine'
accept 'some material not eaten'
(d) C
accept a tick or other mark on pyramid $C$

8. (a) (i) D if more than one letter is given award no mark
(ii) A if more than one letter is given award no mark
(iii) B if more than one letter is given award no mark

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(b) (i) respiration $\sqrt{ }$ if more than one box is ticked award no mark
(ii) feeding $\sqrt{ }$ if more than one box is ticked award no mark

