Tier 3–6	Q No 1	2/4aabout environmental and inherited caus2/4cthat selective breeding can lead to new	a about environmental and inherited causes of variation within a species that selective breeding can lead to new varieties		Tier 3–6	Q No 1
Part	Mark	Answer	Accept	Additional guidance		
(a)	1	* <i>feature:</i> strong muscles * <i>reason:</i> to pull a sledge <b>or</b> to carry a load	accept 'muscles'	features may be in either order each reason must correspond to	features may be in either order each reason must correspond to the correct featu	
	1	* <i>feature:</i> thick fur * <i>reason:</i> to keep them warm <b>or</b> to trap air	accept 'fur' accept 'to insulate them'	<i>do <b>not</b> accept</i> 'to keep the cold o	out'	
(b) (i)	1	* variation 🗸		if more than one box is ticked, aw	vard no ma	rk
(ii)	1	* information passed from the mother in an egg $\checkmark$	nformation passed from the mother in an egg 🗸		vard no ma	ſk
Total	6					

Tier 3–6	Q No 2	1/2ause scientific knowledge and understanding to turn ideas into a form that can be investigated, and to decide on an appropriate approachTier 3-61/2iuse a wide range of methods, including diagrams, tables, charts, graphs and ICT, to represent and communicate qualitative and quantitative dataTier 3-61/2kuse observations, measurements and other data to draw conclusions consider whether the evidence is sufficient to support any conclusions or interpretations madeTier ter			Tier 3–6	Q No 2
Part	Mark	Answer	Accept	Additional guidance		
(a)	1	* 0	accept the correct answer written outside the table			
(b)	1	any <b>one</b> from * how many seeds germinated at different temperatures? * how many seeds grew or started to grow at different temperatures? * how long does it take seeds to grow <b>or</b> germinate at different temperatures?	accept 'which seeds grow at different temperatures?' accept 'how does temperature affect germination?' accept 'which is the best temperature for seeds to grow?'	the answer must include both a dependent and an independent variable award one mark for identifying temperature as the independent variable and either the numbe of seeds germinating or the time taken to germinate as the dependent variable		n <b>t</b> as ber
			accept statements which are not framed as questions such as 'the number of seeds germinating at different temperatures'	do <b>not</b> accept a conclusion such grew at higher temperatures' do <b>not</b> accept 'how long does it to seeds to germinate?' as there is not temperature	as 'more s ake for lett no reference	eeds uce e to
(c)	2	* true ✓ cannot tell ✓ false ✓ false ✓		if <b>all four</b> answers are correct, av if three <b>or</b> two answers are correct mark if more than one box is ticked in a no mark for that row	vard two ma ot, award or any row, aw	arks ne vard
Total	4					

Tier 3–6	Q No 3	2/1athat a2/1cways2/1dthat fe2/2gabout	2/1athat animal and plant cells can form tissues, and tissues can form organs2/1cways in which some cells, including ciliated epithelial cells, sperm, ova, and root hair cells, are adapted to their functions2/1dthat fertilisation in humans and flowering plants is the fusion of a male and female cell2/2gabout the human reproductive system, including the menstrual cycle and fertilisation		Q No 3
Part	Mark	Answer	Accept Additional guidance		
(a)	1	* cells ✓	if more than one box is ticked,	if more than one box is ticked, award no mark	
(b)	1	* tail			
(c)	1	* testis <b>or</b> testicle	accept plurals		
(d)	1	* fertilisation 🗸	if more than one box is ticked,	award no ma	rk
Total	4				

Tier 3–6	Q No 4	3/1h how to separate mixtures into their constituent	3/1h how to separate mixtures into their constituents using distillation, chromatography and other appropriate methods		
Part	Mark	Answer	Accept Additional guidance		
(a)	1	* A chromatography	if more than one line is drawn fr award no mark for that diagram	om a diagrar	n,
	1	* B i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i			
	1	* C i i i i i i i i i i i i i			
(b) (i)	1	* C	accept 'filtration'		
(ii)	1	* A	accept 'distillation'		
Total	5				

Tier 3–6	Q No 5	<ul> <li>how elements vary widely in their physical properties, including appearance, state at room temperature, magnetic properties and thermal and electrical conductivity, and how these properties can be used to classify elements as metals or non-metals</li> <li>how to separate mixtures into their constituents using distillation, chromatography and other appropriate methods</li> <li>how metals react with oxygen, water, acids and oxides of other metals, and what the products of these reactions are</li> </ul>			Tier 3–6	Q No 5
Part	Mark	Answer	Accept	Additional guidance		
(a)	1	* an element 🗸		if more than one box is ticked, aw	ard no mar	ʻk
(b) (i)	1	* it stays shiny				
(ii)	1 1	<ul> <li>* it conducts electricity</li> <li>* it conducts heat</li> </ul>	accept 'it conducts' for one mark if neither of the fully correct answers is given accept 'it stays shiny'	answers may be in either order		
(c)	1	* water				
(d)	1	any <b>one</b> from * a magnet * an electromagnet				
Total	6					

Tier 3–6	Q No 6	<ul> <li>1/2j use diagrams, tables, charts and graphs</li> <li>3/1b how the particle theory of matter can be state, gas pressure and diffusion</li> <li>3/1e how elements combine through chemic oxide, sodium chloride, most minerals, v</li> <li>3/2i about possible effects of burning fossil solid particles, and how these effects ca</li> <li>4/5a about the variety of energy resources, in between renewable and non-renewable</li> </ul>	use diagrams, tables, charts and graphs, including lines of best fit, to identify and describe patterns or relationships in data how the particle theory of matter can be used to explain the properties of solids, liquids and gases, including changes of state, gas pressure and diffusion how elements combine through chemical reactions to form compounds, <i>for example, water, carbon dioxide, magnesium</i> <i>oxide, sodium chloride, most minerals</i> , with a definite composition about possible effects of burning fossil fuels on the environment, <i>for example, production of acid rain, carbon dioxide and</i> <i>solid particles</i> , and how these effects can be minimised about the variety of energy resources, including oil, gas, coal, biomass, food, wind, waves and batteries, and the distinction between renewable and non-renewable resources				
Part	Mark	Answer	Accept	Additional guidance			
(a)	1	* ethanol <b>or</b> alcohol		if more than one box is ticked, aw	vard no mai	'n	
(b)	1	<ul> <li>any one from</li> <li>* burning hydrogen does not produce carbon monoxide</li> <li>* burning hydrogen does not produce sulphur dioxide</li> <li>* burning hydrogen only produces water</li> <li>* burning petrol causes acid rain</li> </ul>	accept 'petrol <b>or</b> ethanol <b>or</b> alcohol produces carbon monoxide' accept 'petrol produces sulphur dioxide' accept 'hydrogen <b>or</b> ethanol <b>or</b> alcohol does not cause acid rain'				
(c)	1	* hydrogen	accept 'H <sub>2</sub> ' accept 'gas'				
(d)	1	* oxygen 🖌		if more than one box is ticked, aw	vard no mai	'n	
(e)	1	any <b>one</b> from * it can be grown * it can be replanted * it is renewable * it can be reproduced	accept 'it does not take long to grow' accept 'it can be replaced' accept 'it produces seeds'				
Total	5						

Tier 3–6	Q No 7	/2kuse observations, measurements and other data to draw conclusionsl/4bthe relative positions of the Earth, Sun and planets in the solar systeml/5gthat although energy is always conserved, it may be dissipated, reducing its availability as a resource		Tier 3–6	Q No 7	
Part	Mark	Answer	Accept	Additional guidance		
(a)	1	* The Moon is nearer to the Earth than the Sun is. $\checkmark$		if more than one box is ticked, aw	vard no mai	k
(b) (i)	1	* 11.16	accept any number from 11.15 to 11.17			
(ii)	1	* it decreased <b>or</b> went down		<b>both</b> the answer and the reason a the mark	are required	for
		because the Moon blocked the Sun's heat <b>or</b> rays <b>or</b> radiation	accept 'there was no sunlight to give heat'	do not accept 'it blocked the Sur	ı's light'	
			accept 'there was no Sun to make it warm' accept 'there was no heat from the Sun' accept 'there was no Sun'			
Total	3					

Tier 3–6	Q No 8	1/2ccarry out preliminary work and to make1/2dconsider key factors that need to be tal contexts, for example, fieldwork, survey1/2edecide the extent and range of data to appropriate sample size for biological w1/2kuse observations, measurements and c	carry out preliminary work and to make predictions, where appropriate consider key factors that need to be taken into account when collecting evidence, and how evidence may be collected in contexts, <i>for example, fieldwork, surveys</i> , in which the variables cannot readily be controlled decide the extent and range of data to be collected and the techniques, equipment and materials to use, <i>for example, appropriate sample size for biological work</i> use observations, measurements and other data to draw conclusions			
Part	Mark	Answer	Accept	Additional guidance		
(a)	1	* ruler 🖌		if more than one box is ticked, aw	vard no ma	rk
(b)	1	any <b>one</b> from * tubes had different widths * the tubes had different bores * he blew in different ways * different thickness of paper * different paper	accept 'tubes had different shapes' accept 'tubes were different sizes'	<i>do <b>not</b> accept</i> 'different lengths'		
			accept 'tubes are one big, one medium, one little'			
(c)	1	* the longer tube will make a lower sound $\checkmark$		if more than one box is ticked, aw	vard no ma	rk
(d)	1	* 5				
Total	4					

Tier 3–6	Q No 9	<ul> <li>1/2i use a wide range of methods, including and quantitative data</li> <li>1/2j use diagrams, tables, charts and graph</li> <li>1/2k use observations, measurements and c</li> <li>4/3i that light can travel through a vacuum b</li> </ul>	Iuding diagrams, tables, charts, graphs and ICT, to represent and communicate qualitativeTier 3-6graphs, including lines of best fit, to identify and describe patterns or relationships in data and other data to draw conclusions uum but sound cannot, and that light travels much faster than soundTier 3-6			Q No 9
Part	Mark	Answer	Accept	Additional guidance		
(a)	1	any <b>one</b> from * light travels faster than sound * sound travels more slowly than light	accept 'light travels faster' accept 'sound travels slower' accept 'light is faster than sound'	<i>do <b>not</b> accept</i> 'light travels fast' o slow' <i>do <b>not</b> accept</i> 'light travels before	or 'sound tra	avels
(b) (i)	1	* a bar halfway between 8 and 10 seconds		the top of the bar must be in the between 8 and 10	niddle thirc	1
(ii)	1	* C	accept '3.0'			
(iii)	1	any <b>one</b> from * the storm became closer then moved further away * towards then away from Omar * the distance decreased then increased	accept 'the storm passed over' <b>or</b> 'it passed by' accept 'at flash A Omar was closer and at flash F Omar was further' accept 'it increased' accept 'it went further away'			
Total	4					

Tier 3–6	Q No 10	<ul> <li>4/5a about the variety of energy resources, between renewable and non-renewable</li> <li>4/5c that electricity is generated by means of</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>about the variety of energy resources, including oil, gas, coal, biomass, food, wind, waves and batteries, and the distinction between renewable and non-renewable resources</li> <li>that electricity is generated by means of a variety of energy resources</li> </ul>			Q No 10
Part	Mark	Answer	Accept	Additional guidance		
(a)	1	* solar cells chemicals sunlight		if more than one line is drawn fror method, award no mark for that n	n either nethod	
		petrol generator heat				
(b) (i)	1	* no light	accept 'no rays from the Sun' accept 'no sunshine' accept 'not enough light' accept 'it is dark' accept 'they cannot collect the Sun's energy at night' accept 'because they need light to work' accept 'no Sun'	do <b>not</b> accept 'no heat from the S	Sun'	
(ii)	1	* it might not be windy * the wind might not be strong enough	accept 'no wind' accept 'needs air movement' <b>or</b> 'wind' accept 'sometimes the wind is weak' accept 'sometimes the wind is stronger'			
Total	4					

Tier 3–6 5–7	Q No 11 1	<ul> <li>1/2j use diagrams, tables, charts and graphs, including lines of best fit, to identify and describe patterns or relationships in data</li> <li>2/2e the role of the skeleton and joints and the principle of antagonistic muscle pairs, for example, biceps and triceps, in movement</li> <li>2/4b to classify living things into the major taxonomic groups</li> <li>2/5c how some organisms are adapted to survive daily and seasonal changes in their habitats</li> </ul>			
Part	Mark	Answer Accept	Additional guidance		
(a)	1	* vertebrates accept 'animals w	th backbones' do <b>not</b> accept 'warm blooded'		
(b)	3	* (i) * (ii) * (iii) humerus radius ulna value	award one mark for each correct I	abel	
(c)	1	any <b>one</b> from * paddle shaped accept 'large surfa accept 'it is thick' * fin-like accept 'it is a big f * wide bones accept 'big bones * streamlined	ce' do <b>not</b> accept 'it is big' <b>or</b> 'it is str do <b>not</b> accept 'it can paddle in wa in' 'it is flexible' is insufficient	ong' ater'	
(d)	1	* they are light accept 'they make	the bird lighter'		
Total	6				

Tier 3–6 5–7	Q No 12 2	1/2kuse observations, measurements and c2/2ithe role of lung structure in gas exchan3/2iabout possible effects of burning fossilsolid particles, and how these effects c	use observations, measurements and other data to draw conclusions the role of lung structure in gas exchange, including the effect of smoking about possible effects of burning fossil fuels on the environment, <i>for example, production of acid rain, carbon dioxide and</i> <i>solid particles</i> , and how these effects can be minimised		Tier 3–6 5–7	Q No 12 2
Part	Mark	Answer	Accept	Additional guidance		
(a) (i)	1	* Amy <i>and</i> Kisham		answers may be in either order <b>both</b> answers are required for the	mark	
(ii)	1	any <b>one</b> from * traffic pollution <b>or</b> air pollution * passive smoking * faulty gas fires <b>or</b> faulty gas heaters		'pollution' is insufficient		
(b)	2	any <b>two</b> from * smokers have a higher concentration of carbon monoxide in the blood * the blood of smokers contains <b>or</b> transports less oxygen * smokers breathe more quickly to try to get enough oxygen <b>or</b> air	accept 'they have a lot of carbon monoxide in their blood' accept 'not enough oxygen gets to the muscles <b>or</b> to other parts of the body <b>or</b> to the other cells'	<i>do <b>not</b> accept</i> 'stops the blood ta <i>do <b>not</b> accept</i> 'less oxygen gets i	king up ox nto the lun	ygen' gs'
			accept 'smoke contains carbon monoxide' or accept 'smokers breathe in more carbon monoxide'			
Total	4					

Tier 3–6 5–7	Q No 13 3	<ul> <li>2/1b the functions of chloroplasts and cell walls in plant cells and the functions of the cell membrane, cytoplasm and nucleus in both plant and animal cells</li> <li>2/1e to relate cells and cell functions to life processes in a variety of organisms</li> </ul>		
Part	Mark	Answer Accept Additional guidance		
(a) (i)	1	* cell membrane accept 'membrane' answers must be in the correct order * cytoplasm	er	
(ii)	2	any <b>two</b> from * cell wall * chloroplast accept 'chlorophyll' * large vacuole accept 'vacuole'		
(b)	1	* white blood cell absorbs light to prevent disease if more than one line is drawn from a function, award no mark for those line	any cell <b>o</b> inkages	r
	1	* leaf cell transports transports to digest food		
		cell in the traps intestine b micro-organisms for respiration		
	1	* red blood cell for photosynthesis		
Total	7			

Tier 3–6 5–7	Q No 14 4	<ul> <li>3/1e how elements combine through chemical reactions to form compounds, <i>for example, water, carbon dioxide, magnesium oxide, sodium chloride, most minerals</i>, with a definite composition</li> <li>3/2a that when physical changes, for example, changes of state, formation of solutions, take place, mass is conserved</li> <li>3/2g how mass is conserved when chemical reactions take place because the same atoms are present, although combined in different ways</li> <li>3/3a how metals react with oxygen, water, acids and oxides of other metals, and what the products of these reactions are</li> </ul>		carbon dioxide, magnesiumTier 3-6Q No 14e, mass is conserved esent, although combined in5-74
Part	Mark	Answer	Accept	Additional guidance
(a) (i)	2	magnesium + * oxygen $\rightarrow$ * magnesium oxide		do <b>not</b> accept formulae
(ii)	1	any <b>one</b> from * the oxygen had mass * oxygen was added to the magnesium * the magnesium has reacted with oxygen	accept 'magnesium has gained an element' accept 'magnesium is now part of a compound'	<i>do <b>not</b> accept</i> 'air' for oxygen
(b)	1	* oxygen	accept 'O <sub>2</sub> '	
(c)	1	* zinc oxide	accept 'ZnO'	
(d)	1	* chemical physical change A ✓ B ✓ C ✓		all three ticks are required for the mark
Total	6			

Tier 3–6 5–7	Q No 15 5	3/1a       how materials can be characterised by melting point, boiling point and density       Tier         3/1b       how the particle theory of matter can be used to explain the properties of solids, liquids and gases, including changes of state, gas pressure and diffusion       3/1c         3/1c       that the elements are shown in the periodic table and consist of atoms, which can be represented by symbols       5–7         3/2c       to relate changes of state to energy transfers       3/2i         3/2i       about possible effects of burning fossil fuels on the environment, for example, production of acid rain, carbon dioxide and solid particles, and how these effects can be minimised		Q No 15 5	
Part	Mark	Answer	Accept	Additional guidance	
(a) (i)	1	* gas P Q liquid R S solid		all three lines must be correct for the mark	
(ii)	1 1	* evaporation: P * melting: R			
(b) (i)	1	* liquid			
(ii)	1 1	* carbon * hydrogen		answers must be in the correct order	
(iii)	1	* carbon dioxide	accept 'CO <sub>2</sub> ' accept 'carbon monoxide accept 'carbon' <b>or</b> 'soot'	or 'CO'	
Total	7				

Tier 3–6 5–7	Q No 16 6	<ul> <li>3/1b how the particle theory of matter can be state, gas pressure and diffusion</li> <li>4/1a how to design and construct series and</li> <li>4/1b that the current in a series circuit dependent of the current is not 'used up' by components</li> <li>4/5e ways in which energy can be usefully the current is not 'usefully the cu</li></ul>	how the particle theory of matter can be used to explain the properties of solids, liquids and gases, including changes of state, gas pressure and diffusionTier 3-6how to design and construct series and parallel circuits, and how to measure current and voltage5-7that the current in a series circuit depends on the number of cells and the number and nature of other components and that current is not 'used up' by components ways in which energy can be usefully transferred and storedTier		Tier 3–6 5–7	Q No 16 6
Part	Mark	Answer	Accept	Additional guidance		
(a) (i)	1	* circuit A: series circuit B: parallel		both answers are required for the	mark	
(b) (i)	1	* the circuit <b>or</b> heating element will stop working	accept 'it will not work' <b>or</b> 'it will be off' accept 'the whole circuit has no current through it' accept 'it becomes cooler'	<i>do <b>not</b> accept</i> 'it breaks the heate element <b>or</b> it'	er <b>or</b>	
(ii)	1	any <b>one</b> from * the circuit <b>or</b> element will continue to work * one wire will not heat the window	accept 'the bottom one has no current through it' accept 'it will work less well' accept 'the bottom wire becomes cooler'	'nothing' <b>or</b> 'it will not be affected do <b>not</b> accept 'it becomes cooler do <b>not</b> accept 'it does not work p	' are insuff roperly'	icient
(c) (i)	1	* thermal	accept 'heat'			
(ii)	1	* from solid to liquid to gas	accept 'from solid to liquid to vapour <b>or</b> steam' accept 'from ice to water to vapour <b>or</b> gas'	all three states are required for th	e mark	
Total	5					

Tier 3–6 5–7	Q No 17 7	4/4cabout the movements of planets around the Sun and to relate these to gravitational forcesTier4/4dthat the Sun and other stars are light sources and that the planets and other bodies are seen by reflected light3–65–7		Tier 3–6 5–7	Q No 17 7	
Part	Mark	Answer	Accept	Additional guidance		
(a)	1	* gravitational pull of the Sun or the Sun's gravity	accept 'gravity' accept 'weight'			
(b)	2	any <b>two</b> from * its average speed is lower * for most of its orbit the Sun's gravity is less * its orbit is longer * for most of its orbit it is further from the Sun	accept 'its speed is slower' <b>or</b> 'it travels more slowly' accept 'the pull of the Sun is weaker' <b>or</b> 'gravity is less' accept 'it travels further' <b>or</b> 'the orbit is bigger' accept 'it is further from the Sun' <b>or</b> 'further away'			
(c) (i)	1 1	<ul> <li>* light from the Sun</li> <li>* reflects off Pluto and Neptune or the planets</li> <li>or them</li> </ul>	accept for two marks 'sunlight reflects off them'	award the second mark only for ' off the planets'	the Sun refl	ects
(ii)	1	any <b>one</b> from * it is smaller * it reflects less light * it absorbs more light	accept 'it is small' accept 'it is darker and smaller'	<i>do <b>not</b> accept</i> 'it is further away ( <b>or</b> 'it is further from the Sun' <i>do <b>not</b> accept</i> 'it is darker'	from the Ea	rth)'
Total	6					

Tier 3–6 5–7	Q No 18 8	1/2kuse observations, measurements and other data to draw conclusions1/2ldecide to what extent these conclusions support a prediction or enable further predictions to be made1/2oconsider whether the evidence is sufficient to support any conclusions or interpretations made		
Part	Mark	Answer	Accept	Additional guidance
(a)	1	* A and B		answers may be in either order <b>both</b> answers are required for the mark
(b) (i)	1	any <b>one</b> from * the longer the string, the longer it takes * the longer the string the more time it takes	accept the converse	
				references to both length and time are required for the mark
(ii)	1	* A and C and D	accept 'B and C and D' if part (a) is correct	answers may be in any order <b>all three</b> answers are required for the mark
(c)	1	* E: 10.0 F: from 18 to 25	accept '10'	<b>both</b> answers are required for the mark
Total	4			